INDEX OF SHEETS

	INDEX OF SHE	'F12
NO.	DESCRIPTION	SHEET NAME
1	TITLE SHEET	GN-01
2	KEY MAP SHEET	KS-01
3	EXISTING CONDITIONS	EX-01
4	EXISTING CONDITIONS	EX-02
5	EXISTING CONDITIONS	EX-03
6	EXISTING CONDITIONS	EX-03
7	TREE INVENTORY	TI-01
8	GEOMETRY SHEET	GS-01
9	STREAM RESTORATION PLAN	SR-01
10	STREAM RESTORATION PLAN	SR-02
1 1	STREAM RESTORATION PLAN	SR-03
12	STREAM RESTORATION PLAN	SR-04
13	STREAM RESTORATION DETAILS	DE-01
14	STREAM RESTORATION DETAILS	DE-02
15	STREAM RESTORATION DETAILS	DE-02
16	STREAM RESTORATION DETAILS	DE -04
17	STREAM PROFILE	PR-01
18	STREAM PROFILE	PR-02
19	TYPICAL SECTIONS	TS-01
20	STREAM CROSS SECTIONS	XS-01
21	STREAM CROSS SECTIONS	XS-02
22	STREAM CROSS SECTIONS	XS-03
23	DRAINAGE AREA MAP	DA-01
24	SEQUENCE OF CONSTRUCTION	SC-01
25	EROSION AND SEDIMENT CONTROL NOTES	EN-01
26	EROSION AND SEDIMENT CONTROL NOTES	EN-02
27	EROSION AND SEDIMENT CONTROL PLANS	ES-01
28	EROSION AND SEDIMENT CONTROL PLANS	ES-02
29	EROSION AND SEDIMENT CONTROL PLANS	ES-03
30	EROSION AND SEDIMENT CONTROL PLANS	ES-04
31	EROSION AND SEDIMENT CONTROL DETAILS	ED-01

WOODLAND RUN STREAM RESTORATION

75% DESIGN DEVELOPMENT

AUGUST 2021

BID NO. XXXXX WATERSHED PROTECTION AND RESTORATION OFFICE HARFORD COUNTY, MARYLAND

PROJECT SUMMARY

TOTAL LENGTH OF STREAM RESTORED: 1,950 LINEAR FEET STREAM USE CLASS: III

STREAM CLOSURE PERIOD: October 1" - April 20" LOAD REDUCTIONS AND IA CREDIT SUMMARY:

IA CREDIT	TSS REDUCTION	TN REDUCTION	TP REDUCTION
43.8 AC	271 TONS/YR	522 LBS/YR	78 LBS/YR

NOTE: CREDIT CALCULATED VIA PROTOCOL 1 BANCS METHODOLOGY, PROTOCOL 5 OUTFALL STABALIZATION AND THE 2020 MDE WASTELOAD ALLOCATIONS DOCUMENT.

DEVELOPER'S/LANDOWNER'S CERTIFICATION

I/WE CERTIFY THAT ALL PROPOSED WORK SHOWN ON THESE CONSTRUCTION DRAWING(S) WILL BE ACCOMPLISHED PURSUANT TO THESE PLANS. I/WE ALSO UNDERSTAND THAT IT IS MY/DUR RESPONSIBILITY TO HAVE THE CONSTRUCTION SUPERVISED AND CERTIFIED. INCLOING THE SUBMITTAL OF "AS-BUILT" PLANS WITHIN 30 DAYS OF COMPLETION. BY A REGISTERED PROFESSIONAL ENGINEER.

SIGNED

PRINTED NAME

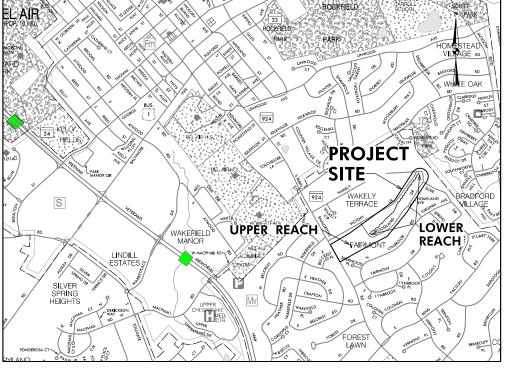
ENGINEER'S CERTIFICATION

I HEREBY CERTIFY THAT THIS PLAN HAS BEEN PREPARED BY ME. OR UNDER MY SUPERVISION. AND MEETS THE MINIMUM STANDARDS OF THE HAFFORD COUNTY DEPARTMENT OF PUBLIC WORKS AND/OR THE UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE. SOIL CONSERVATION SERVICE, AND/OR THE MARYLAND DEPARTMENT OF THE ENVIRONMENT, WATER MANAGEMENT ADMINISTRATION.

ENGINEER'S SIGNATURE DATE PRINTED NAME MD PE REGISTRATION NO.

HARFORD COUNTY 212 SOUTH BOND STREET 1ST FLOOR BEL AIR, MD 21014





LOCATION MAP

SCALE 1" = 1,000'

S/C PLAN # XXXXX EG-SWMENG- XXXXXX-XXXX #XXXX PROFESSIONAL CERTIFICATION I HEREBY CERTIFY THAT THESE DOCUMENTS WERE PREPARED OR APPROVED BY ME. AND THAT I AM A DULY LICENSED PROFESSIONAL ENGINEER UNDER THE LAWS OF THE STATE OF MARYLAND.LICENSE NO. XXXXX. EXPIRATION DATE: XX/XX/XXXX.

GP # XXXXX-XXXX SIGN AND SEAL

Revisions

SPECIFICATIONS: ALL WORK IS TO BE PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE

MARYLAND STATE HIGHWAY ADMINISTRATIONS STANDARD
SPECIFICATIONS FOR CONSTRUCTION AND MATERIALS DATED
JULY 2020 AND THE MOST RECENT REVISIONS THEREOF AND ADDITIONS THERETO.

GENERAL NOTES

UTILITIES: UTILITY LOCATIONS SHOWN ON THE PLANS ARE BASED ON LIMITED INFORMATION AVAILABLE. HOWEVER, IT IS THE RESPONSIBILITY OF THE CONTRACTOR TO VERIFY THE ACCURACY OF THIS INFORMATION. THE COST OF REPAIR OR REPLACEMENT OF ANY SUCH FACILITIES DAMAGED BY THE CONTRACTOR'S OPERATIONS SHALL BE BORNE BY HIM.

CONTACT "MISS UTILITY" PHONE 1-800-257-7777. 48 HOURS PRIOR TO THE START OF WORK. THERE SHOULD BE NO EXCAVATION UNTIL THE LOCATIONS OF UNDERGROUND UTILITIES HAVE BEEN DETERMINED.

- STANDARD DETAILS: REFERENCE MADE TO STANDARDS ARE TAKEN FROM THE HARFORD COUNTY ROAD CODE "BOOK OF STANDARD DETAILS" AND FROM "THE MARYLAND STATE HIGHWAY AND INCIDENTAL STRUCTURES". IT WILL BE THE CONTRACTOR'S RESPONSIBILITY THAT THE STANDARD DRAWINGS IN HIS POSSESSION ARE THE LATEST REVISED STANDARDS UP TO AND INCLUDING THE DATE OF THE ADVERTISEMENT OF THIS CONTRACT ADVERTISEMENT OF THIS CONTRACT.
- RIGHT-OF-WAY LINES: RIGHT-OF-WAY LINES SHOWN ON THESE PLANS DO NOT INCLUDE EASEMENTS. THEY ARE FOR ASSISTANCE IN INTERPRETING THE PLANS ONLY. THESE LINES DO NOT REPRESENT THE OFFICIAL PROPERTY ACQUISITION LINES, FOR OFFICIAL FEE RIGHT-OF-WAY AND EASEMENT INFORMATION. SEE THE APPROPRIATE RIGHT-OF-WAY PLATS.
- SOIL CONSERVATION: THE CONTRACTOR SHALL NOT DISTURB THE EXISTING VEGETATION OUTSIDE THE LIMITS OF DISTURBANCE. STOCKPILING AND STAGING WILL NOT BE ALLOWED ON SITE. THE CONTRACTOR MUST SECURE AN OFF-SITE AREA AND ANY NECESSARY PERMITS. SOIL STABILIZATION WILL CONFORM TO 2011 MARYLAND STANDARDS AND SPECIFICATIONS FOR SOIL EROSION AND SEDIMENT CONTROL. THE CONTRACTOR WILL OBTAIN APPROVAL OF THE HARFORD COUNTY SOIL CONSERVATION DISTRICT FOR HIS PLANS IN CONTROLLING SEDIMENT EROSION FOR THE BORROW AREA AND DISPOSING OF ANY WASTE EXCAVATION.
- EXISTING MAILBOXES AND EXISTING SIGNS: ALL EXISTING MAILBOXES, SIGNS AND PAPER BOXES DISTURBED DURING CONSTRUCTION SHALL BE TEMPORARILY RESET IMMEDIATELY AND PERMANENTLY RESET AS DIRECTED BY THE ENGINEER. THIS WORK WILL BE INCIDENTAL TO ALL OTHER ITEMS IN
- 7. SURVEYS:

HORIZONTAL CONTROL - COORDINATES SHOWN ON THE PLANS ARE BASED ON NAD83(2011) PER LEICA SMARTNET US SURVEY FEET. VERTICAL CONTROL - ELEVATIONS SHOWN ON THE PLANS ARE BASED ON NAVD88 (GEOID12A) AS PER LEICA SMARTNET.

ONLY THOSE CONTROL POINTS SHOWN ON THESE PLANS ARE TO BE USED FOR THE CONSTRUCTION OF THIS PROJECT.

FIELD VERIFICATION

DOLLITED NAME

I HEREBY CERTIFY THAT I COMPLETED A FIELD VERIFICATIN TO THE INFORMATION SHOWN ON THE PLANS ON JUNE 15, 2021 AND THAT THE INFORMATION SHOWN ON THE PLANS IS IN AGREEMENT WITH THE ACTUAL FIELD CONDITIONS.

FRINTED NAME	
SIGNED	DATE

AS-BUILT CERTIFICATION I HEREBY CERTIFY THAT THE FACILILTY SHOWN ON THIS PLAN WAS CONSTRUCTED AS SHOWN ON THE 'AS-BUILT' PLANS AND MEETS THE APPROVED PLANS AND SPECIFICATIONS.

ENGINEER'S SIGNATURE DATE

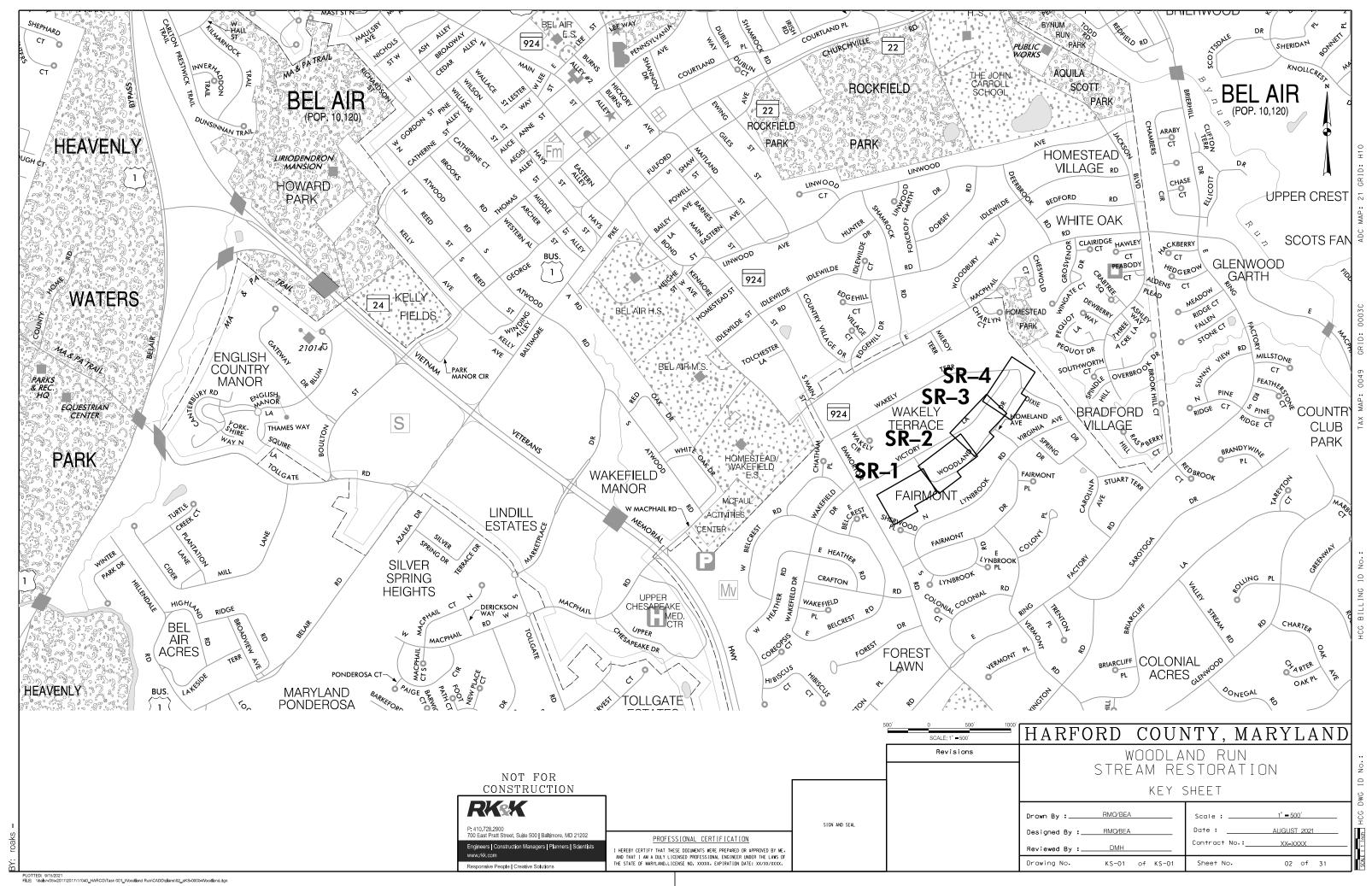
MD PE REGISTRATION NO. PRINTED NAME

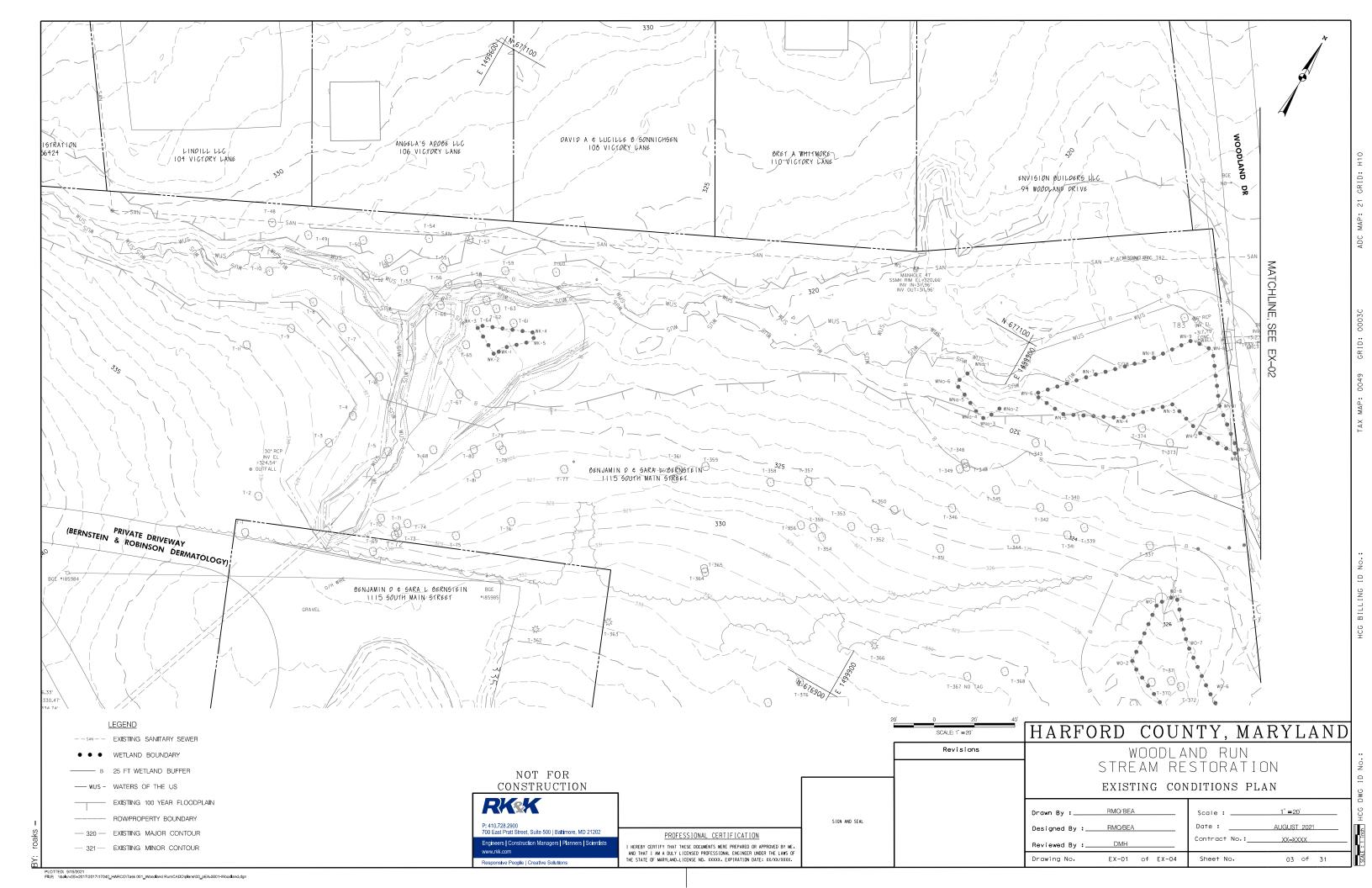
HARFORD COUNTY, MARYLAND

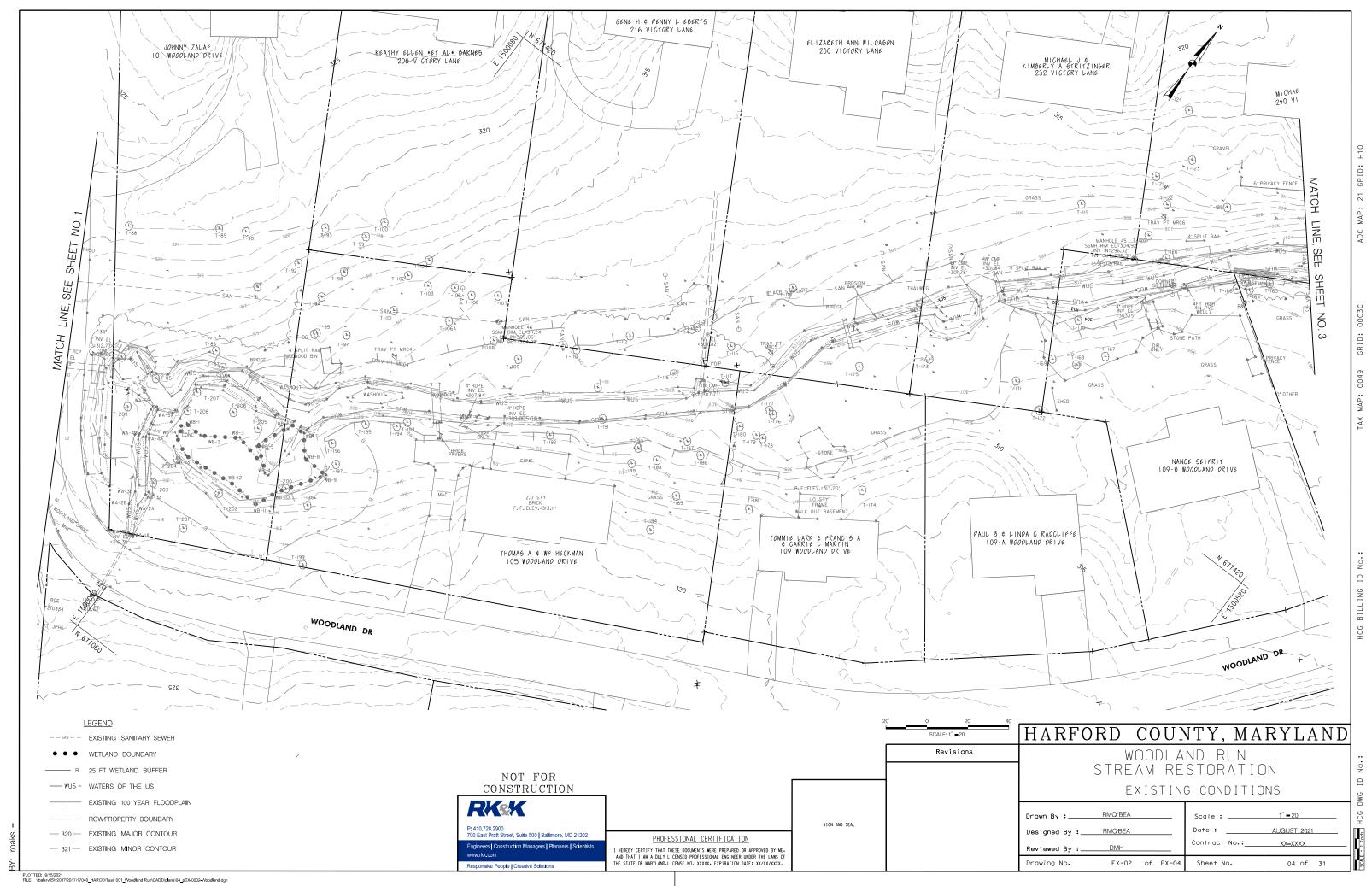
WOODLAND RUN STREAM RESTORATION

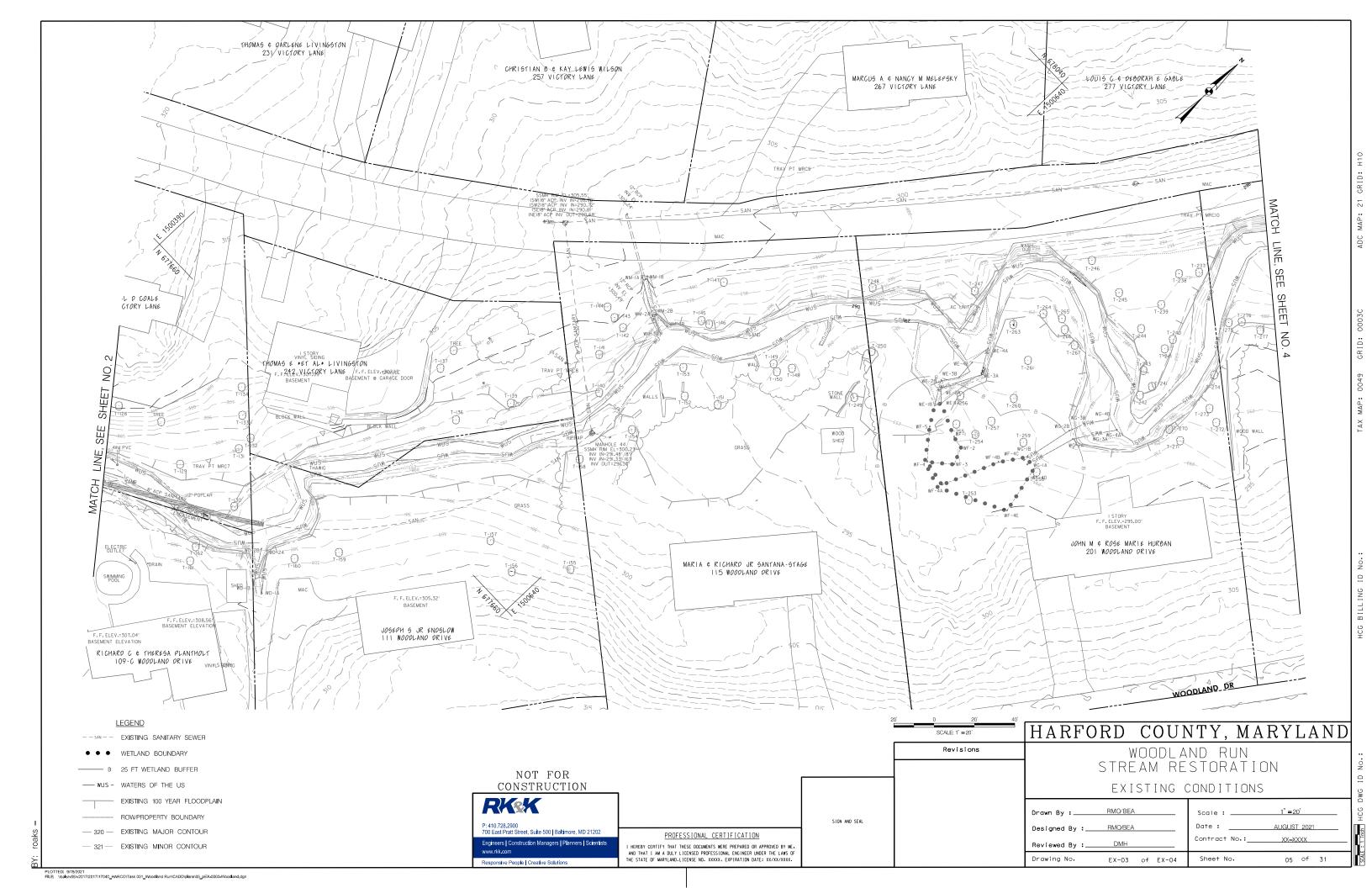
Drawn By :	RMO/BEA			Scale :	NOT TO SCALE
Designed By :	RMQ/BEA			Date:	
Reviewed By :	DMH			Contract No.:	XX-XXXX
Drawing No.	GN-01	of	GN-01	Sheet No.	01 Of 31

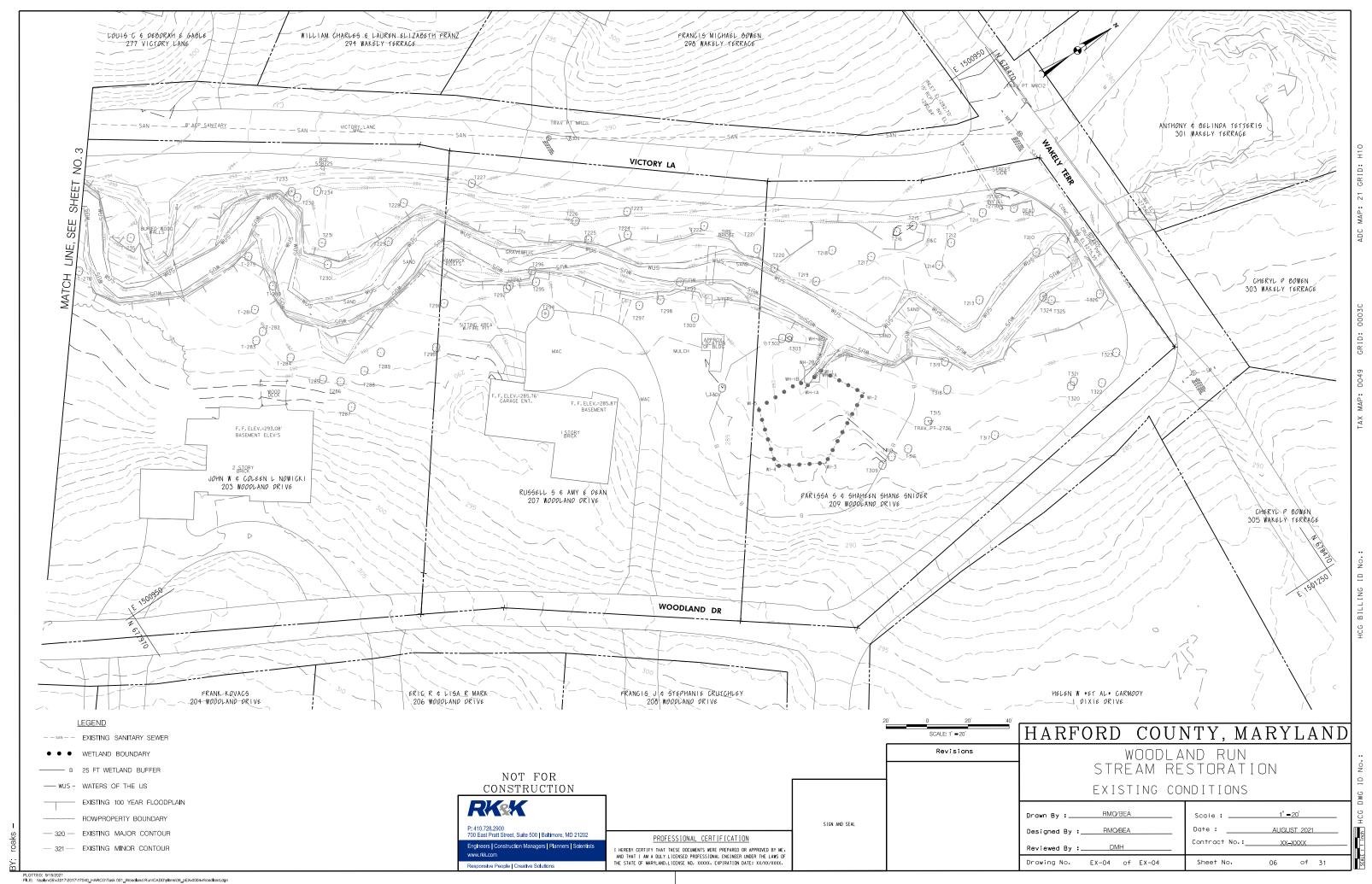
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NOT TO SCALE

AUGUST 202

07 of 31

Lean/dieback/thin crow h	1-105	Red maple	Acer rutrum	18 Good	Double trunklean		Mockernut nickory		Good	Vines		American sycamore	Platanus occidentalis	19 Fair		
Poor branching structure/moderate dead wood	T-106	White pine	Pinus strobus	15 Good	Vines	T-189	Green ash	Fraxinus pennsylvanica 23	Fair	Pruned/lean	T-273	Red maple	Acer rubrum	23 Poo		- 1
Bend/dieback/thin crow n	T-106A	Green ash	Fraxinus penisylvanica	12 Good	Lean	T-190	Green ash	Fraxinus pennsylvanica 22	Good		T-274	American beech	Fagus grandifolia	19 Poo	r Exposed roots/bank/vines/lean/unbalanced crown	- 1
Vines/poor branching structure	T-107	Tulip poplar	Liriodendrontulipifera	14 Fair	Lean/vines	T-191	Black gum	Nvssa svivatica 12	Poor	Exposed roots/bank	T-275	Tulip poplar	Liriodendron tulipifera			- 1
		r major je v je rem						,								- 1
Missing trunk/bend/poor branching structure/vines	T-108	Red maple	Acer rubrum	28 Fair	Missing bark/broken branches	T-192	Red maple	Acer rubrum 20	Fair	Lean/2nd leader 18 DBH	T-276	Tulip poplar	Liriodendron tulipifera	15 Goo	1	
oor Vines/lean/dieback	T-109	Green ash	Fraxinus pennsylvanica	17 Fair	Lean	T-193	Persimmon	Diospyros virginiana 19	Fair	2nd leader 18 DBH/irregular trunk/lean/vines	T-277	Tulip poplar	Liriodendron tulipifera	12 Fair	Vines/thin canopy	
Bend/vines	T-110	Black locust		14 Fair	Bend/vines/lean	T-194	Persimmon		Fair	Lean	T-278			16 Fair		- 1
			Robinia pseudoacacia					Diospyros virginiana 20				Tulip poplar	Liriodendron tulipifera			- 1
por Lean/vines/bend/trunk rot	T-111	Pignut hickory	Carya giabra	14 Fair	Vines/broken branches	T-195	Black cherry	Prunus serotina 13	1 001	Lean/dead branch	T-279	American beech	Fagus grandifolia	22 Fair	Exposed rocts/lean	- 1
oor Vines/lean/broken branches	T-112	Green ash	Fraxinus pennsylvanica	16 Fair	Lean/vines	T-196	Tulip poplar	Liriodendron tulipifera 25	Good		T-280	Tulip poplar	Liriodendron tulipifera	18 Poo	r Lean/thin crown/edge of bank/dieback	- 1
por Lean/vines	T-113	White pine	Pinus strobus	14 Good	Vines	T-197	Silver maple	Acer saccharinum 15	Fair	Lean	T-281	Tulip poplar	Liriodendron tulipifera	15 Fair		- 1
por Lean/vines	T-114	Green ash	Fraxinus pennsylvanica		Vines/broken branches	T-198	Northern red oak			Vines	T-282		Liriodendron tulipifera	15 Fair		- 1
	1 111									1		Tulip poplar				- 1
fair Lean/uneven crow n	T-115	Silver maple	Acer saccharinum	15 Fair	Lean/ivy	T-199	White oak	Quercus alba 46		Vines	T-283	Tulip poplar	Liriodendron tulipifera	20 Fair	Lean/thin crown	- 1
Edge of bank/lean/vines/trunk cavities	T-116	Northern red oak	Quercus rubra	26 Fair	Vines/dead branches	T-200	Red maple	Acer rubrum 16	Poor	Cavity/vines/2nd leader 12" DBI-	T-284	Tulip poplar	Liriodendron tulipifera	24 Fair	Lean/dieback	- 1
Edge of bank/lean/vines/trunk cavities	T-117	Tulip poplar	Liriodendrontulipifera	28 Fair	Vines	T-201	American beech	Fagus grandifolia 12	Good		T-285	Tulip poplar	Liriodendron tulipifera	29 Fair	Vines/thin crow n	- 1
					7					Minera (and lither law), because the sinds (On all least on ACII DDIII.						- 1
Lean/trunk cavity/vinesn	T-118	Red maple	Acer rubrum			T-202	Red maple	Acer rubrum 25	Fair	Vines/split below breast height/2nd leade: 15" DBH	T-286	Tulip poplar	Liriodendron tulipifera	26 Fair	Vines/thin crow n	- 1
por Lean/vines	T-119	Southern magnolia	Magnolia grandiflora	25 Fair	Multiple trunks split below DBH, 24", 15", and 16"	T-203	Northern red oak	Quercus rubra 25	Good		T-287	Tulip poplar	Liriodendron tulipifera	29 Fair	Vines/thin crown/dieback	- 1
oor Vines/broken branches	T-120	Red maple	Acer rutrum	18 Fair	Unbalanced crow n	T-204	Tulip poplar	Liriodendron tulipifera 20	Fair	Irregular trunk/galls/lean	T-288	Tulip poplar	Liriodendron tulipifera	15 Fair	Thin crow n	- 1
4	T-121	Red maple	Acer rutrum	25 Fair	Vines	T-205	Tulip poplar	Liriodendron tulipifera 28	Good	ů ů	T-289	Tulip poplar	Liriodendron tulipifera	23 Goo	1	- 1
Trunk cavity	T-122	Hedge maple	Acer campestre	13 Good	Woodpecker damage	T-206	Tulip poplar	Liriodendron tulipifera 14	Good		T-290	Tulip poplar	Liriodendron tulipifera	13 Goo		
Vines/irregular growth form/bend	T-123	American chestnut	Castanea lentata	22 Fair	Vines	T-207	Red maple	Acer rubrum 20	Poor	Exposed roots/lean/bank/galls	T-291	American beech	Fagus grandifolia	28 Fair	Exposed roots/dieback	- 1
Lean/dieback	T-124	Black cherry	Prunus serotina	26 Poor	Vines/galls/dieback	T-208	Tulip poplar	Liriodendron tulipifera 25		Exposed roots on bank	T-292	American beech	Fagus grandifolia	17 Fair		- 1
																- 1
Lean/dieback	T-125	Southern magnolia	Magnolia grandiflora	22 Fair	Lean/on slope	T-209	Red maple	Acer rubrum 35	Fair	Vines/small cavity	T-293	White oak	Quercus alba	0 Fair	Exposed roots/bank/fused with beech/lean	- 1
Lean/dieback	T-126	Tulip poplar	Liriodendrontulipifera	15 Fair	Lean	T-210	American beech	Fagus grandifolia 25	Fair	Lean/exposed roots/bank	T-294	American beech	Fagus grandifolia	21 Goo		- 1
oor Lean/dieback	T-127	Red maple	Acer rutrum	22 Fair	Vines/exposed roots/broken branches/on slope	T-211	Green ash	Fraxinus pennsylvanica 17	Good		T-295	White oak	Quercus alba	27 Fair	Lean/exposed roots/bank	
	T-128	Catalpa	Catalna speciosa	22 Fair	Lean/vines/on slope	T-212	American beech			Lean	T-296	American beech		19 Fair		l
					Lean/viries/on slope								Fagus grandifolia			l
fair Vines	T-129		Liriodendrontulipifera				American beech	Fagus grandifolia 27	Fair	Vines/irregular trunk	T-297	American beech	Fagus grandifolia	21 Fair		l
Vines/lean	T-130	American sycamore	Platanus occidentalis	21 Fair	Lean/vines	T-214	Tulip poplar	Liriodendron tulipifera 35	i	Splits below breast height/2nd leader is 32" DBH	T-298	Tulip poplar	Liriodendron tulipifera	15 Fair	Lean/thin crow n/exposed roots/bank	l
oor Lean/vines/dieback	T-131	Pignut hickory	Carya giabra	17 Fair	Vines	T-215	Tulip poplar	Liriodendron tulipifera 18	Fair	Lean/vines	T-299	Red maple	Acer rubrum	16 Poo	·	l
																l
Lean/dieback/poor structure/vines	T-132	Tulip poplar	Liriodendrontulipifera	35 Poor	Split trunk below DBH/vines/irregular trunk	T-216	Tulip poplar	Entodsharon tamphera	Fair	Vines	T-300	Black gum	Nyssa sylvatica	13 Poo	-	- 1
oor Lean/vines	T-133	American beech	Fagus grandifolia	29 Good	Vines	T-217	Tulip poplar	Liriodendron tulipifera 20	Fair	Vines/galls	T-301	Red maple	Acer rubrum	26 Fair	Vines/lean/dieback	- 1
Lean/vines	T-134	Catalpa	Catalpa speciosa	39 Poor	Lean/one sided crown/vines	T-218	American beech	Fagus grandifolia 28	Good-fair	Exposed rcots/dead branches	T-302	Tulip poplar	Liriodendron tulipifera	26 Fair	Exposed roots/bark damage/lean/thin crow n	- 1
Dieback	T-135	Black oak	Quercus velutina	32 Fair	Lean/dead branches	T-219	American beech		Good		T-303	Tulip poplar	Liriodendron tulipifera	23 Fair		- 1
								. agas granansna				111			ů	- 1
Bend/poor branch structure	T-136	Sugar maple	Acer saccharum	16 Fair	Lean/pruned	T-220	American beech	Fagus grandifolia 27	Fair	Exposed roots/edge of bank	T-304	White oak	Quercus alba	31 Goo	Lean	- 1
Lean/vines/bend	T-137	Red maple	Acer rutrum	30 Poor	Broken branches/poorly pruned/vines/galls	T-221	Tulip poplar	Liriodendron tulipifera 21	Fair	Bark damage	T-305	Tulip poplar	Liriodendron tulipifera	25 Fair	Irregular trunk/thin crow n	- 1
Bend/ thin crow n	T-138	Weeping cherry	Prunus pendula	13 Fair	Lean/irregular trunk	T-222	Tulip poplar	Liriodendron tulipifera 33	Poor	Cavity/vines/dieback	T-306	Red maple	Acer rubrum	21 Fair	Lean/w ater sprouts	- 1
		, , ,	,		9						T-307				·	- 1
Bend/thin crow n/edge of bank	T-139	Tulip poplar	Liriodendrontulipifera		Vines/irregular trunk	T-223	American beech	Fagus grandifolia 29	Fair	Lean/missing branches		Tulip poplar	Liriodendron tulipifera	29 Fair		- 1
Double trunk above breast height/bend	T-140	Black willow	Salix n.gra	14 Poor	Lean/water sprcuts/vines	T224	Tulip poplar	Liriodendron tulipifera 28	Fair	Lean/roots exposed/dieback	T-308	Black gum	Nyssa sylvatica	17 Fair	Bark damage/lean	- 1
Double trunk above breast height/dieback	T-141	Black locust	Robinia pseudoacacia	15 Fair	Vines/lean	T-225	American beech	Facus grandifolia 19	Fair	Water sprouts/exposed roots/bark	T-309	Tulip poplar	Liriodendron tulipifera	29 Fair	Bark damage/thin crow n	- 1
fair Bend		Red maple	Acer rubrum		Lean/vines/2nd leader dead							American beech		12 Goo		- 1
55115	T-142					T-226	Tulip poplar	Liriodendron tulipifera 20	Fair	Cavity/dieback	T-310		Fagus grandifolia			- 1
Poor branching structure/dieback	T-143	Tulip poplar	Liriodendrontulipifera	33 Fair	Vines	T-227	American beech	Fagus grandifolia 29	Fair	Galls	T-311	American beech	Fagus grandifolia	13 Goo		- 1
Double trunk/bend	T-144	Black locust	Robinia pseudoacacia	13 Fair	Lean/vines	T-228	Tulip poplar	Liriodendron tulipifera 14	Fair	Lean/exposed roots	T-312	Black gum	Nvssa svlvatica	22 Fair	Missing bark/branch/irregular trunk/thin crown	- 1
fair Bend	T-145	Tulip poplar	Liriodendrontulipifera	31 Poor	Lean/missing bark/vines	T-229	American beech			Lean/exposed roots	T-313	Black gum	Nyssa sylvatica	12 Poo		- 1
																- 1
d Bank/vines	T-146	Tulip poplar	Liriodendrontulipifera	12 Fair	Unbalanced crown/growing into another	T-230	Tulip poplar	Liriodendron tulipifera 21	Fair	Vines	T-314	White oak	Quercus alba	30 Fair	i	- 1
Double trunk	T-147	Red maple	Acer rubrum	14 Poor	Lean/vines/cavity	T-231	Tulip poplar	Liriodendron tulipifera 33	Fair	Bark damage/rot	T-316	White oak	Quercus alba	22 Fair	Lean/bend	- 1
Codominant above breast height	T-148	Red maple	Acer rubrum	16 Fair	Vines	T-232	Red maple	Acer rubrum 13	Fair	Exposed roots/2nd leader 9" D8H	T-315	American beech	Fagus grandifolia	16 Goo	t l	- 1
Bank/bend	T149	Tulip poplar	Liriodendrontulipifera		Leav/vines/dead crown	T-233	Red maple		Fair	Galls/vines/exposed roots	T-317	American beech	Fagus grandifolia	15 Fair	Irregular trunk/w ater sprouts	- 1
DOI Vines/thin crown	T-150	Tulip popiar	Lirioaenarontuiipitera		Vines/dieback	T-234		Liriogenaron tulipitera 29	Fair	Vines/bark damage	T-318	American beech	⊢agus granditolia	13 Fall		- 1
							Tulip poplar			_						- 1
oor Vines/dieback	T-151	Tulip poplar	Liriodendrontulipifera	28 Poor	Vines/cavity/partially dead crow n	T-235	Tulip poplar	Liriodendron tulipifera 26		Vines/galls	T-319	Tulip poplar	Liriodendron tulipifera	32 Fair		- 1
Vines/adjacent to parking lot	T-152	Red maple	Acer rubrum	26 Poor	Vines/dead and broken branches	T-236	Tulip poplar	Liriodendron tulipifera 24	Fair	Lean/vines/2nd leader 24" DBH	T-320	White oak	Quercus alba	15 Goo	Lean	- 1
oor Vines/thin crow n	T-153	American beech	Fagus grandifolia	21 Fair	Broken branches/exposed roots	T-237	Tulip poplar	Liriodendron tulipifera 29	Fair	Vines/exposed roots	T-321	American beech	Fagus grandifolia	15 Goo	4	- 1
Little to no crown/vines	T-154	Black w alnut		16 Fair	Broken branches/lean/irregular trunk			Liriodendron tulipifera 16			T-322	White oak		21 Fair		l
	1 101		Juglans nigra			T-238	Tulip poplar			Roots/lean			Quercus alba			l
por Lean/vines	T-155	Tulip poplar	Liriodendrontulipifera	13 Good		T-239	Tulip poplar	Liriodendron tulipifera 20		Lean/irregular trunk	T-323	Pignut hickory	Carya glabra	18 Fair		l
No crown	T-156	Pignut hickory	Carya glabra	22 Good	Vines	T-240	Red maple	Acer rubrum 15	Good		T-324	Northern red oak	Quercus rubra	25 Fair	Dead branches/exposed roots/thin crow n/bank	l
oor Vines	T-157	Flow ering dogw ood		12 Good		T-241		Liriodendron tulipifera 26		Lean/damaged bark	T-325	Tulip poplar	Liriodendron tulipifera	17 Fair		l
oor Vines/trunk rot	T-158	Tulip poplar	Liriodendrontulipifera	16 Good		T-242	Red maple		Fair	Exposed roots/bank/dieback	T-326	Northern red oak	Quercus rubra	32 Poo	Large cavity/oozing/thin crow n/dead leader/dieback	l
	T-159										T-327					l
oor Vines		Japanese maple	Acer palmatum	14 Good			American beech	3 3	Fair	Lean/exposed roots/bank/vines		Tulip poplar	Liriodendron tulipifera	15 Fair		l
oor Vines/bend	T-160	Buford holly	llex conuta	12 Poor	Vines	T-244	Tulip poplar	Liriodendron tulipifera 19	Good		T-328	Tulip poplar	Liriodendron tulipifera	15 Fair	Thin crow n	l
		Silver maple	Acer saccharinum	27 Fair	Unbalanced crow n	T-245	Red maple	Acer rubrum 20	Good		T-329	Tulip poplar	Liriodendron tulipifera	20 Goo	1	l
oor Vines/lean	T-161					T-246	Red maple		Fair	Vines/2nd leader	T-330		Liriodendron tulipifera	18 Fair		l
oor Vines/lean	1 101		Acer saccharinum				reu mabie	Averruprum 21	rair		1-000	Tulip poplar	Linouenaron taripitera	io i Fall		1
Almost dead/vines	T-162	Silver maple		30 Fair	Vines			Famus and malifalls					Links described to the U.			
Almost dead/vines	T-162 T-163	Silver maple American sycamore	Platanus occidentalis	17 Poor	Vines/lean/unbalanced crown	T-247	American beech		Fair	Exposed roots/small trunk wound at base	T-331	Tulip poplar	Liriodendron tulipifera	16 Goo		I
Almost dead/vines	T-162	Silver maple	Platanus occidentalis Robinia pseudoacacia	17 Poor 15 Poor	Vines/lean/unbalanced crown Vines	T-247			Fair Fair		T-331 T-332	Tulip poplar Tulip poplar	Liriodendron tulipifera	16 Goo 16 Fair		
Almost dead/vines or Vines/bend or Vines/lean	T-162 T-163 T-164	Silver maple American sycamore Black locust	Platanus occidentalis Robinia pseudoacacia	17 Poor 15 Poor	Vines/lean/unbalanced crown Vines	T-247 T-248	American beech American beech	h Fagus grandifolia 15	Fair	Exposed roots/small trunk wound at base Vines/exposed roots	T-332	Tulip poplar		16 Fair	Vines/thin crow n	
Almost dead/vines oor Vines/bend oor Vines/lean oor Lean/bend/vines	T-162 T-163 T-164 T-165	Silver maple American sycamore Black locust Black locust	Platanus occidentalis Robinia pseudoacacia Robinia pseudoacacia	17 Poor 15 Poor 14 Poor	Vines/lean/unbalanced crown Vines Lean/vines	T-247 T-248 T-249	American beech American beech American beech	h Fagus grandifolia 15 Fagus grandifolia 17	Fair Fair	Exposed roots/small trunk wound at base Vines/exposed roots Vines/trunk wounds	T-332 T-333	Tulip poplar Tulip poplar	Liriodendron tulipifera Liriodendron tulipifera	16 Fair 20 Fair	Vines/thin crow n Thin crow n	
Almost dead/vines oor Vines/bend oor Vines/lean oor Lean/bend/vines Thin crow n/bend	T-162 T-163 T-164 T-165 T-166	Silver maple American sycamore Black locust Black locust Norway maple	Platanus occidentalis Robinia pseudoacacia	17 Poor 15 Poor 14 Poor 12 Good	Vines/lean/unbalanced crown Vines Lean/vines Vines	T-247 T-248 T-249 T-250	American beech American beech American beech American beech	h Fagus grandifolia 15 Fagus grandifolia 17 h Fagus grandifolia 31	Fair Fair Fair	Exposed roots/small trunk wound at base Vines/exposed roots Vines/trunk wounds Trunk cavity/wounds/vines/dieback	T-332 T-333 T-334	Tulip poplar Tulip poplar Northern red oak	Liriodendron tulipifera	16 Fair 20 Fair 22 Goo	Vines/thin crow n Thin crow n Curve in trunk	
Almost dead/vines oor Vines/bend oor Vines/lean oor Lean/bend/vines	T-162 T-163 T-164 T-165 T-166	Silver maple American sycamore Black locust Black locust	Platanus occidentalis Robinia pseudoacacia Robinia pseudoacacia Acer platanoides	17 Poor 15 Poor 14 Poor	Vines/lean/unbalanced crown Vines Lean/vines	T-247 T-248 T-249 T-250	American beech American beech American beech	h Fagus grandifolia 15 Fagus grandifolia 17 h Fagus grandifolia 31	Fair Fair	Exposed roots/small trunk wound at base Vines/exposed roots Vines/trunk wounds	T-332 T-333 T-334 T-005	Tulip poplar Tulip poplar Northern red oak Tulip poplar	Liriodendron tulipifera Liriodendron tulipifera Quercus rubra Liriodendron tulipifera	16 Fair 20 Fair 22 Goo 25 Fair	Vines/thin crow n Thin crow n d Curve in trunk Danwgod bark	
Almost dead/vines oor Vines/bend oor Vines/hend oor Lean/bend/vines Thin crow n/bend	T-162 T-163 T-164 T-165 T-166	Silver maple American sycamore Black locust Black locust Norway maple	Platanus occidentalis Robinia pseudoacacia Robinia pseudoacacia Acer platanoides	17 Poor 15 Poor 14 Poor 12 Good	Vines/lean/unbalanced crown Vines Lean/vines Vines	T-247 T-248 T-249 T-250	American beech American beech American beech American beech	h Fagus grandifolia 15 Fagus grandifolia 17 h Fagus grandifolia 31	Fair Fair Fair	Exposed roots/small trunk wound at base Vines/exposed roots Vines/trunk wounds Trunk cavity/wounds/vines/dieback	T-332 T-333 T-334	Tulip poplar Tulip poplar Northern red oak	Liriodendron tulipifera Liriodendron tulipifera Quercus rubra	16 Fair 20 Fair 22 Goo	Vines/thin crow n Thin crow n d Curve in trunk Danwgod bark	
Almost dead/vines oor Vines/bend oor Vines/hend oor Lean/bend/vines Thin crow n/bend	T-162 T-163 T-164 T-165 T-166	Silver maple American sycamore Black locust Black locust Norway maple	Platanus occidentalis Robinia pseudoacacia Robinia pseudoacacia Acer platanoides	17 Poor 15 Poor 14 Poor 12 Good	Vines/lean/unbalanced crown Vines Lean/vines Vines	T-247 T-248 T-249 T-250	American beech American beech American beech American beech	h Fagus grandifolia 15 Fagus grandifolia 17 h Fagus grandifolia 31	Fair Fair Fair	Exposed roots/small trunk wound at base Vines/exposed roots Vines/trunk wounds Trunk cavity/wounds/vines/dieback	T-332 T-333 T-334 T-005	Tulip poplar Tulip poplar Northern red oak Tulip poplar White oak	Lindendron tulpifera Lindendron tulpifera Quercus rubra Lindendron tulpifera Quercus alba RFORD	16 Fair 20 Fair 20 Fair 22 Goo 25 Fair 18 Goo	Vines/thin crow n Thin crow n Curve in tunk Dameged bank DUNTY, MARYLA	AND
Almost dead/vines oor Vines/bend oor Vines/lean oor Lean/bend/vines Thin crow n/bend	T-162 T-163 T-164 T-165 T-166	Silver maple American sycamore Black locust Black locust Norway maple	Platanus occidentalis Robinia pseudoacacia Robinia pseudoacacia Acer platanoides I Yatanus oscidentalis	17 Poor 15 Poor 14 Poor 12 Good 19 Fair	Vines/lean/unbalanced crown Vines Lean/vines Vines Lean	T-247 T-248 T-249 T-250	American beech American beech American beech American beech	h Fagus grandifolia 15 Fagus grandifolia 17 h Fagus grandifolia 31	Fair Fair Fair	Exposed roots/small trunk wound at base Vines/exposed roots Vines/trunk wounds Trunk cavity/wounds/vines/dieback Vines/flegged not tagged	T-332 T-333 T-334 T-005	Tulip poplar Tulip poplar Northern red oak Tulip poplar White oak	Lindendron tulpifera Lindendron tulpifera Quercus rubra Lindendron tulpifera Quercus alba RFORD	16 Fair 20 Fair 20 Fair 22 Goo 25 Fair 18 Goo	Vines/thin crow n Thin crow n Curve in trunk Darraged bank	AND
Almost dead/vines oor Vines/bend oor Vines/lean oor Lean/bend/vines Thin crow n/bend	T-162 T-163 T-164 T-165 T-166	Silver maple American sycamore Black locust Black locust Norway maple	Platanus occidentalis Robinia pseudoacacia Robinia pseudoacacia Acer platanoides I Yatanus oscidentalis	17 Poor 15 Poor 14 Poor 12 Good	Vines/lean/unbalanced crown Vines Lean/vines Vines Lean	T-247 T-248 T-249 T-250	American beech American beech American beech American beech	h Fagus grandifolia 15 Fagus grandifolia 17 h Fagus grandifolia 31	Fair Fair Fair	Exposed roots/small trunk wound at base Vines/exposed roots Vines/trunk wounds Trunk cavity/wounds/vines/dieback Vines/flegged not tagged	T-332 T-333 T-334 T-005	Tulip poplar Tulip poplar Northern red oak Tulip poplar White oak	Lindendron tulpifera Lindendron tulpifera Quercus rubra Lindendron tulpifera Quercus alba RFORD	16 Fair 20 Fair 20 Fair 22 Goo 25 Fair 18 Goo	Vines/thin crow n Thin crow n Curve in tunk Dameged bank DUNTY, MARYLA	AND

Tree ID Common Name
T-168 Black locust

T-170

T-181

T-182

T-185

PROFESSIONAL CERTIFICATION

I HEREBY CERTIFY THAT THESE DOCUMENTS WERE PREPARED OR APPROVED BY ME.

AND THAT I AM A DULY LICENSED PROFESSIONAL ENGINEER UNDER THE LAWS OF THE STATE OF MARYLAND.LICENSE NO. XXXXX. EXPIRATION DATE: XX/XX/XXXX.

Black cherry

Black locust

Tulip poplar

Black locust

Red manle T-175 American beech

White oak

Red maple

Green ash

Red maple

Tulip poplar

Norw ay spruce

White pine

Silver maple

Silver maple

T-184 Northern red oal

T-188 Mockernut hickory

T-173 Persimmon

Scientific Name

Prunus serotina

Diospyros virginiana Acer rubrum

Fagus grandifolia

Quercus alba Acer rubrum

Fraxinus pennsylvanica

Acer rubrun

Quercus rubra

Acer saccharinun

Fair

Fair

15 Poor

14 Poor

17 Good 20 Good

30 Good

12 Good

18 Good

19 Fair

13 Good

44 Fair

12 Fair

22 Good

SIGN AND SEAL

Fair

Notes

Galle /licher

Vines/dead branches

Vines

Vines/lean/dead branche

Bark damage

Lean/deac branches/prune

Lean/dead branches

Vines

Vines/dead branches

Vines

Tree ID Common Name

T-254 American beech

T-256

T-260

T-261

T-263

T-265

T-266

T-269

Bald cypres:

Green ash

Black cherry

Tulip poplar Red maple

White oak

Tulip poplar

Tulip poplar

Slippery elm

Tulip poplar

Tulip poplar

Tulip poplar

Tulip poplar

Tulip poplar

T-267 Tulip poplar T-268 American beed

T-270 American beech

Scientific Name

Taxodium disfichum

Taxodium distichum

Fagus grandifolia

Prunus serotina

Quercus alba

odendron tulipifera

Liriodendron tulipifera 18 Fair

iodendron tulipifera 18 Good

Ulmus rubra 17 Fair riodendron tulipifera 15 Fair

iriodendron tulipifera 16 Fair

indendron tulinifera 13 Fair

Fagus grandifolia 24 Poor

Liriodendron tulipifera 13 Fair

Fagus grandifolia 19 Fair

19 Fair

14 Fair

Vines/tree flagged not tagged

Lean/vines/damage at base

Irregular trunk/lean

irregular trunk/lean

ean/thin crow n/small crack at base Exposed roots/lean/galls

Exposed roots/unbalanced crown/diebac

Exposed roots/lean/irregular trunk/thin canopy

Lean/thin canopy

Lean/thin canopy

Exposed roots/thin canop

Exposed roots/thin canopy/lear Lean/cavity/vines/irregular trunk

Exposed roots/irregular roots/thin canopy

Exposed roots/dieback/unbalanced crown

Vines/broken branches/unbalanced crown

TREE INVENTORY

Date:

Contract No.:

Sheet No.

RMO/BEA

RMQ/BEA

DMH

TI-01 of TI-01

Drawn By :_

Designed By :___

Reviewed By :_

Drawina No.

Notes

Vines/edge of bank

Double trunk below dbh

Poor branching structure

Poor branching structur

Lean/unbalanced crow

Vines/little to no crown

Double trunk

Vines/thin crown

Dieback

oor branching structure/truck

English ivv

/lissing limbs/bark/brcken bra

Dieback

PLOTTED: 9/15/2021 FILE: \|\text{Vbalsrv05\w2017\12017\17040_HARCO\Task 001_Woodland Run\CADD\plans\07_pTI-0001-Woodland.dgn}\|

Tree ID Common Name
T-1 Black cherry

T-2 Black locus

T-3 American beed

T-4 American beed

T-5 Red maple

T-6 Red maple
T-7 Red maple

T-10 Red maple

T-13 Tulip poplar

T-14 Tulip poplar

T-18 Tulip poplar

T-17 Tulip poplar

T-19 Red maple

T-20 Tulip poplar

Tulip poplar

T-24 Tulip poplar T-25 Tulip poplar Tulip poplar

T-29 Black cherry

Γ-30 Black locust T-31 Black locust
T-32 Tulip poplar

T-34 Black locust

T-36 Black cherry

T-38 Tulip poplar T-39 Red maple

T-40 Tulip poplar

T-41 White pine

T-45 White pine

T-46 Red maple T-47 Red maple

T-49 White mulbery

T-50 White mulberry
T-51 Silver maple

T-53 Tulip poplar

T-55 Tulip poplar

T-56 Tulip poplar

T-57 Red maple

T-58 Tulip poplar

T-61 Red maple

T-62 Tulip poplar T-63 Red maple

T-65 Red maple

T-68 Boxelder

T-69 Green ash T-70 Tulip poplar
T-71 Tulip poplar
T-72 Red maple

T-75 Red maple
T-76 Black cherry

T-77 Black cherry

T-78 Black cherry

Γ-79 Black gum

T-82 Black locust

Red maple

-35 Black locust

Black gum

White pine T-43 White pine

T-15 Tulip poplar

Red maple

Black gum

Tulip poplar

Scientific Name

Prunus serotina

Robinia pseudoacacia

Fagus grandifolia

Acer rubrum

Acer rubrum

Acer rubrum

Acer rubrum

Acer rubrum

Liriodendron tulipifera

Liriodendron tulinifer.

Prunus serotina Robinia pseudoacacia Robinia pseudoacacia

Robinia pseudoacacia

Prunus serotina

Nvssa svlvatica

Acer rubrum

Pinus strobus

Pinus strobus

Pinus strobus

Pinus strobus

Acer rubrum Acer rubrum

Morus alba

Morus alba Acer saccharinun

Liriodendron tulinifera

Liriodendron tulipifera

Liriodendron tulipifera 16 Fair Liriodendron tulipifera 12 Good/fair Liriodendron tulipifera 19 Fair

Fraxinus pennsylvanica 26 Fair Liriodendron tulipifera 22 Fair/poo

Fraxinus pennsylvanica 15 Fair/poor

Acer rubrum

Acer rubrum

Liriodendron tulipifera Acer rubrum

Acer rubrum

Acer rubrum

Acer rubrum

Acer negundo

Liriodendron tulipifera Acer rubrum

Acer rubrum Acer rubrum

Prunus serotina

Prunus serotina

Acer rubrum

NOTE: ALL BOLD TREES ARE TO BE REMOVED

Acer saccharinum

Liriodendron tulipifera

Nyssa sylvatica

Liriodendron tulipifera

Liriodendron tulipifera

Liriodendron tulipifera 25 Good/fair

Liriodendron tulipifera 15 Good/fair

Liriodendron tulipifera 19 Fair

Liriodendron tulipifera 19 Fair

Robinia pseudoacacia 28 Poor

14 Fair

40 Good/fair

59 Fair/poor

13 Fair

Good

26 Fair/poor

24 Good/fair

16 Good/fai

14 Fair/poor

15 Good/fair

15 Fair

3 Fair

Fair/poor

Poor

Fair/poor

33 Fair/poor

23 Good 2 Fair

Fair

Fair

' Fair

19 Fair/poor

23 Good/fair 12 Fair

20 Poor

20 Fair

18 Fair

13 Fair

Fair

Good/fai

Good

Fair

12 Fair/poor

12 Fair/poor

12 Fair/poor

12 Fair/poor 23 Poor

7 Fair/poo

15 Fair

Dieback/thin crow

Poor branching structure

Trunk rot/cavities/dieback

Poor branching structure/edge of ban

Dieback

Dieback

Thin crown

Unbalanced crown

Lean/dieback

Epicormic bud growth/dieba

Poor branching structure/split trunk

Poor branching structure/split trunk

Dieback

Common Name

Tulip poplar

American beech

Tulip poplar

Scarlet oak

Norway maple

Tulip poplar

Northern red oak

Tulip poplar

Red maple

Red maple

Silver maple

Red maple

Tulip poplar

Red maple

Norw av maple

Black locust

T-87

T-89

T-93

T-98

T-99

Scientific Name

Fagus grandifolia

Acer platanoides Quercus rubra

Liriodendrontulipifer

Quercus rubra

Acer rubrum

Acer saccharinum

Acer rutrun

Acer platanoides

Robinia pseudoacacia Pinus strobus

Acer rutrum

Fair

Fair

Fair

Fair

Fair

Fair

Fair

Good

Fair

25 Fair

CONSTRUCTION

P: 410.728.2900 700 East Pratt Street, Suite 500 | Baltimore, MD 21202

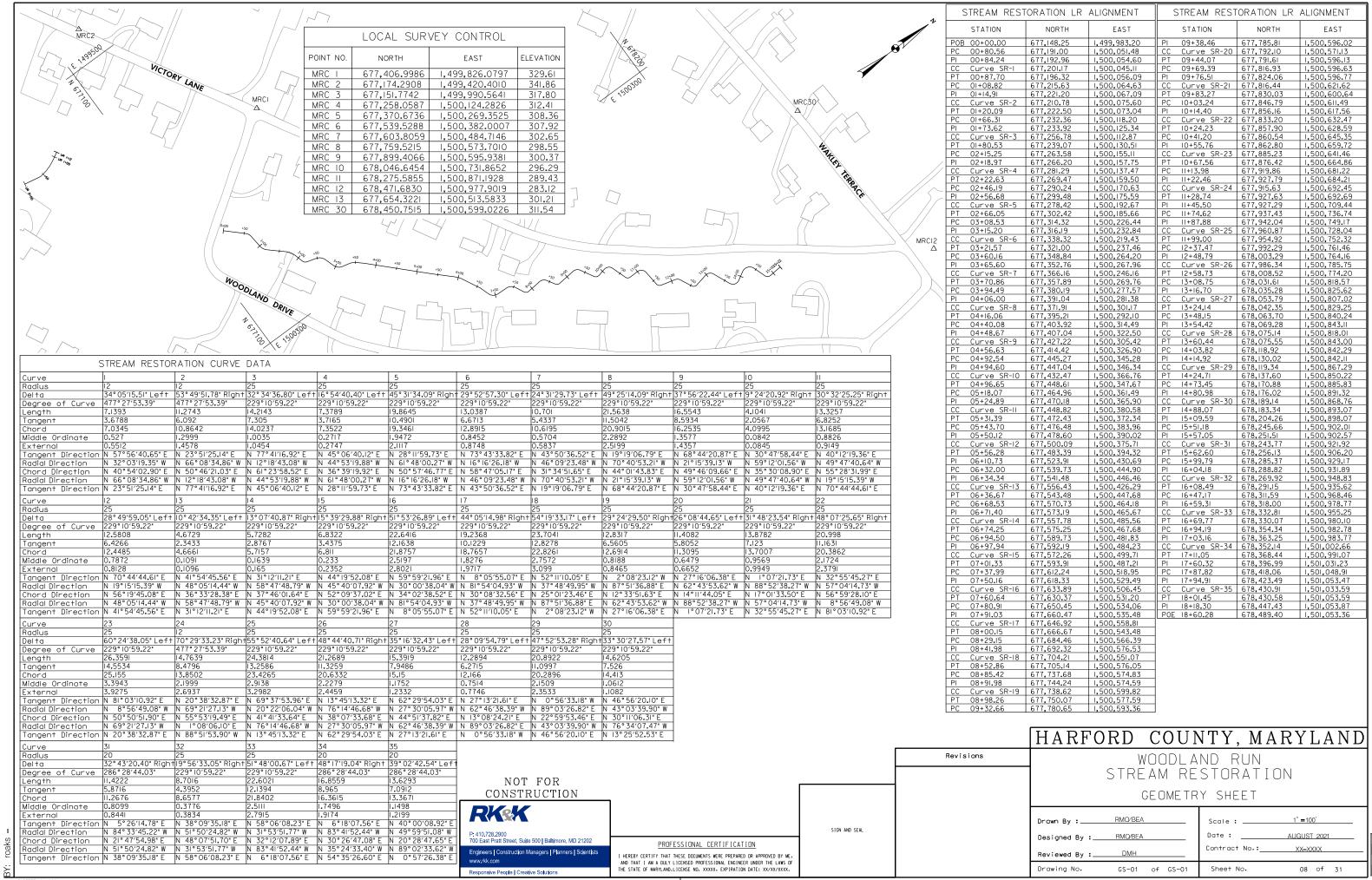
RKSK

Responsive People I Creative Solutions

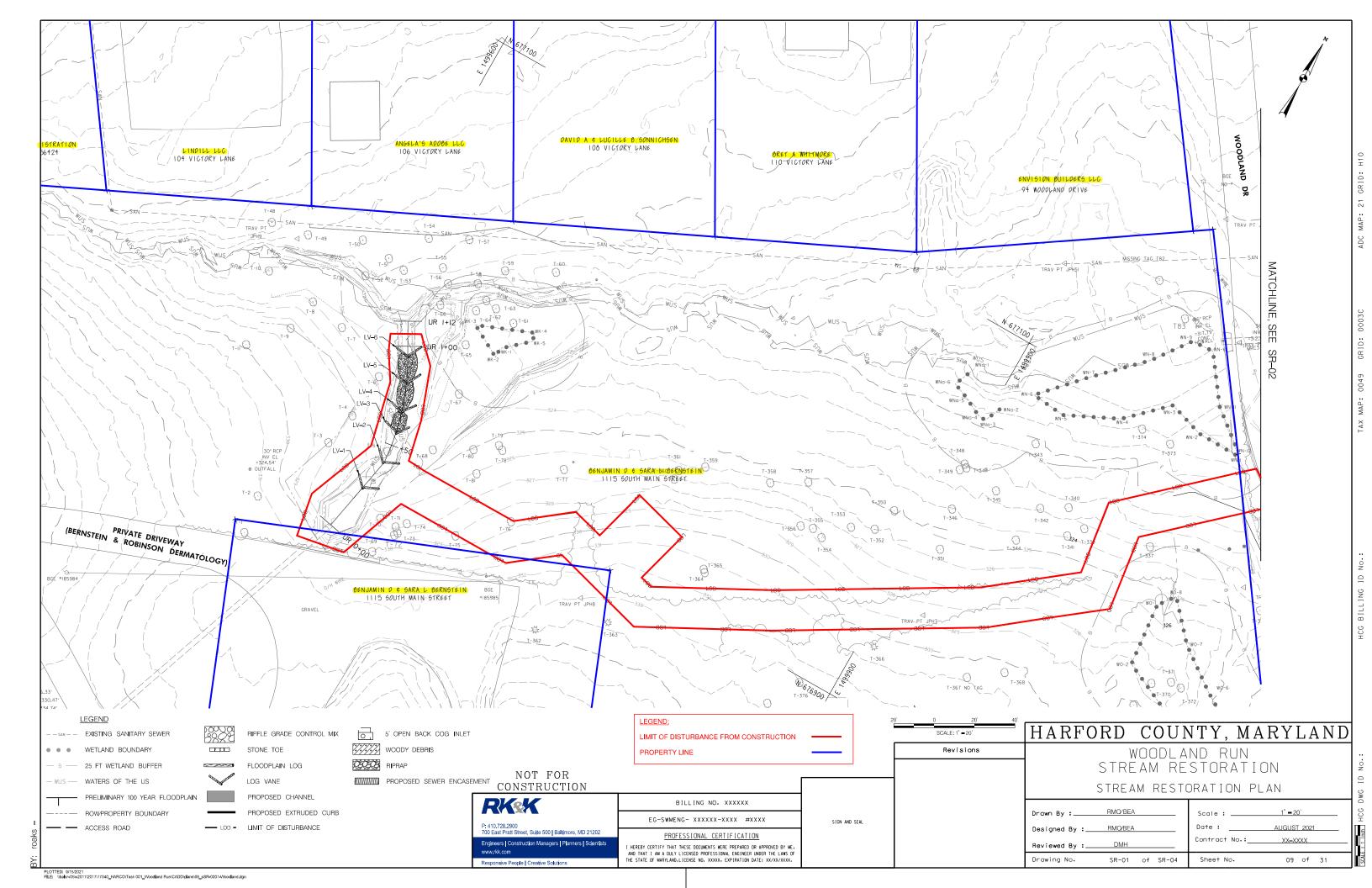
Fair

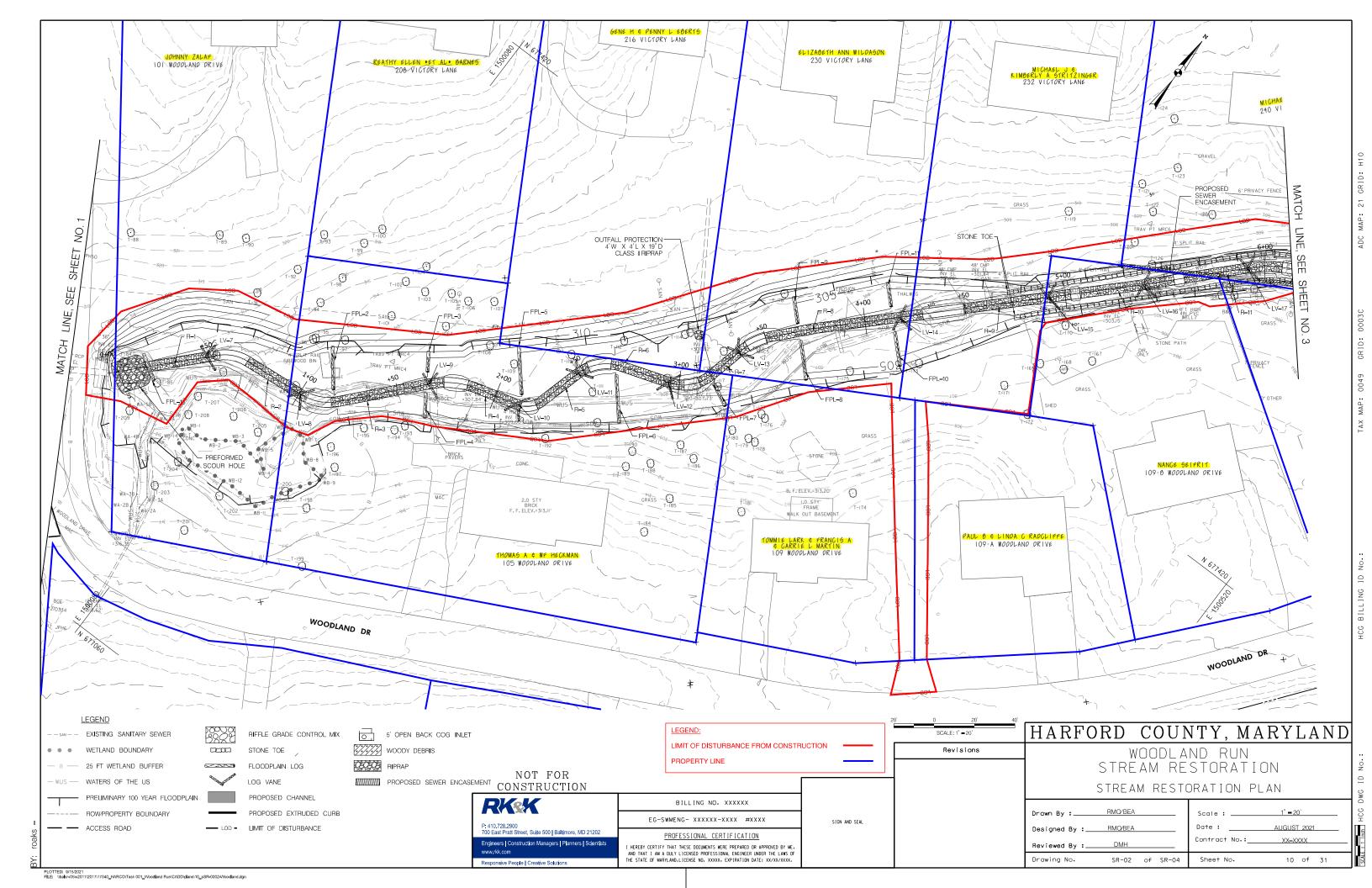
6 Fair

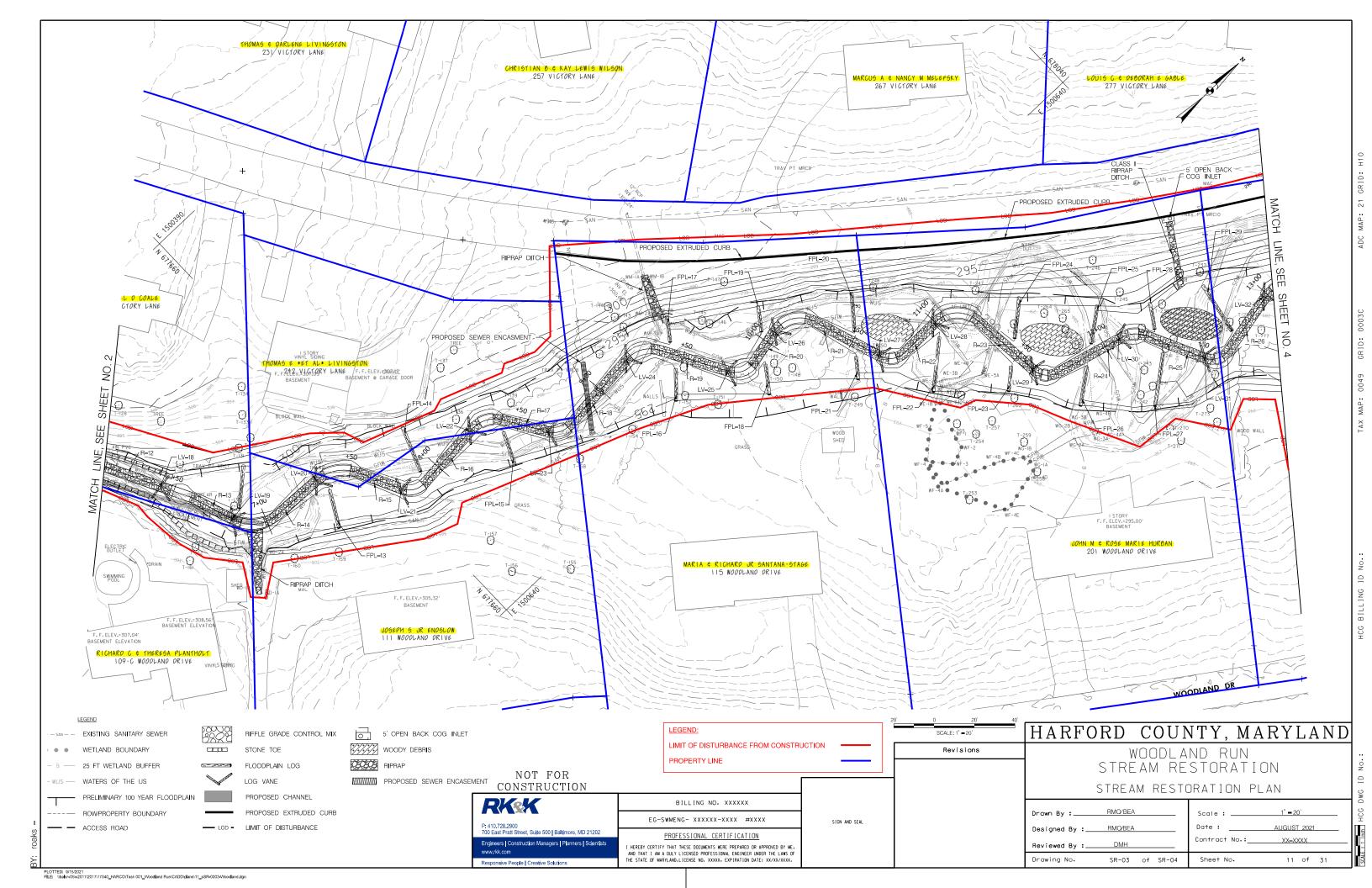
Fair/poor

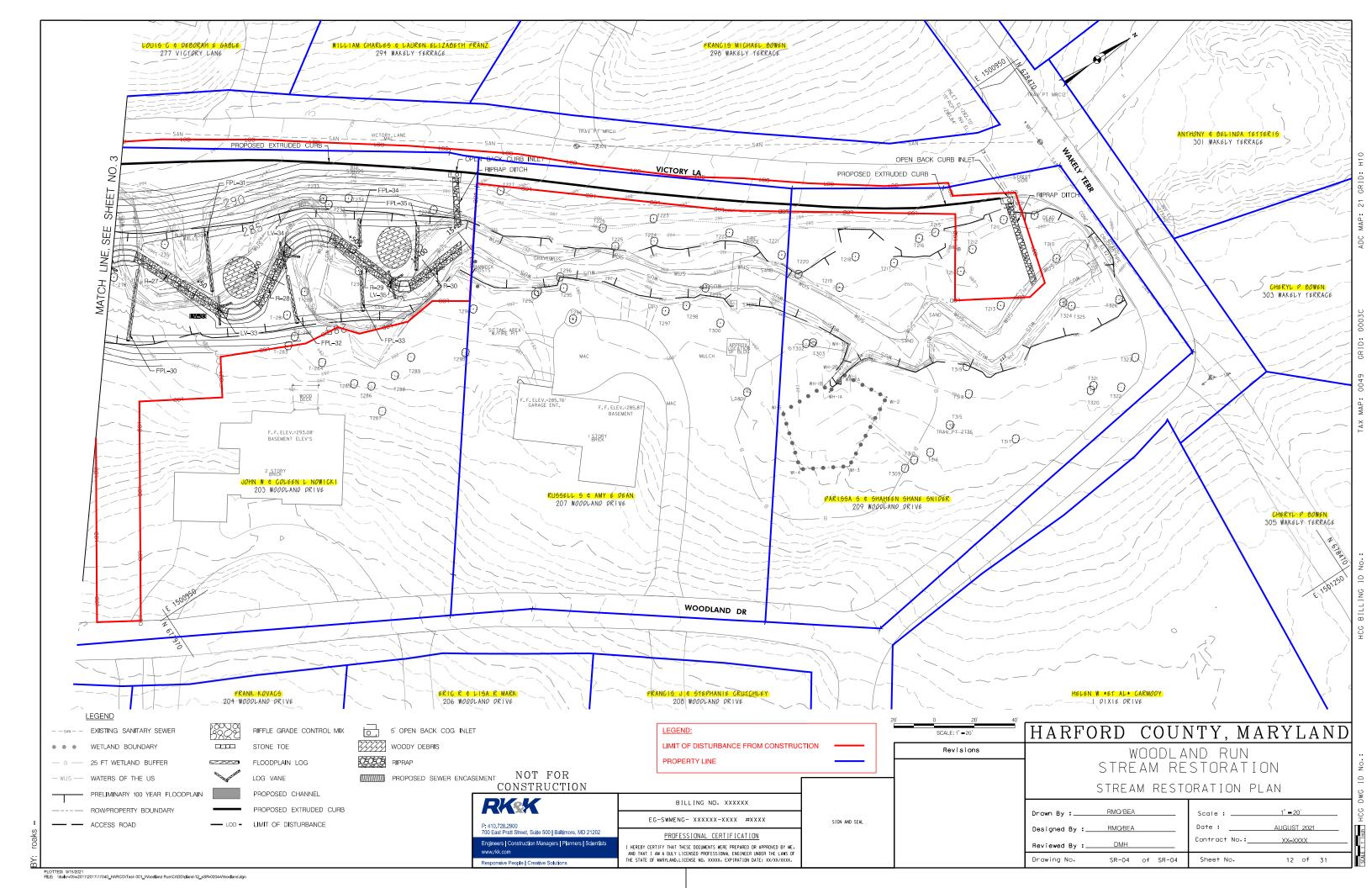


PLOTTED: 9/15/2021
FILE: \\balsrv05\v2017\2017\17040_HARCO\Task 001_Woodland Run\CADD\\alphalans\08_pGS-P000_Woodland.dgn

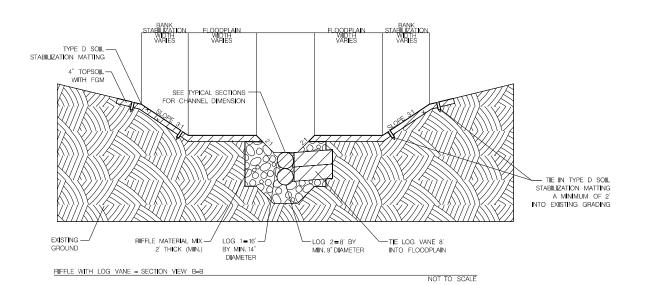


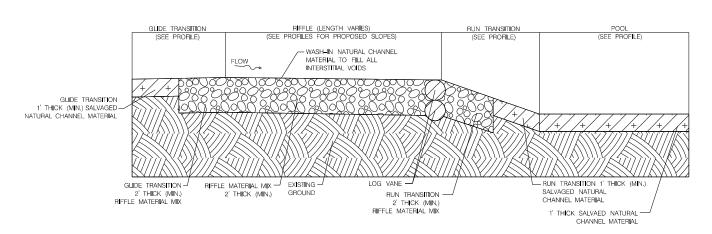




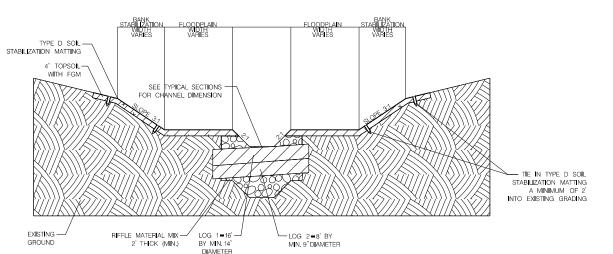


WASH NATURAL CHANNEL MATERIAL INTO RIFFLE MATERIAL MIX TO FILL ALL VOID SPACES.
SEE LANDSCAPE PLANS FOR PLANTING INFORMATION.
TIE LOGS INTO BANK AT DIRECTION OF ENGINEER.

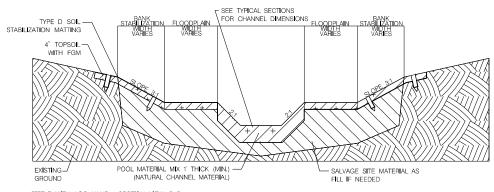




RIFFLE WITH LOG VANE - SECTION VIEW A-A

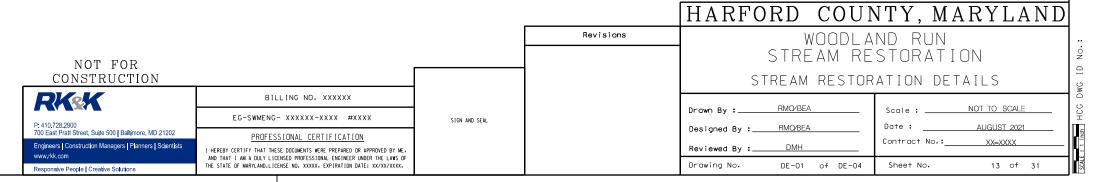


RIFFLE WITH LOG VANE - SECTION VIEW B-B NOT TO SCALE



RIFFLE WITH LOG VANE - SECTION VIEW D-D

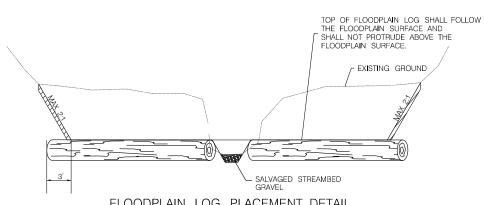
NOT TO SCALE



NOT TO SCALE

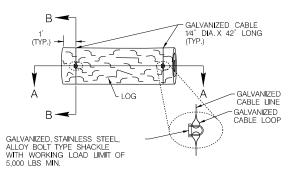
AUGUST 202

14 of 31

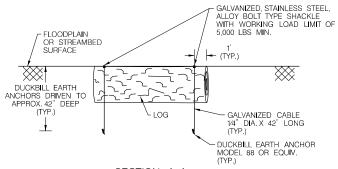


FLOODPLAIN LOG PLACEMENT DETAIL

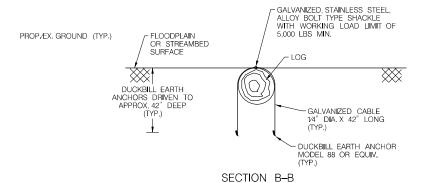
NOTE: FOR LOG ANCHOR DETAIL, SEE F-ESD-10



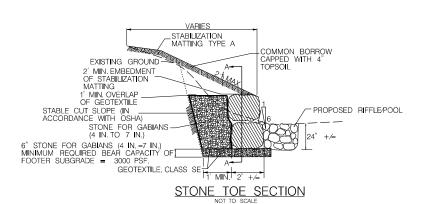
PLAN VIEW

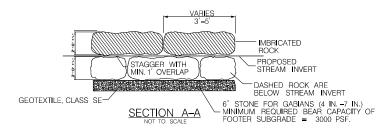


SECTION A-A

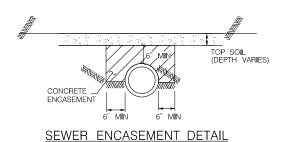


LOG ANCHOR DETAIL





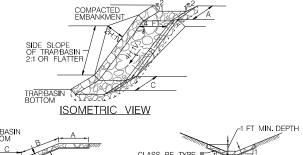
STONE TOE



NOTES

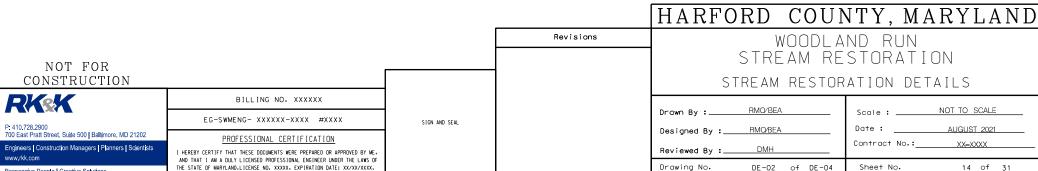
Responsive People I Creative Solution

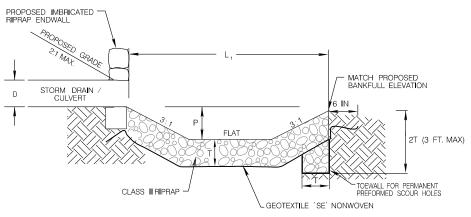
- 1. CONCRETE ENCASEMENT DEPTH TO MIDPOINT PIPE.
- 2. CONTRACTOR SHALL ONLY EXCAVATE TRENCH TO ELEVATION OF MID-POINT OF PIPE LOWER HALF OF PIPE SHALL NOT BE EXPOSED AND SHALL REMAIN ON IN-SITE SOIL.



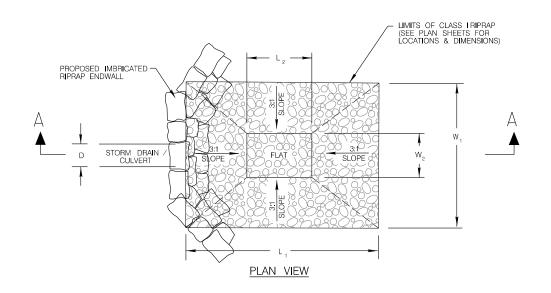
¹≥2 4 FT MIN. RIPRAP PROFILE ALONG CENTERLINE **CROSS SECTION**

RIPRAP INFLOW PROTECTION





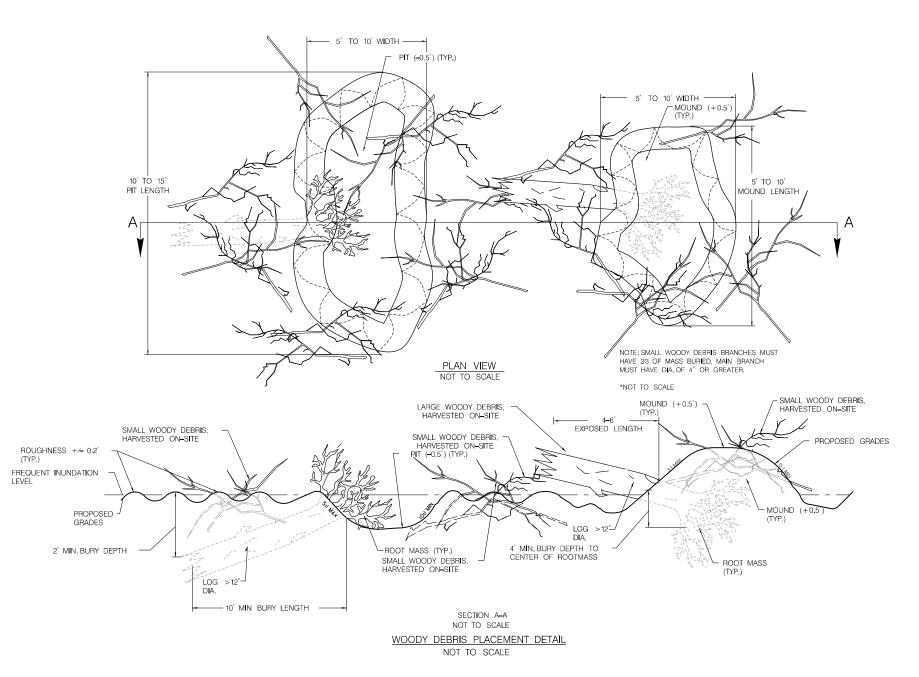
*NOTE: T (STONE THICKNESS) = 2 X D50 (MEDIAN DIAMETER OF RIPRAP) SECTION A-A



PREFORMED SCOUR HOLE CONSTRUCTION DETAILS NOT TO SCALE

PREFORMED SCOUR HOLE DIMENSION TABLE

D (IN.)	L ₁ (FT.)	L ₂ (FT.)	W (FT.)	W ₂ (FT.)	P (FT.)	D50 (IN.)	T (IN.)
-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-



Revisions

Drawing No.



SIGN AND SEAL PROFESSIONAL CERTIFICATION I HEREBY CERTIFY THAT THESE DOCUMENTS WERE PREPARED OR APPROVED BY ME. AND THAT I AM A DULY LICENSED PROFESSIONAL ENGINEER UNDER THE LAWS OF THE STATE OF MARYLAND.LICENSE NO. XXXXX. EXPIRATION DATE: XX/XX/XXXX.

HARFORD COUNTY, MARYLAND WOODLAND RUN STREAM RESTORATION

STREAM RESTORATION DETAILS

Sheet No.

RMO/BEA NOT TO SCALE Drawn By :_ Date: Designed By :__ Contract No.: DMH Reviewed By :

DE-03 of DE-04

PLOTTED: 9/15/2021

FILE: \balsrv05\w2017\2017\17040_HARCO\Task 001_Woodland Run\CADD\plans\15_pDE-0003-Woodland.dgn

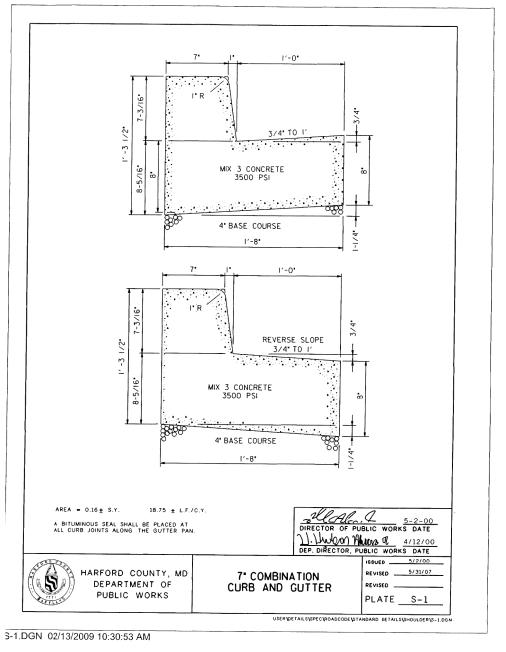
15 of 31

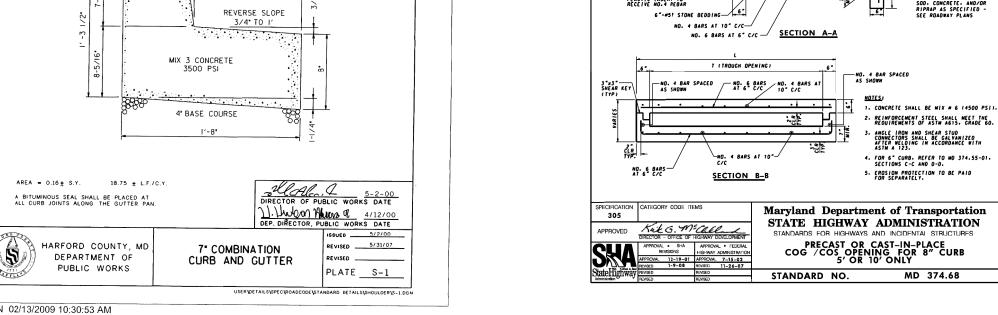


Date:

Contract No.:

Sheet No.





VARIES DADWAY PL

ليساح

DEPRESSED CONCRETE GUTTER— TO BE CAST IN THE FIELD SEE STO. MD-374.65

T (TROUGH OPENING)

PRECAST CONCRETE TOP SLAB

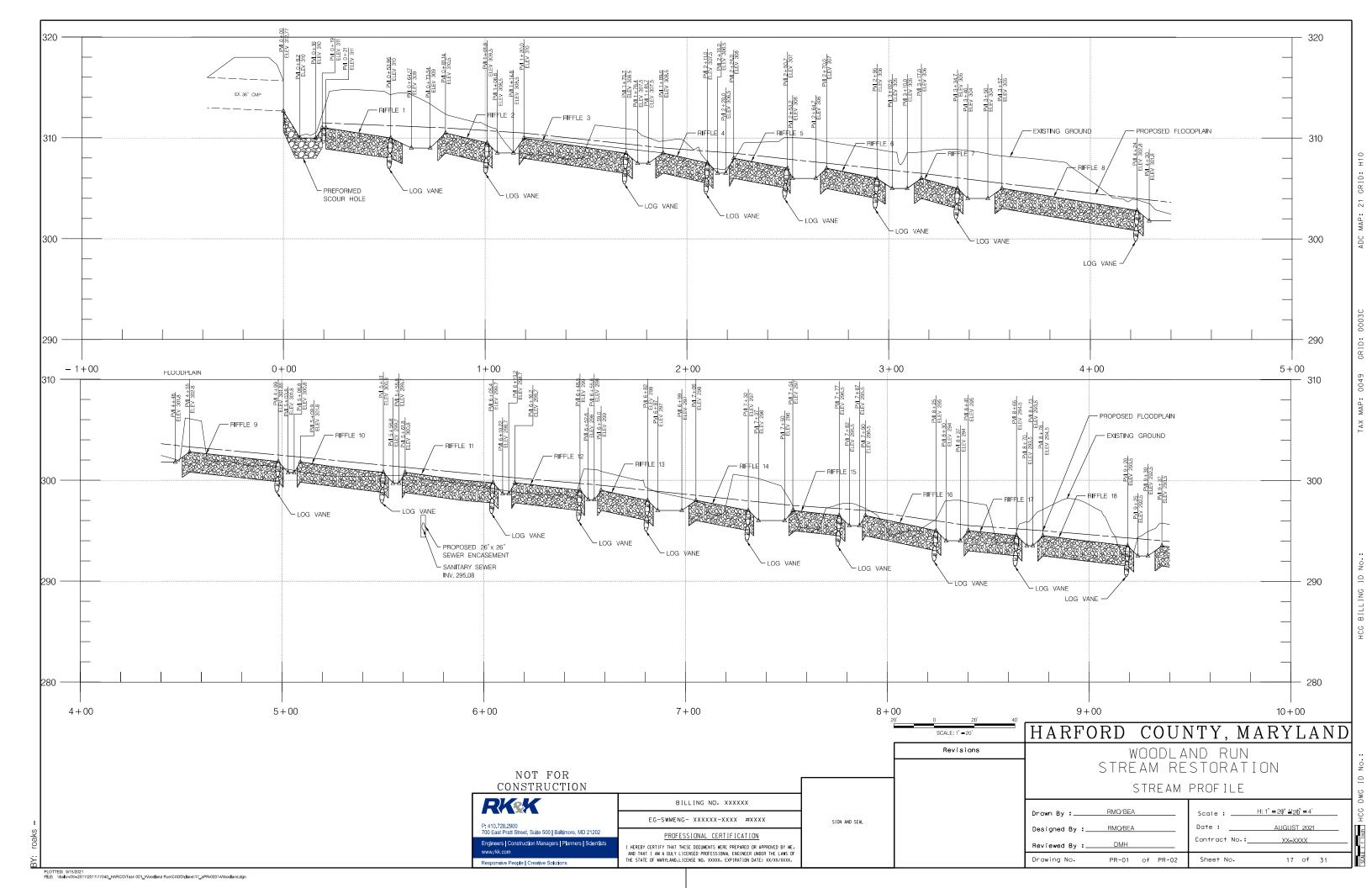
HARFORD COUNTY, MARYLAND Revisions WOODLAND RUN STREAM RESTORATION NOT FOR CONSTRUCTION STREAM RESTORATION DETAILS RKK RMO/BEA Drawn By :_ SIGN AND SEAL P: 410.728.2900 700 East Pratt Street, Suite 500 | Baltimore, MD 21202 RMQ/BEA Designed By :___ PROFESSIONAL CERTIFICATION DMH I HEREBY CERTIFY THAT THESE DOCUMENTS WERE PREPARED OR APPROVED BY ME. Reviewed By : AND THAT I AM A DULY LICENSED PROFESSIONAL ENGINEER UNDER THE LAWS OF THE STATE OF MARYLAND.LICENSE NO. XXXXX. EXPIRATION DATE: XX/XX/XXXX. Drawing No. DE-04 of DE-04

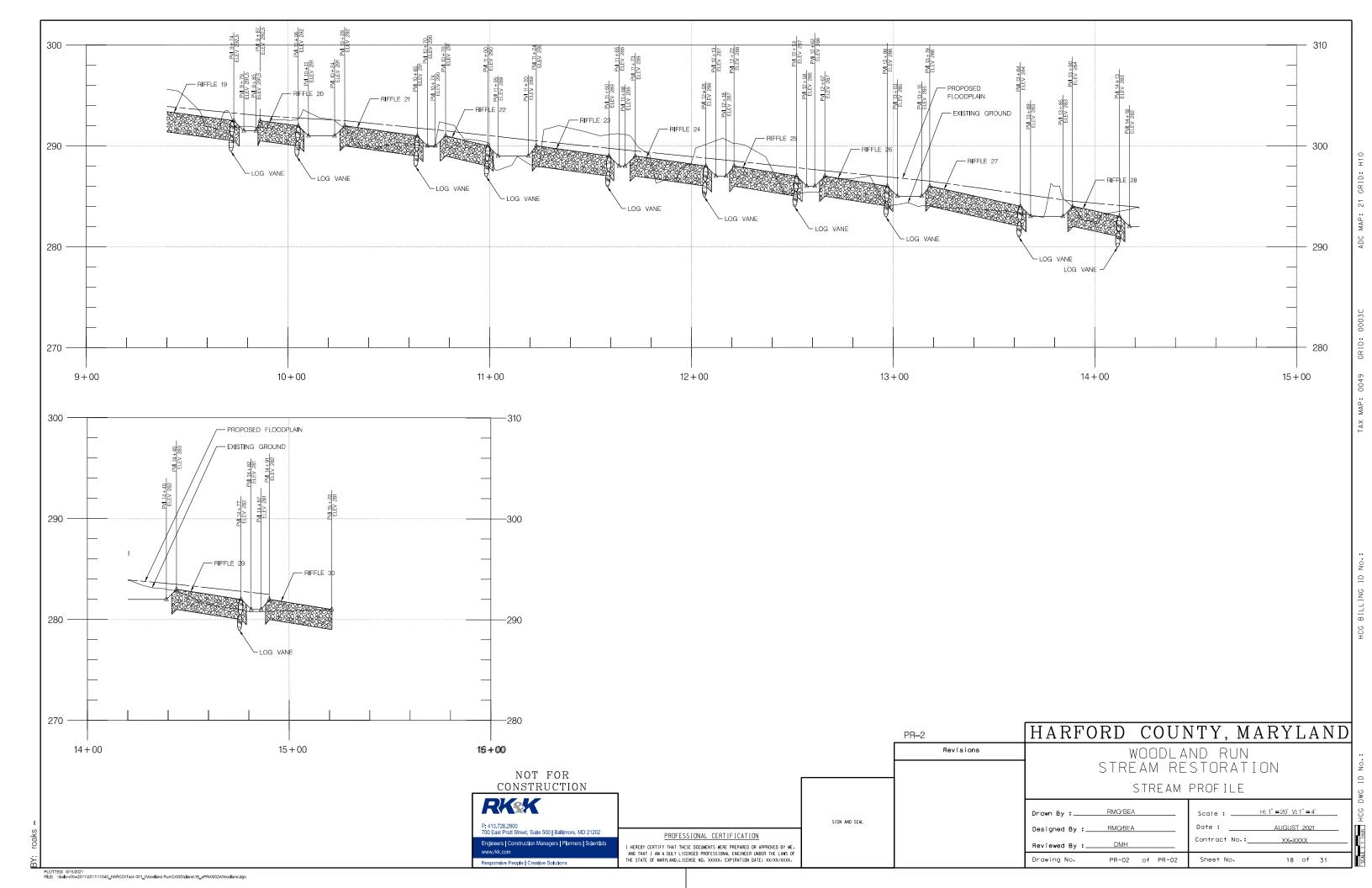
6 -A --1

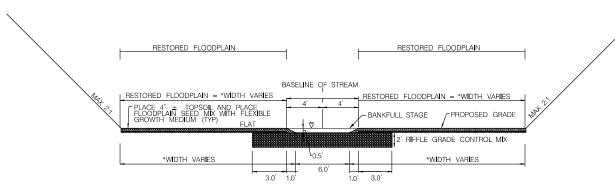
-NO. 6 BARS AT 6"
C/C -TOP SLAB

-4" x '2" SHEAR STUD CONNECTORS AT 3'-6" C/C MAX GALV. AFTER WELDING

NOTE: FOR 6" CURB. SEE NOTE 4 BELOW. SECTION C-C





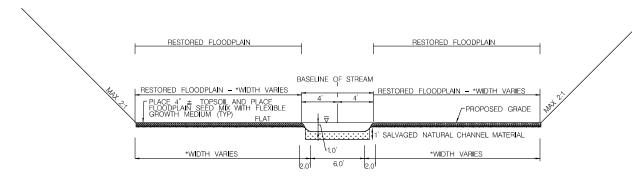


* SEE PLAN FOR LOCATIONS AND VARYING FLOODPLAIN AND CHANNEL WIDTHS

TYPICAL RIFFLE STREAM SECTION

1. THE RIFFLE GRADE CONTROL STABILITY MIX SHALL BE PLACED SO IT SHINGLES IN A DOWNSTREAM DIRECTION, SMALL AND LARGE STONES MUST BE MIXED TO MINIMIZE VOID SPACE AND PROMOTE INTERLOCKING. NATURAL CHANNEL BED MATERIAL SHALL BE WASHIED INTO THE MIX TO ENSURE ALL INTERSTITIAL VOIDS ARE FILLED AND SUBSURFACE FLOW IS ACHIEVED. DUMPING OF STONE WILL NOT

2. SEE CROSS SECTIONS FOR WIDTH AND TIE-IN ELEVATIOSN OF RIFFLE BANK TRANSITIONS

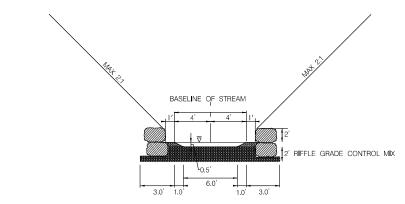


* SEE PLAN FOR LOCATIONS AND VARYING FLOODPLAIN AND CHANNEL WIDTHS

TYPICAL POOL STREAM SECTION

1. THE RIFFLE GRADE CONTROL STABILITY MIX SHALL BE PLACED SO IT SHINGLES IN A DOWNSTREAM DIRECTION, SMALL AND LARGE STONES MUST BE MIXED TO MINIMIZE VOID SPACE AND PROMOTE INTERLOCKING, NATURAL CHANNEL BED MATERIAL SHALL BE WASHIED INTO THE MIX TO ENSURE ALL INTERSTITIAL VOIDS ARE FILLED AND SUBSURFACE FLOW IS ACHIEVED DUMPING OF STONE WILL NOT BE PERMITTED

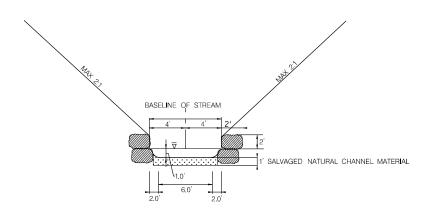
2. SEE CROSS SECTIONS FOR WIDTH AND TIE-IN ELEVATIOSN OF RIFFLE BANK TRANSITIONS



TYPICAL RIFFLE WITH STONE TOE SECTION

1. THE RIFFLE GRADE CONTROL STABILITY MIX SHALL BE PLACED SO IT SHINGLES IN A DOWNSTREAM DIRECTION, SMALL AND LARGE STONES MUST BE MIXED TO MINIMIZE VOID SPACE AND PROMOTE INTERLOCKING. NATURAL CHANNEL BED MATERIAL SHALL BE WASHIED INTO THE MIX TO ENSURE ALL INTERSTITIAL VOIDS ARE FILLED AND SUBSURFACE FLOW IS ACHIEVED DUMPING OF STONE WILL NOT BE PERMITTED

2. SEE CROSS SECTIONS FOR WIDTH AND TIE-IN ELEVATIONS OF RIFFLE BANK TRANSITIONS



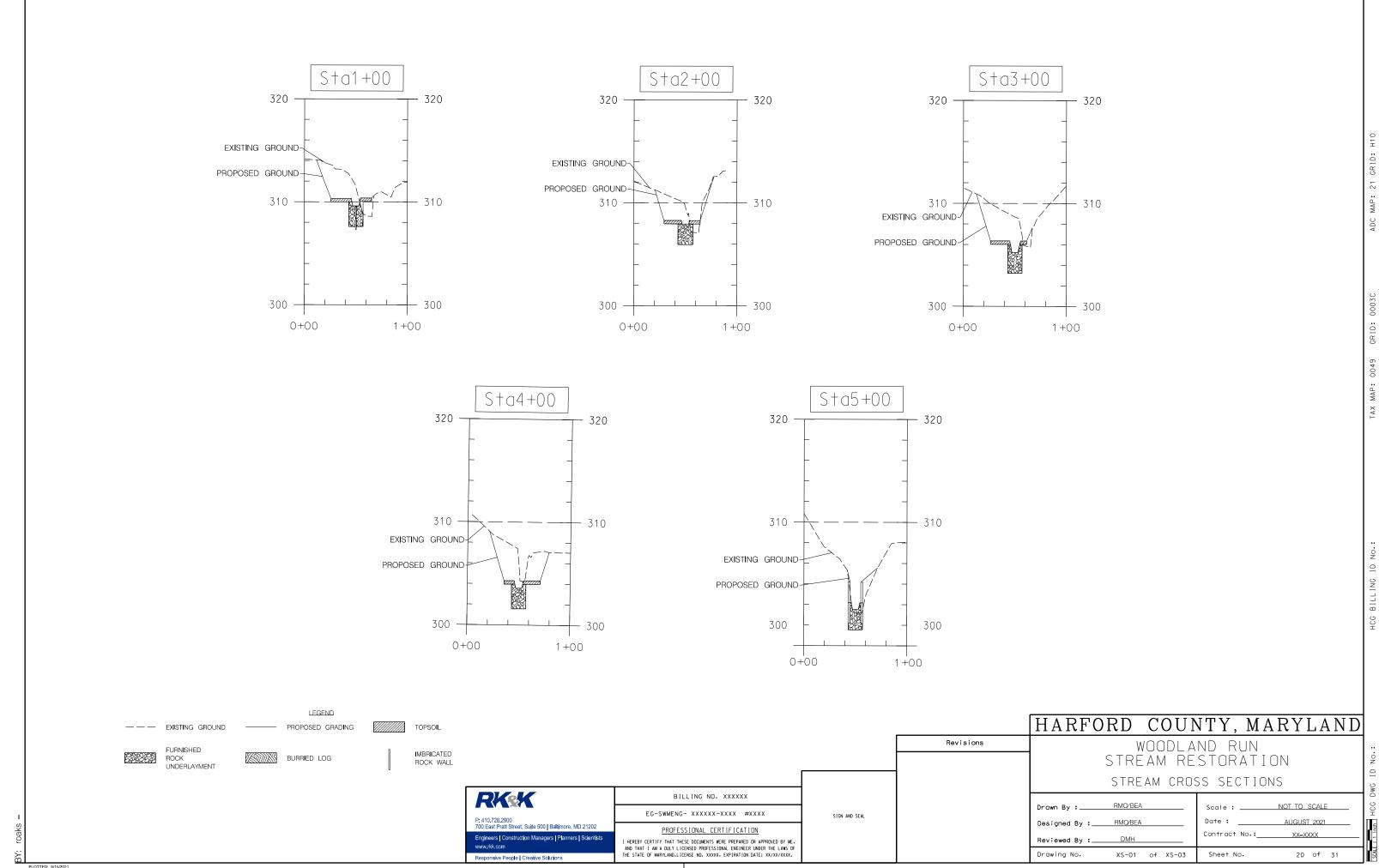
TYPICAL POOL WITH STONE TOE SECTION

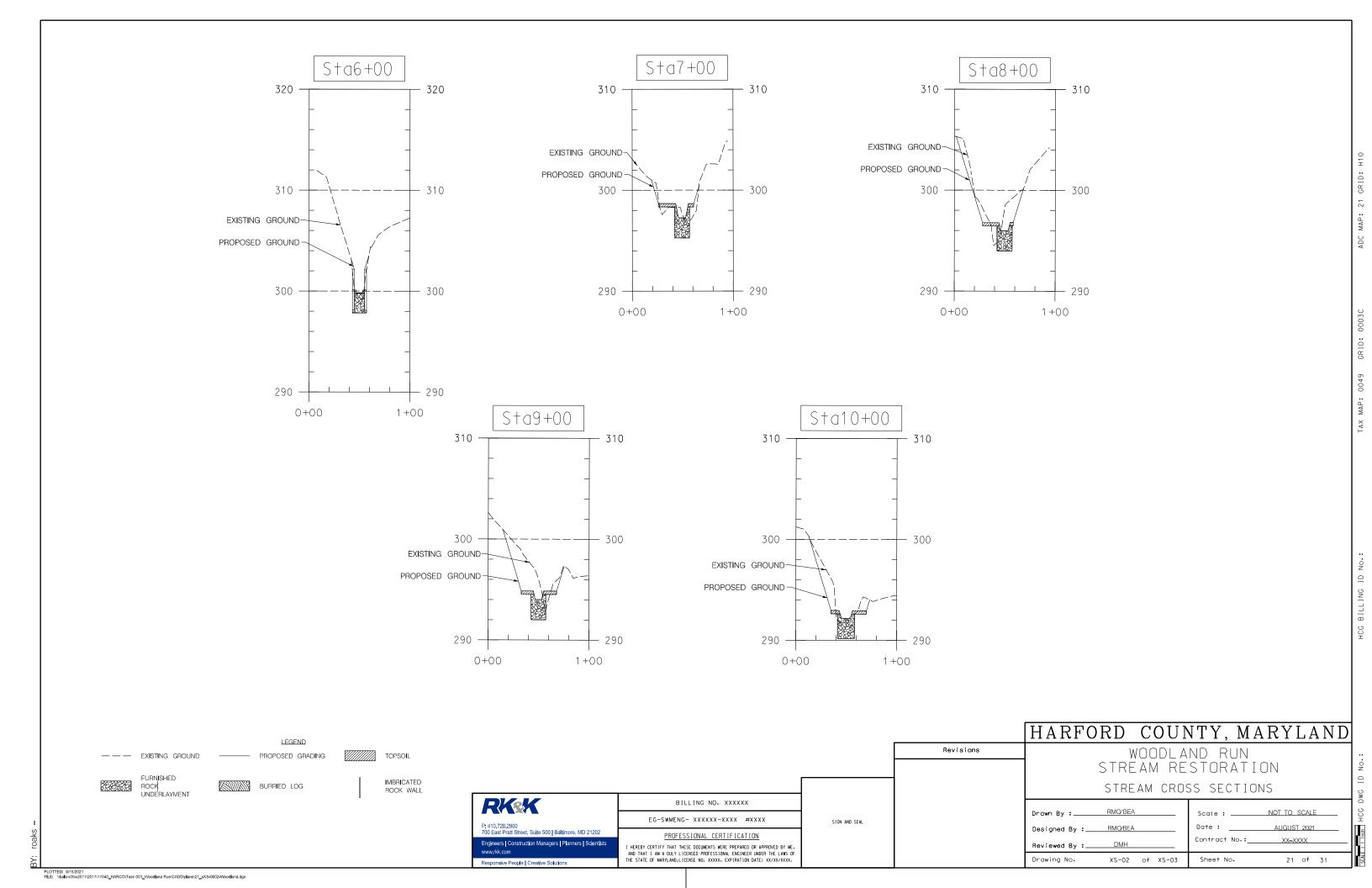
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		IYPICAL	SECTIONS				
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		Reviewed By :DMH	Contract No.: XX—XXXX				
		Drawing No. TS-01 of TS-01	Sheet No. 19 of 31				

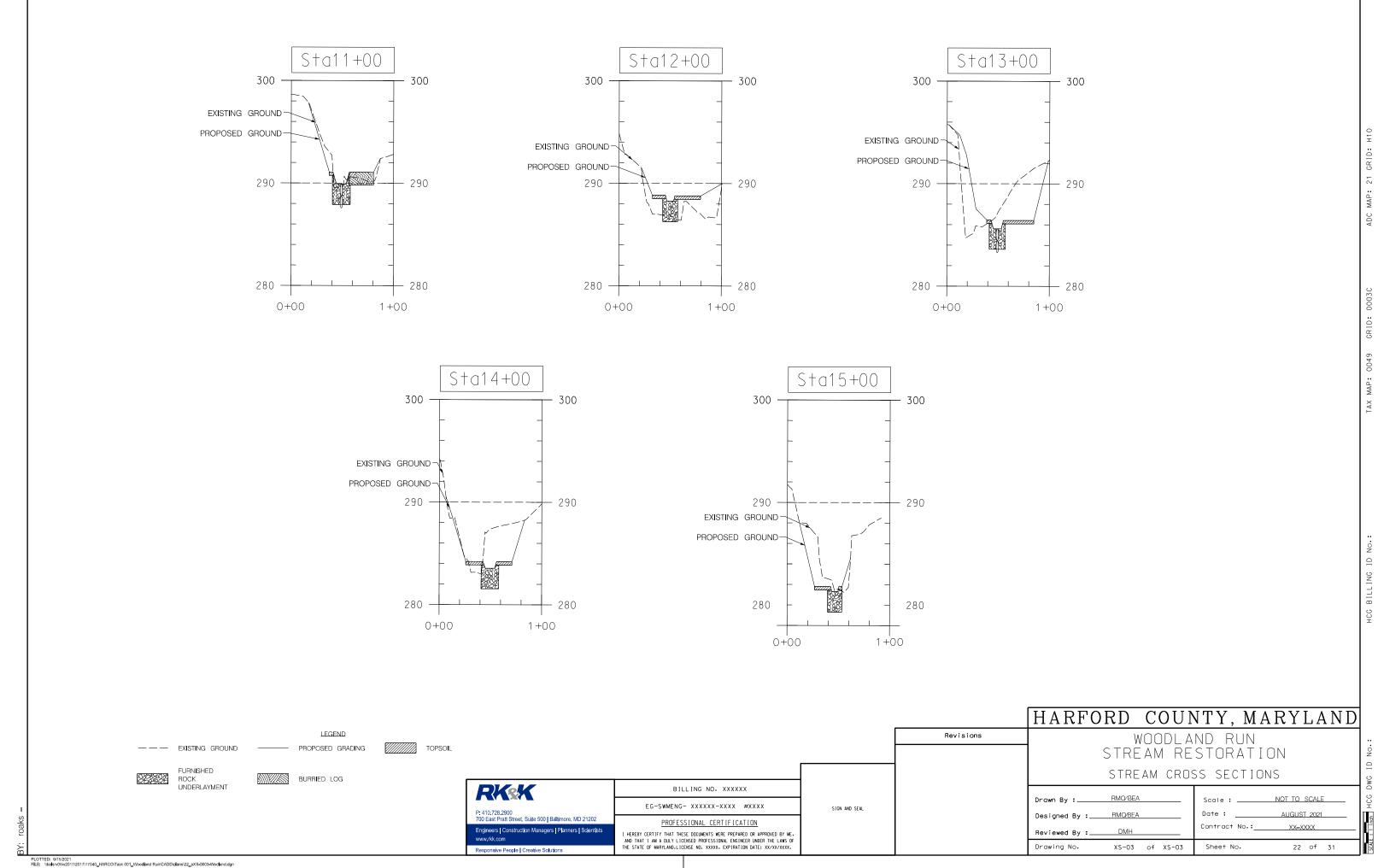
NOT FOR CONSTRUCTION BILLING NO. XXXXXX EG-SWMENG- XXXXXX-XXXX #XXXX P: 410.728.2900 700 East Pratt Street, Suite 500 | Baltimore, MD 21202 PROFESSIONAL CERTIFICATION I HEREBY CERTIFY THAT THESE DOCUMENTS WERE PREPARED OR APPROVED BY ME. AND THAT I AM A DULY LICENSED PROFESSIONAL ENGINEER UNDER THE LAWS OF THE STATE OF MARYLAND.LICENSE NO. XXXXX. EXPIRATION DATE: XX/XX/XXXX. Responsive People I Creative Solutions

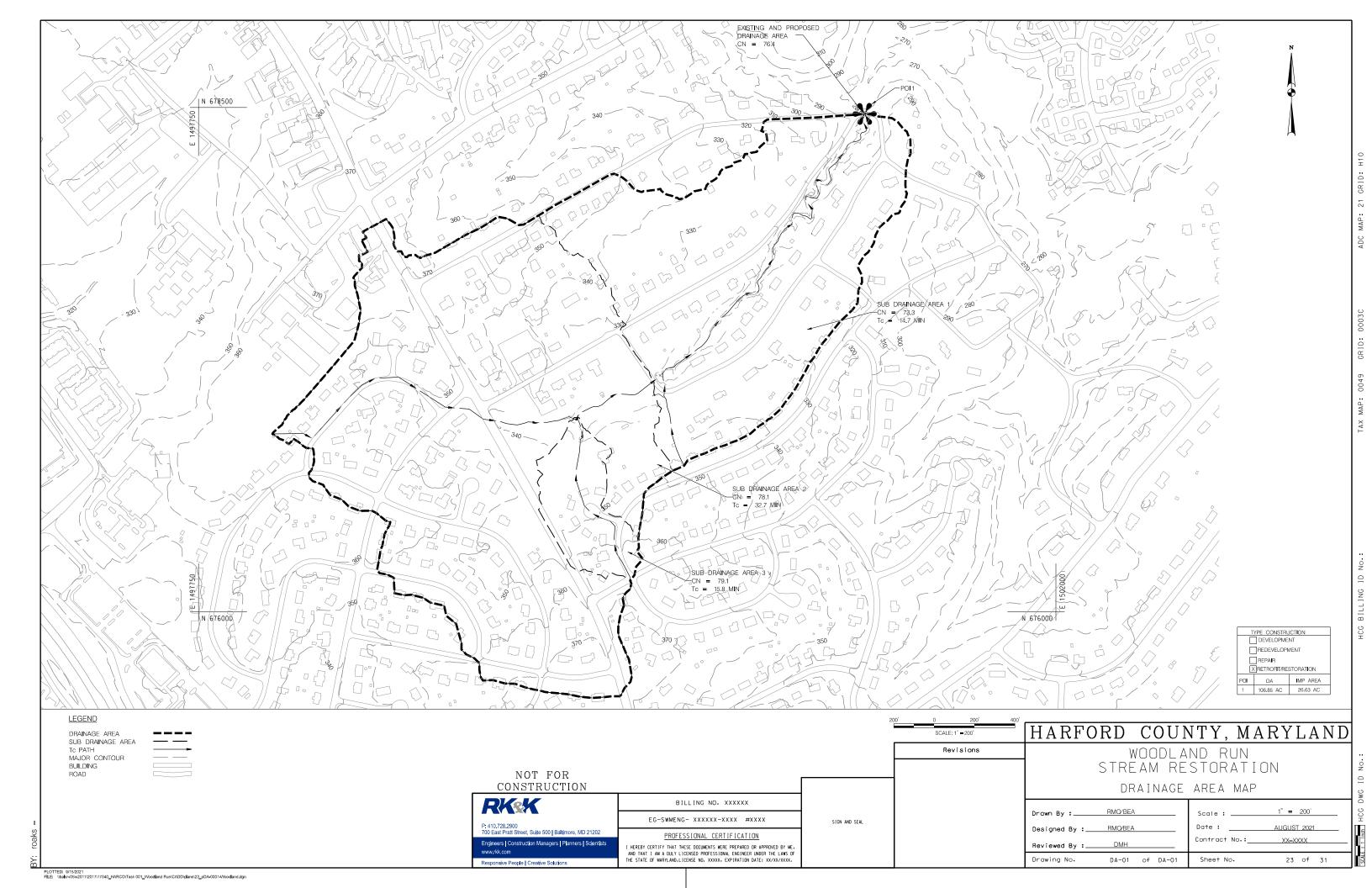
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- TEMPORARY ORANGE CONSTRUCTION FENCE (TOCF) SHALL BE INSTALLED ALONG THE LIMITS OF DISTURBANCE (LOD) ONLY WHERE THE LOD IS ADJACENT TO ROADWAYS AND PEDESTRIAN TRAFFIC TO PROTECT WETLANDS, WATERWAYS AND ADJACENT PROPERTIES FROM ACCIDENTAL ENCROACHMENT AND IMPACT. APPROVAL BY THE ENGINEER IS REQUIRED IN ORDER TO INSTALL TOCF. INSTALL TOCF IMMEDIATELY AFTER CONSTRUCTION PHASE LOD STAKEOUT AND PRIOR TO THE INSTALLATION OF SEDIMENT AND EROSION CONTROLS.
- 4. CONTRACTOR TO INSTALL ALL TREE PROTECTION MEASURES PRIOR TO CLEARING AND GRUBBING (TREE PROTECTION FENCE (TPF) AND TREE PROECTION PLANKING (TPP)) REFER TO THE EROSION AND SEDIMENT CONTROL PLANS (DWGS. ES-01-
- 5. CLEAR AND GRUB FOR THE AREA REQUIRED FOR INSTALLATION OF THE STABILIZED CONTRUCTION ENTRANCES (SCE), SILT FENCE (SF), SANDBAG DIVERSION (SD), DIRTY WATER PUMP (DWP), CLEAN WATER PUMP (CWP), OUTFALL PROECTION (OP), MULCH ACCESS ROAD (MAR), AND PERIMETER CONTROLS. CONTRACTOR TO SALVAGE AND STOCKPILE ALL SALVAGEABLE LOGS AND ROOTWARDS, DURING CLEARING AND GRUBBING. CONTRACTOR TO INSTALL ALL TREE PROTECTION MEASURES PRIOR TO CLEARING AND GRUBBING (TREE PROTECTION PLANKING (TPP))— REFER TO THE EROSION AND SEDIMENT CONTROL PLANS (DWGS, ES-01-ES-04).
- PRIOR TO ADDITIONAL CLEARING AND GRUBBING.
- SANDBAG DIVERSION SHALL BE INSTALLED AT THE BEGINING OF EACH WORK DAY ONLY WITHIN THE CONTRUCTION AREA(S) BEING WORKED AND REMOVED AT THE COMPLETION OF EACH WORK DAY. THE EXACT LOCATIONS MAY BE MODIFIED IN THE FIELD BASED ON EXISTING CONDITIONS. ANY ADJUSTMENTS MUST BE APPROVED
- 8. OUTFALL PROTECTION, DIRTY WATER PUMPS AND CLEAN WATER PUMPS TO BE INSTALLED AT THE BEGINING OF EACH WORK DAY AND REMOVED DAILY. NO IN-STREAM WORK ALLOWED DURING RUNDFF PRODUCING PRECIPITATION EVENTS THAT EXCEEDS PUMPING CAPACITY. THE EXACT LOCATIONS MAY BE MODIFIED IN THE FIELD BASED ON EXISTING CONDITIONS. ANY ADJUSTMENTS MUST BE APPROVED BY THE ENGINEER.
- 9. THE ACCESS ROAD, STOCKPILE AREAS, OUTFALL PROECTION AND SANDBAG DIVERSION WILL BE REMOVED AT THE COMPLETION OF EACH CONSTRUCTION PHASE AND IN CONJUNCTION WITH THE FLODOPLAIN GRADING UNLESS OTHERWISE NOTED OR AT THE IN-FIELD DIRECTION OF THE ENGINEER.
- 10. THE WORK IS DIVIDED INTO SEVEN (7) CONSTRUCTION AREAS AS SHOWN ON THE EROSION AND SEDIMENT CONTROL PLANS.
- 11. BEGIN WORK IN ACCORDANCE WITH THE INDIVIDUAL SEQUENCES FOR EACH
- 12. CONTINGENT SANDY SALVAGED SITE MATERIAL, SALVAGED SOIL AND NATURAL CHANNEL MATERIAL SHALL BE HARVESTED. SALVAGED, AND STOCKPILED DURING THE PHASE IN WHICH IT IS LOCATED ON THE PLANS, UTILIZING AN APPROVED SANDBAG DIVERSION AND DIRTY WATER PUMP PRACTICE.
- 13. THE ACCESS ROADS, STOCKPILE AREAS, CLEAN WATER PUMPS, OUTFALL PROECTION, DIRTY WATER PUMPS AND SANDBAG DIVERSIONS WITHIN EACH PHASE SHALL BE REMOVED UPON COMPLETION OF EACH PHASE UNLESS OTHERWISE NOTED OR DIRECTED BY THE ENGINEER. REUSE SANDBAG DIVERSION AT EACH PHASE.
- 14. UPON COMPLETION OF ALL PHASES INSTALL PERMANENT PLANTINGS PER THE LANDSCAPE SCHEDULE AND PLANS. COMPLETE SAME DAY STABILIZATION FOR ANY
- 15. UPON APPROVAL OF THE INSPECTOR. REMOVE REMAINING EROSION AND SEDIMENT CONTROL MEASURES AND STABILIZE ANY AREAS DISTURBED BY THEIR REMOVAL.

- 1. BEFORE MATERIAL CAN LEAVE THE SITE, ALL OFF-SITE STOCKPILING MUST BE APPROVED BY THE HARFORD COUNTY SOIL CONSERVATION DISTRICT.
- 2. WHEN THE SANDBAG DIVERSIONS AND DIRTY WATER PUMPS ARE USED. THE LOCATION OF THE HOSES AND FILTER BAGS MAY BE MODIFIED IN THE FIELD BASED ON EXISTING
- AT THE END OF EACH WORK DAY THE CONTRACTOR SHALL STABILIZE ANY DISTURBED AREA NOT DIRECTED TO AN EROSION AND SEDIMENT CONTROL DEVICE AND AS NOTED NEEDING SAME DAY STABILIZATION.
- 4. PUMP AROUND PRACTICES. INCLUDING NECESSARY SANDBAGS. SHALL BE IN PLACE AND FUNCTIONAL PRIOR TO BEGINNING INSTREAM ACTIVITIES EACH DAY. AT THE END OF EACH WORK DAY. THE SANDBAG DIVERSION SHALL BE REMOVED TO RE-ESTABLISH BASEFLOW AND PROVIDE A FLOW PATH DURING STORM FLOWS FOR ALL TIMES WHEN THE PUMP AROUND IS NOT ACTIVE.
- 5. THERE SHALL BE NO HERBICIDE, FERTILIZER, OR LYME TREATMENTS.
- STOCKPILE SHALL HAVE A MAXIMUM HEIGHT OF 20' AND A SIDE SLOPE NOT GREATER THAN 2:1. ALL STAGING AND STOCKPULE AREAS HAVE SILT FENCE ON DOWNSTREAM SIDE AS INDICATED ON PLANS.

- STREAM CONSTRUCTION AREA 1:
 DWG. ES-01

 1. INSTALL STABILIZED CONSTRUCTION ENTRANCE, TEMPORARY ORANGE CONSTRUCTION
 FENCE, MULCH ACCESS ROAD, TREE PROTECTION PLANKING, SILT FENCE AND STAGING
 AND STOCKPILE AREA AS INDICATED ON PLANS. CONTRACTOR MAY PLACE TEMPORARY
 GRADING FOR COMPLETION OF ACCESS ROAD WITHIN THE LOD.
- 2. INSTALL SANDBAG DIVERSION (SB-1, SB-2), CLEAN WATER PUMP (CWP-1), DIRTY WATER PUMP (DW-1), FILTER BAG (FB-1), DIVERSION HOSE, AND OUTFALL PROECTION (OP-1), SEE DWG. ES-01 FOR APPROXIMATE LOCATIONS, CONTRACTOR TO HAND PLACE SB-1 AND SB-2.
- 3. PRIOR TO ANY INSTREAM OR BANK WORK, PUMP AROUND THE WORK AREA BEHIND UPSTREAM SANDBAG DIVERSION USING CLEAN WATER PUMP AND DEWATER ANY SITTING WATER BETWEEN THE TWO SANDBAG DIVERSIONS USING DIRTY WATER PUMP AND FILTER BAG (SEE CONSTRUCTION NOTE 5).

- COMPLETE STREAMWORK WORKING FROM DOWNSTREAM TO UPSTREAM. DO NO DISTURB MORE THAN CAN BE BROUGHT TO FINISHED GRADE AND STABILIZED
- PLACE PERMANENT AND TEMPORARY SEED AS INDICATED PRIOR TO THE PLACEMENT OF ANY STABILIZATION MATTING OR MULCH.
- 6. PERMANENTLY STABILIZE THE WORK AREA WITH TYPE D SOIL STABILIZATION MATTING AND TEMPORARY MULCH AS SHOWN ON PLANS. TEMPORARILY STABILZE STREAM CHANNEL WITH ROCK AT THE END OF EACH DAY. CONTRACTOR TO PLACE STRAW MULCH UNDER TEMPORARY MATTING AND ALL NON STREAMBED DISTURBED AREAS.
- CONSTRUCTION TO BE COORDINATED SO THAT ANY BANK GRADING IN THE ACCESS ROAD LOCATION IS COMPLETED CONCURRENT WITH THE REMOVAL OF ACCESS ROAD WITHIN CONSTRUCTION AREA 1.
- AFTER CONSTRUCTION IS COMPLETE AND AREAS HAVE BEEN STABILIZED. REMOVE EROSION AND SEDIMENT CONTROLS WITH THE APPROVAL OF THE HARFORD COUNTY SCD INSPECTOR AND STABILIZE THE AREAS THAT ARE DISTURBED BY REMOVAL

- STREAM CONSTRUCTION AREA 2: STREAM BASELINE STA. 0+00 TO STA. 2+85 (DWG. ES-02) 1. TEMPORARY DRANGE CONSTRUCTION FENCE AND TREE PROTECTION PLANKING. AS INDICATED ON PLANS.
- INSTALL SANDBAG DIVERSION (SB-3, SB-4), CLEAN WATER PUMP (CWP-2), DIRTY WATER PUMP (DW-2), FILTER BAG (FB-2), DIVERSION HOSE, AND OUTFALL PROECTION (OP-2). SEE DWG. ES-02 FOR APPROXIMATE LOCATIONS. CONTRACTOR TO HAND PLACE SB-3 AND SB-4.
- PRIOR TO ANY INSTREAM OR BANK WORK, PUMP AROUND THE WORK AREA BEHIND UPSTREAM SANDBAG DIVERSION USING CLEAN WATER PUMP AND DEWATER ANY SITTING WATER BETWEEN THE TWO SANDBAG DIVERSIONS USING DIRTY WATER PUMP AND FILTER BAG (SEE CONSTRUCTION NOTE 4).
- COMPLETE STREAMWORK FROM STA. 0+00 TO STA. 2+85 (STREAM BASELINE) WORKING FROM UPSTREAM TO DOWNSTREAM. DO NOT DISTURB MORE THAN CAN BE BROUGHT TO FINISHED GRADE AND STABILIZED IN A DAY.
- PLACE PERMANENT AND TEMPORARY SEED AS INDICATED PRIOR TO THE PLACEMENT OF ANY STABILIZATION MATTING OR MULCH.
- PERMANENTLY STABILIZE THE WORK AREA WITH TYPE D SOIL STABILIZATION MATTING AND TEMPORARY MULCH AS SHOWN ON PLANS. TEMPORARILY STABILZE STREAM CHANNEL WITH ROCK AT THE END OF EACH DAY. CONTRACTOR TO PLACE STRAW MULCH UNDER TEMPORARY MATTING AND ALL NON STREAMBED DISTURBED AREAS
- AFTER CONSTRUCTION IS COMPLETE AND AREAS HAVE BEEN STABILIZED. REMOVE EROSION AND SEDIMENT CONTROLS WITH THE APPROVAL OF THE HARFORD COUNTY SCD INSPECTOR AND STABILIZE THE AREAS THAT ARE DISTURBED BY REMOVAL OF

- STREAM CONSTRUCTION AREA 3:
 STREAM BASELINE STA. 2+85 TO STA. 4+55 (DWG. ES-02)

 1. INSTALL STABILIZED CONSTRUCTION ENTRANCE. TEMPORARY ORANGE CONSTRUCTION FENCE, MULCH ACCESS ROAD, TREE PROTECTION PLANKING, SILT FENCE AND STAGING AND STOCKPILE AREA AS INDICATED ON PLANS. CONTRACTOR MAY PLACE TEMPORARY GRADING FOR COMPLETION OF ACCESS ROAD WITHIN THE LOD.
- 2. INSTALL SANDBAG DIVERSION (SB-5), CLEAN WATER PUMP (CWP-3), DIRTY WATER PUMP (DW-3). FILTER BAG (FB-3). DIVERSION HOSE. AND OUTFALL PROECTION (OP-3). SEE DWG. ES-02 FOR APPROXIMATE LOCATIONS. CONTRACTOR
- PRIOR TO ANY INSTREAM OR BANK WORK, PUMP AROUND THE WORK AREA BEHIND UPSTREAM SANDBAG DIVERSION USING CLEAN WATER PUMP AND DEWATER ANY SITTING WATER BETWEEN THE TWO SANDBAG DIVERSIONS USING DIRTY WATER PUMP AND FILTER BAG (SEE CONSTRUCTION NOTE 4).
- COMPLETE STREAMWORK FROM STA 2+85 TO STA. 4+55 WORKING FROM UPSTREAM TO DOWNSTREAM. DO NOT DISTURB MORE THAN CAN BE BROUGHT TO FINISHED GRADE AND STABILIZED IN A DAY.
- PLACE PERMANENT AND TEMPORARY SEED AS INDICATED PRIOR TO THE PLACEMENT OF ANY STABILIZATION MATTING OR MULCH.
- PERMANENTLY STABILIZE THE WORK AREA WITH TYPE D SOIL STABILIZATION MATTING AND TEMPORARY MULCH AS SHOWN ON PLANS. TEMPORARILY STABILZE STREAM CHANNEL WITH ROCK AT THE END OF EACH DAY. CONTRACTOR TO PLACE STRAW MULCH JNDER TEMPORARY MATTING AND ALL NON STREAMBED DISTURBED AREAS
- AFTER CONSTRUCTION IS COMPLETE AND AREAS HAVE BEEN STABILIZED. REMOVE EROSION AND SEDIMENT CONTROLS WITH THE APPROVAL OF THE HARFORD COUNTY SCD INSPECTOR AND STABILIZE THE AREAS THAT ARE DISTURBED BY REMOVAL OF

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- STREAM CONSTRUCTION AREA 4:
 STREAM BASELINE STA. 4+55 to STA. 7+05 (DWG. ES-02 AND DWG. ES-03)
 1. INSTALL TEMPORARY ORANGE CONSTRUCTION FENCE AND TREE PROTECTION
- PLANKING, AS INDICATED ON PLANS.
- INSTALL SANDBAG DIVERSION (SB-6), CLEAN WATER PUMP (CWP-4), DIRTY WATER PUMP (DW-4). FILTER BAG (FB-4). DIVERSION HOSE. AND OUTFALL PROECTION (OP-4). SEE DWG. ES-02 AND ES-03 FOR APPROXIMATE LOCATIONS. CONTRACTOR TO HAND PLACE SB-6.

BILLING NO. XXXXXX

PROFESSIONAL CERTIFICATION

I HEREBY CERTIFY THAT THESE DOCUMENTS WERE PREPARED OR APPROVED BY ME AND THAT I AM A DULY LICENSED PROFESSIONAL ENGINEER UNDER THE LAWS O

THE STATE OF MARYLAND.LICENSE NO. XXXXX, EXPIRATION DATE: XX/XX/XXXX

EG-SWMENG- XXXXXX-XXXX #XXXX

- PRIOR TO ANY INSTREAM OR BANK WORK, PUMP AROUND THE WORK AREA BEHIND UPSTREAM SANDBAG DIVERSION USING CLEAN WATER PUMP AND DEWATER ANY SITTING WATER BETWEEN THE TWO SANDBAG DIVERSIONS USING DIRTY WATER PUMP AND FILTER BAG (SEE CONSTRUCTION NOTE 4).
- 4. COMPLETE STREAMWORK FROM STA 4+55 TO STA. 7+05 WORKING FROM DOWNSTREAM TO UPSTREAM, DO NOT DISTURB MORE THAN CAN BE BROUGHT TO FINISHED GRADE AND STABILIZED IN A DAY.
- PLACE PERMANENT AND TEMPORARY SEED AS INDICATED PRIOR TO THE PLACEMENT OF ANY STABILIZATION MATTING OR MULCH.
- 6. PERMANENTLY STABILIZE THE WORK AREA WITH TYPE D SOIL STABILIZATION MATTING AND TEMPORARY MULCH AS SHOWN ON PLANS. TEMPORARILY STABILZE STREAM CHANNEL WITH ROCK AT THE END OF EACH DAY. CONTRACTOR TO PLACE STRAW MULCH UNDER TEMPORARY MATTING AND ALL NON STREAMBED DISTURBED AREAS.
- 7. AFTER CONSTRUCTION IS COMPLETE AND AREAS HAVE BEEN STABILIZED, REMOVE SCD INSPECTOR AND STABILIZE THE AREAS THAT ARE DISTURBED BY REMOVAL OF

- STREAM CONSTRUCTION AREA 5:
 STREAM BASELINE STA. 7+05 to STA. 11+70 (DWG. ES-03)
 1. INSTALL TEMPORARY ORANGE CONSTRUCTION FENCE AND TREE PROTECTION PLANKING. FENCE AS INDICATED ON PLANS.
- INSTALL SANDBAG DIVERSION (SB-7), CLEAN WATER PUMP (CWP-5), DIRTY WATER PUMP (DW-5), FILTER BAG (FB-5), DIVERSION HOSE, AND OUTFALL PROECTION (OP-5). SEE DWG. ES-03 FOR APPROXIMATE LOCATIONS. CONTRACTOR TO HAND PLACE SB-7.
- PRIOR TO ANY INSTREAM OR BANK WORK, PUMP AROUND THE WORK AREA BEHIND LIPSTREAM SANDRAG DIVERSION USING CLEAN WATER PUMP AND DEWATER ANY SITTING WATER BETWEEN THE TWO SANDBAG DIVERSIONS USING DIRTY WATER PUMP AND FILTER BAG (SEE CONSTRUCTION NOTE 4).
- 4. COMPLETE STREAMWORK FROM STA 7+05 TO STA. 11+70 WORKING FROM UPSTREAM TO DOWNSTREAM. DO NOT DISTURB MORE THAN CAN BE BROUGHT TO FINISHED GRADE AND STABILIZED IN A DAY.
- PLACE PERMANENT AND TEMPORARY SEED AS INDICATED PRIOR TO THE PLACEMENT OF ANY STABILIZATION MATTING OR MULCH.
- PERMANENTLY STABILIZE THE WORK AREA WITH TYPE D SOIL STABILIZATION MATTING AND TEMPORARY MULCH AS SHOWN ON PLANS. TEMPORARILY STABILZE STREAM CHANNEL WITH ROCK AT THE END OF EACH DAY. CONTRACTOR TO PLACE STRAW MULCH UNDER TEMPORARY MATTING AND ALL NOW STREAMBED DISTURBED AREAS.
- 7. AFTER CONSTRUCTION IS COMPLETE AND AREAS HAVE BEEN STABILIZED, REMOVE EROSION AND SEDIMENT CONTROLS WITH THE APPROVAL OF THE HARFORD COUNTY SCD INSPECTOR AND STABILIZE THE AREAS THAT ARE DISTURBED BY REMOVAL OF SEDIMENT CONTROLS.

- STREAM CONSTRUCTION AREA 6:
 STREAM BASELINE STA. 11-70 TO STA. 15-22 (DWG. ES-03 AND DWG. ES-04)
 1. INSTALL STABILIZED CONSTRUCTION ENTRANCE. TEMPORARY ORANGE CONSTRUCTION
 FENCE. MULCH ACCESS ROAD. TREE PROTECTION PLANKING, SILT FENCE AND STAGING AND STOCKPILE AREA AS INDICATED ON PLANS. CONTRACTOR MAY PLACE TEMPORARY GRADING FOR COMPLETION OF ACCESS ROAD WITHIN THE LOD.
- INSTALL SANDBAG DIVERSION (SB-8), DIRTY WATER PUMP (DW-6), FILTER BAG (FB-6), DIVERSION HOSE, AND OUTFALL PROECTION (OP-6). SEE DWG ES-03 AND ES-04 FOR APPROXIMATE LOCATIONS. CONTRACTOR TO HAND PLACE
- 3. PRIOR TO ANY INSTREAM OR BANK WORK, DEWATER ANY SITTING WATER BETWEEN THE TWO SANDBAG DIVERSIONS USING DIRTY WATER PUMP AND FILTER BAG (SEE CONSTRUCTION NOTE 4).
- COMPLETE STREAMWORK FROM STA 11+70 TO STA: 15+22 WORKING FROM DOWNSTREAM TO UPSTREAM. DO NOT DISTURB MORE THAN CAN BE BROUGHT TO FINISHED GRADE AND STABILIZED IN A DAY.
- 5. COMPLETE CURB, INLET, AND RIPRAP OUTFLOW WORK, DO NOT DISTURB MORE THAN CAN BE BROUGHT TO FINISHED GRADE AND STABILIZED IN A DAY.
- 6. PLACE PERMANENT AND TEMPORARY SEED AS INDICATED PRIOR TO THE PLACEMENT OF ANY STABILIZATION MATTING OR MULCH.
- 7. PERMANENTLY STABILIZE THE WORK AREA WITH TYPE D SOIL STABILIZATION MATTING AND TEMPORARY MULCH AS SHOWN ON PLANS. TEMPORARILY STABILIZE STREAM
 CHANNEL WITH ROCK AT THE END OF EACH DAY. CONTRACTOR TO PLACE STRAW MULCH
 UNDER TEMPORARY MATTING AND ALL NON STREAMBED DISTURBED AREAS.
- INSTALL PERMANENT PLANTINGS PER THE LANDSCAPE SCHEDULE AND PLANS (SEE DWG. XX) AFTER THE COMPLETION OF ALL PHASES, COMPLETE SAME DAY STABILIZATION FOR ANY DISTURBANCE.
- CONSTRUCTION TO BE COORDINATED SO THAT ANY BANK GRADING IN THE ACCESS ROAD LOCATION IS COMPLETED CONCURRENT WITH THE REMOVAL OF ACCESS ROAD WITHIN CONSTRUCTION AREA 6.
- 10. AFTER CONSTRUCTION IS COMPLETE AND AREAS HAVE BEEN STABILIZED, REMOVE EROSION AND SEDIMENT CONTROLS WITH THE APPROVAL OF THE HARFORD COUNTY SCD INSPECTOR AND STABILIZE THE AREAS THAT ARE DISTURBED BY REMOVAL OF SEDIMENT CONTROLS.

HARFORD COUNTY, MARYLAND Revisions WOODLAND RUN STREAM RESTORATION SEQUENCE OF CONSTRUCTION RMO/BEA NOT TO SCALE Drawn By :. SIGN AND SEAL RMQ/BEA Date: AUGUST 202 Designed By :_ Contract No.: Reviewed By : DMH 24 of 31 Drawing No. SC-01 of SC-01 Sheet No.

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- THE LIMITS OF DISTURBANCE SHALL BE CLEARLY DELINEATED IN THE FIELD PRIOR TO GRADING OF THE SITE TO ENSURE COMPLIANCE WITH APPROVED PLANS. ALL FOREST RETENTION AREAS WILL BE DELINEATED WITH BLAZE ORANGE FENCE AS WELL AS ANY SWM INFILTRATION PRACTICE PRIOR TO ANY CLEARING. WORK BEYOND THE LIMITS OF DISTURBANCE AND IN ANY AREA INSIDE THE FOREST RETENTION AND SWM INFILTRATION AREA IS CONSIDERED TO BE A VIOLATION OF THIS PLAN.
- ALL SEDIMENT CONTROL PRACTICES MUST BE INSTALLED PRIOR TO ANY ALL SEDIMENT CONTROL PRACTICES MUST BE INSTALLED PRIDE TO ANY CONSTRUCTION ACTIVITY. UPON COMPLETION OF THE INSTALLATION OF PERIMETER SEDIMENT CONTROL PRACTICES THE SITE MUST BE INSPECTED BY THE DEPARTMENT OF PUBLIC WORKS (DPW). NO ADDITIONAL CONSTRUCTION ACTIVITY WILL BE AUTHORIZED WITHOUT THE APPROVAL OF DPW.
- ALL POINTS OF INGRESS AND EGRESS SHALL BE PROTECTED TO PREVENT TRACKING OF MUD INTO PUBLIC WAYS. DURING CONSTRUCTION. EVERY MEANS WILL BE TAKEN TO CONTROL SOIL EROSION AND SILTATION. IF NECESSARY A WASH RACK MAY NEED TO BE ESTABLISHED.
- EARTH DIKES, SEDIMENT TRAPS, ETC. WILL BE LOCATED AS SHOWN ON THESE DRAWINGS. FIELD CHANGES AND MINOR ADJUSTMENTS ARE PERMISSIBLE AS LONG AS THE INSTALLATION FUNCTIONS AND CONFORMS TO SPECIFICATIONS. THE SITE INSPECTOR PRIOR TO INSTALLATION MUST APPROVE ALL SUCH CHANGES. MAJOR CHANGES TO THE APPROVED PLAN WILL REQUIRE RE-APPROVAL BY THE HARFORD SOIL CONSERVATION DISTRICT.
- FOLLOWING INITIAL SOIL DISTURBANCE OR RE-DISTURBANCE PERMANENT OR TEMPORARY STABILIZATION SHALL BE COMPLETED WITHIN:
 - THREE CALENDAR DAYS ON SLOPES GREATER THAN 3:1. ALL WATERWAYS AND TO THE SURFACE OF ALL PERIMETER CONTROLS.
 - SEVEN CALENDAR DAYS AS TO ALL OTHER DISTURBED OR GRADED AREAS OF THE PROJECT SITE.
- DUST CONTROL MUST BE MANAGED AS PART OF ALL SEDIMENT CONTROL PLANS. FAILURE TO DO SO IS A VIOLATION OF THIS PLAN.
- SEDIMENT BASINS MUST BE BUILT TO DESIGN SPECIFICATIONS SHOWN ON THE PLAN. IF THE BASIN IS TO BE USED AS A FUTURE SWM FACILITY. THE BASIN WILL BE BUILT IN ACCORDANCE WITH THE LATEST MO-378 STANDARDS AND SPECIFICATIONS. SPECIFIED MATERIALS MUST BE USED. NO CHANGES OR MODIFICATIONS WILL BE MADE WITHOUT WRITTEN AUTHORIZATION OF THE HARFORD SOIL CONSERVATION DISTRICT.
- TEMPORARY FENCING SHALL BE PLACED AROUND ALL SEDIMENT BASINS. TRAPS, AND PONDS DURING CONSTRUCTION AND SITE GRADING.
- AT THE END OF EACH WORKING DAY ALL SEDIMENT CONTROL PRACTICES WILL BE INSPECTED AND LEFT OPERATIONAL. A WEEKLY LOG WILL BE KEPT IN ACCORDANCE WITH NOI/NPDES REGULATIONS. A COPY OF THE APPROVED SEDIMENT CONTROL PLANS SHALL BE AVAILABLE AT THE SITE AT ALL TIMES.
- 11. ENSURE POSITIVE DRAINAGE TO ALL ROAD INLETS DURING ALL PHASES OF ROAD CONSTRUCTION TO ENSURE POSITIVE FLOW TO TRAPS AND OR BASINS
- SURFACE FLOWS OVER CUT AND FILL SLOPES SHALL BE CONTROLLED BY EITHER REDIRECTING FLOWS FROM TRAVERSING THE SLOPES OR BY INSTALLING MECHANICAL DEVICES TO SAFELY CONVEY WATER DOWN SLOPES WITHOUT CAUSING EROSION.
- OFF-SITE WASTE OR BORROW AREAS SHALL HAVE AN APPROVED EROSION AND SEDIMENT CONTROL PLAN PRIOR TO THE IMPORT OR EXPORT OF MATERIAL TO/FROM THE PROJECT SITE.
- ALL MATERIAL ORIGINATING FROM THE DEVELOPMENT OF THE PROPERTY AND DEPOSITED ON THE PUBLIC RIGHT-OF-WAY SHALL BE IMMEDIATELY REMOVED.
- STORM DRAIN INLETS AND OUTLETS SHALL BE PROTECTED PER 2020 EROSION AND SEDIMENT CONTROL STANDARDS AND SPECIFICATIONS.
- TOPSOIL, LIMING, FERTILIZING, SEEDING, MULCHING, SOD, ETC. ARE ALL AN ESSENTIAL PART OF THE SEDIMENT CONTROL PLAN AND MUST BE COMPLETED ALONG WITH ALL OTHER PRACTICES.
- TRAPS TO BE REMOVED SHALL BE DEWATERED AS PER THE 2020 EROSION AND SEDIMENT AND EROSION CONTROL STANDARDS AND SPECIFICATIONS.
- PRIOR TO REMOVAL OF TRAPS OR CONVERSION OF SEDIMENT BASINS TO SWM FACILITIES. THE STORM DRAINS WILL BE FLUSHED. 19.
- SEDIMENT CONTROL PRACTICES WILL BE MAINTAINED UNTIL ALL DISTURBED AREAS FOR WHICH THE PRACTICES WERE INSTALLED HAVE BEEN STABILIZED. SEDIMENT CONTROL PRACTICES MAY BE REMOVED ONLY WITH THE AUTHORIZATION OF THE DPW INSPECTOR. ALL DISTURBED AREAS RESULTING FROM THE REMOVAL OF SEDIMENT CONTROL DEVICES SHALL BE STABILIZED IMMEDIATELY. REMOVAL PRIOR TO INSPECTOR'S APPROVAL CONSTITUTES A VIOLATION.

SITE ANALYSIS (NOT FOR BIDDING PURPOSES)

TOTAL AREA TO BE STABILIZED = 2.77 AC TOTAL DISTURBED AREA = 2.77 AC
TOTAL AREA TO BE PAVED = 0 AC TOTAL DISTURBED AREA TOTAL CUT = 4570.87 CU YD TOTAL FILL = 1371.24 CU YD NPDES ID POINT: N: 677615 E: 1500521

PERMANENT VEGETATIVE STABILIZATION

ALL DISTURBED AREAS WHICH ARE NOT BE PAVED. SHALL BE PERMANENTLY STABILIZED AS FOLLOWS:

- SEEDBED PREPARATION: LOOSEN UPPER THREE INCH BY RAKING DISCING. OR OTHER ACCEPTABLE MEANS AFTER SPREADING FOUR INCHES OF TOP SOIL. Α).
- SOIL AMENDMENTS: APPLY 500 LBS. PER ACRE OF 10-10-10 FERTILIZER AND TWO TONS PER ACRE OF LIME.
- POR PERIODS MARCH1 TO MAY 15 AND AUGUST 15 TO OCTOBER 15, SEED WITH 1251BS. PER ACRE OF TALL FESCUE, 15 LBS. PER ACRE OF PERIODS ACRE OF PERIODS AND 10 LBS. OF KENTUCKY BLUCGRASS.

FOR PERIOD OF MARCH 16 TO AUGUST 14. SEED WITH 110 LBS. PER ACRE OF TALL FESCUE AND 3 LBS. PER ACRE OF WEEPING LOVEGRASS.

FOR PERIOD OF OCTOBER 16 TO FEBRUARY 28. PROTECT SITE BY: OPTIONS (1) 2 TONS PER ACRE OF WELL ANCHORED STRAW MULCH AND SEED AS SOON AS POSSIBLE IN THE SPRING, (2) USE SOD OR (3) SEED WITH 60LBS. PER ACRE OF TALL FESCUE AND MULCH WITH 2 TONS PER ACRE OF WELL ANCHORED STRAW. NOTE: FOR OUICK COVER WITH TALL FESCUE. ADD 2 LBS. OF SMALL GRAIN PER 1.000 SO.FT.

MULCHING SPECIFICATIONS
MULCH SHALL BE APPLIED TO ALL SEEDED AREAS IMMEDIATELY AFTER
SEEDING.

APPLY 2 TONS PER ACRE OF STRAW OVER ALL SEEDD AREAS. IF A MULCH ANCHORING TOOL IS TO BE USED. THE RATE SHALL BE INCREASED TO 2.5 TONS PER ACRE.**

MULCH ANCHORING SHALL BE PERFORMED IMMEDIATELY FOLLOWING MUCH APPLICATION TO MINIMIZE LOSS BY WIND AND WATER. THE TYPE OF MULCH ANCHORING USED MUST COMPLY WITH THE 1994 MARYLAND STANDARDS AND SPECIFICATIONS.

* IF OTHER SEED MIXES ARE TO BE SUBSTITUTED. THEY MUST COMPLY WITH THE 1994 MARYLAND STANDARDS AND SPECIFICATIONS. CHAPTER 20. TABLE 25. ** IF A DIFFERENT TYPE OF MULCH IS TO BE USED. IT MUST COMPLY WITH THE 1994 MARYLAND STANDARDS AND SPECIFICATIONS. CHAPTER 20.

TEMPORARY VEGETATION STABILIZATION

- SEEDBED PREPARATION: LOOSEN UPPER THREE INCHES BY DISCING, RAKING OR OTHER ACCEPTABLE MEANS.
- SOIL AMENDMENTS:
 APPLY 600 LBS. PER ACRE OF 10-10-10 FERTILIZER AND TWO TONS
 PER ACRE OF LIME.
- SEEDING:
 FOR PERIOD OF MARCH 11 TO APRIL 30 AND AUGUST 15 TO
 NOVEMBER 15. SEED WITH 2.5 BU PER ACRE OF CEREAL RYE
 PLUS 30 LBS. PER ACRE OF TALL FESCUE OR 5 LBS. PER ACRE
 OF REDTOP OR 20 LBS. PER ACRE OF PERENNIAL RYEGRASS.

FOR PERIODS LOF MAY1 TO AUGUST 14, SEED WITH 3 LBS. PER ACRE OF WEEPING LOVEGRASS OR 40 LBS. PER ACRE OF JAPANESE OR FOXTAIL MILLET.

FOR PERIODS OF NOVEMBER 16 TO FEBRUARY 28, PROTECT THE SITE BY APPLYING TWO TONS PER ACRE OF WELL ANCHORED STRAW MULCH AND SEED AS SOON AS POSSIBLE IN THE SPRING, OR USE SOD.

MULCHING SPECIFICATIONS:
MULCH SHALL BE APPLIED TO ALL SEEDED AREAS. IMMEDIATELY AFTER MULCH SHALL BE APPLIED TO ALL SEEDED AREAS. IMMEDIATELY AFTER SEEDING.

APPLY TWO TONS PER ACREA OF STRAW OVER ALL SEEDED AREAS. IF A MULCH ANCHORING TOOL IS TO BE USED. THE RATE SHALL BE INCREASED TO 25 TONS PER ACRE.**

MULCH ANCHORING SHALL BE PERFORMED IMMEDIATELY FOLLOWING MULCH APPLICATION TO MINIMIZE LOSS BY WIND AND AETER. THE MULCH ANCHORING TOOL MUST COMPLY WITH THE 1994 MARYLAND STANDARDS SPECIFICATIONS.

NOT FOR

CONSTRUCTION

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Responsive People I Creative Solution

* IF OTHER SEED MIXES ARE TO BE SUBSTITUTED. THEY MUST COMPLY WITH THE 1994 MARYLAND STANDARDS AND SPECIFICATIONS, CHAPTER 20, TABLE 25 ** IF A DIFFERENT TYPE OF MULCH IS TO BE USED, IT MUST COMPLY WITH THE 1994 MAYLAND STANDARDS AND SPECIFICATIONS, CHAPTER 20.

DEVELOPER'S/LANDOWNER'S CERTIFICATION

I/WE CERTIFY THAT ALL PROPOSED WORK SHOWN ON THESE CONSTRUCTION DRAWING(S) WILL BE ACCOMPLISHED PURSUANT TO THESE PLANS. I/WE ALSO UNDERSTAND THAT IT IS MY/QUR RESPONSIBILITY TO HAVE THE CONSTRUCTION SUPERVISED AND CERTIFIED. INCLOING THE SUBMITTAL OF "AS-BUILT" PLANS WITHIN 30 DAYS OF COMPLETION. BY A REGISTERED PROFESSIONAL ENGINEER.

SIGNED	DATE

PRINTED NAME

ENGINEER'S CERTIFICATION

I CERTIFY THAT THIS PLAN FOR EROSION AND SEDIMENT CONTROL AND STORM WATER MANAGEMENT REPRESENTS A PRACTICAL AND WORKABLE PLAN BASED ON MY PERSONAL KNOWLEDGE OF THE SITE CONDITIONS AND THAT IT WAS PREPARED WITH THE 2011 MARYLAND STANDARD AND SPECIFICATIONS FOR SOIL EROSION AND SEDIMENT

ENGINEER	

BEST MANAGEMENT PRACTICES FOR WORKING IN NON TIDAL WETLANDS, WETLAND BUFFERS, WATERWAYS AND 100 YEAR FLOOD PLAINS

- NO EXCESS FILL. CONSTRUCTION MATERIAL. OR DEBRIS SHALL BE STOCKPILED OR STORED IN NON TIDAL WETLANDS, NON TIDAL WETLAND BUFFERS, WATERWAYS OR THE 100-YEAR FLOODPLAIN.
- PLACE MATERIALS IN A LOCATION AND MANNER WHICH DOES NOT ADVERSELY IMPACT SURFACE OR SUBSURFACE WATER FLOW INTO OR OUT OF NON TIDAL WETLANDS, NON TIDAL WETLAND BUFFERS, WATERWAYS OR THE 100 YEAR FLOODPLAIN.
- DO NOT USE EXCAVATED MATERIAL AS BACK FILL IF IT CONTAINS WASTE METAL PRODUCTS. UNSIGHTLY DEBRIS. TOXIC MATERIAL, OR ANY OTHER DELETERIOUS SUBSTANCE. IF ADDITIONAL BACK FILL IS REQUIREED. USE CLEAN MATERIAL FREE OF WASTE METAL PRODUCTS. UNSIGHTLY DEBRIS. TOXIC MATERIAL, OR ANY OTHER DELETERIOUS SUBSTANCE.
- PLACE HEAVY EQUIPMENT ON MATS OR SUITABLY OPERATE THE EQUIPMENT TO PREVENT DAMAGE TO NON TIDAL WETLANDS, NON TIDAL WETLAND BUFFERS, OR WATRWAYS OR THE 100 YEAR FLOODPLAIN.
- REPAIR AND MAINTAIN ANY SERVICEABLE STRUCTURE OR FILL SO THERE IS NO PERMANENT LOSS OF NON TIDAL WETLANDS, NON TIDAL WETLAND BUFFERS, OR WATERWAYS, OR PERMANENT MODIFICATION OF THE 100 YEAR FLOODPLAIN IN EXCESS OF THAT LOST UNDER THE ORIGINALLY AUTHORIZED STRUCTURE OR FILL.
- RECTIFY ANY NON TIDAL WETLANDS, WETLAND BUFFERS, WATERWAYS OR 100 YEAR FLOODPLAIN TEMPORARILY IMPACTED BY ANY CONSTRUCTION.
- ALL STABILIZATION IN THE NON TIDAL WETLAND AND NON TIDAL WETLAND BUFFER SHALL CONSIST OF THE FOLLOWING SPECIES: ANNUAL RYEGRASS(LOLIUM MULTIFLORUM), MILLET(SETRA ITALICA), BARLEY(HORDEUM SP.), OATS(UNIOLA SP), AND/OR RYE(SECALE CEREALE), THESE SPECIES WILL ALLOW FOR THE STABILIZATION OF THE SITE WHILE ALSO ALLOWING FOR THE VOLUNTARY REVEGETATION OF NATURAL WETLAND SPECIES, OTHER NON PERSISTENT VEGETATION MAY BE ACCEPTABLE, BUT MUST BE APPROVED BY THE NON TIDAL WETLANDS AND WATERWAYS DIVISION, KENTUCKY 31 FESCUE SHALL NOT BE UTILIZED IN WETLAND OR BUFFER AREAS, THE AREA SHOULD BE SEEDED AND MULCHED TO REDUCE EROSION.
- AFTER CONSTRUCTION ACTIVITIES HAVE BEEN COMPLETED, AFTER INSTALLATION HAS BEEN COMPLETED, MAKE POST CONSTRUCTION GRADES AND ELEVATIONS THE SAME AS THE ORIGINAL GRADES AND ELEVATIONS IN TEMPORARILY IMPACTED AREAS.

Revisions

- TO PROTECT AQUATIC SPECIES, IN STREAM WORK IS PROHIBITED AS DETERMINED BY THE CLASSIFICATION OF THE STREAM:

 9.1 USE I WATERS: IN STREAM WORK SHALL NOT BE CONDUCTED DURING THE PERIOD MARCH 1 THRU JUNE 15, INCLUSIVE, DURING ANY YEAR.
- STORMWATER RUNOFF FROM IMPERVIOUS SURFACES SHALL BE CONTROLLED TO PREVENT THE WASHING OF DEBRIS INTO THE WATERWAY.
- CULVERTS SHALL BE CONSTRUCTED AND ANY RIPRAP PLACED SO AS NOT TO OBSTUCT THE MOVEMENT OF AQUATIC SPECIES, UNLESS THE PURPOSE OF THE ACTIVITY IS TO IMPONUD WATER.

S/C PLAN # XXXXX

SIGN AND SEAL

GP #

PROFESSIONAL CERTIFICATION I HEREBY CERTIFY THAT THESE DOCUMENTS WERE PREPARED OR APPROVED BY ME AND THAT I AM A DULY LICENSED PROFESSIONAL ENGINEER UNDER THE LAWS O

THE STATE OF MARYLAND.LICENSE NO. XXXXX. EXPIRATION DATE: XX/XX/XXXX

EROSION AND SEDIMENT CONTROL						
PLAN #						
RECOMMEND FOR APPROVAL						
HARFORD COUNTY DPW						
HAMI OND COOKITI DI W						
TECHNICAL CONCURRENCE						
HARFORD SOIL CONSERVATION DISTRICT						
APPROVED:						

HARFORD SOIL CONSERVATION DISTRICT

DATE

HARFORD COUNTY, MARYLAND WOODLAND RUN

Sheet No.

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		EROSION	AND	SEDIM	IENT	CONTRO)L	NOTES
			MO/DEA					TO 00415

Drawing No.

Drawn By:	RMO/BEA	Scale :	NOT TO SCALE
Designed By :_	RMQ/BEA	Date:	AUGUST 2021
Reviewed By :_	DMH	Contract No.:	XX - XXXX

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BE DISPOSED OF AT SITES WITH AN APPROVED EROSION AND SEDIMENT CONTROL PLAN AND AN

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DEFINITION

THE PROCESS OF PREPARING THE SOILS TO SUSTAIN ADEQUATE VEGETATIVE STABILIZATION.

TO PROVIDE A SUITABLE SOIL MEDIUM FOR VEGETATIVE GROWTH.

CONDITIONS WHERE PRACTICE APPLIES
WHERE VEGETATIVE STABILIZATION IS TO BE ESTABLISHED.

CRITERIA

SOIL PREPARATION

- 1. TEMPORARY STABILIZATION
 - A. SEEDBED PREPARATION CONSISTS OF LOOSENING SOIL TO A DEPTH OF 3 TO 5 INCHES BY MEANS OF SUITABLE AGRICULTURAL OR CONSTRUCTION EQUIPMENT, SUCH AS DISC HARROWS OR CHISEL PLOWS OR RIPPERS MOUNTED ON CONSTRUCTION EQUIPMENT. AFTER THE SOIL IS LOOSENED. IT MUST NOT BE ROLLED OR DRAGGED SMOOTH BUT LEFT IN THE ROUGHENED CONDITION. SLOPES 3:1 OR FLATTER ARE TO BE TRACKED WITH RIDGES RUNNING PARALLEL TO THE CONTOUR OF THE SLOPE.
 - B. APPLY FERTILIZER AND LIME AS PRESCRIBED ON THE PLANS.
 - C. INCORPORATE LIME AND FERTILIZER INTO THE TOP 3 TO 5 INCHES OF SOIL BY DISKING OR OTHER SUITABLE MEANS.
- 2. PERMANENT STABILIZATION
 - A. A SOIL TEST IS REQUIRED FOR ANY EARTH DISTURBANCE OF 5 ACRES OR MORE. THE MINIMUM SOIL CONDITIONS REQUIRED FOR PERMANENT VEGETATIVE ESTABLISHMENT
 - I. SOIL PH BETWEEN 6.0 AND 7.0.
 - II. SOLUBLE SALTS LESS THAN 500 PARTS PER MILLION (PPM).
 - III.SOIL CONTAINS LESS THAN 40 PERCENT CLAY BUT ENOUGH FINE GRAINED MATERIAL (GREATER THAN 30 PERCENT SILT PLUS CLAY) TO PROVIDE THE CAPACITY TO HOLD A MODERATE AMOUNT OF MOISTURE. AN EXCEPTION: IF LOVEGRASS WILL BE PLANTED, THEN A SANDY SOIL (LESS THAN 30 PERCENT SILT PLUS CLAY) WOULD BE ACCEPTABLE
 - IV. SOIL CONTAINS 1.5 PERCENT MINIMUM ORGANIC MATTER BY WEIGHT.
 - V. SOIL CONTAINS SUFFICIENT PORE SPACE TO PERMIT ADEQUATE ROOT PENETRATION.
- B. APPLICATION OF AMENDMENTS OR TOPSOIL IS REQUIRED IF ON-SITE SOILS DO NOT MEET THE ABOVE CONDITIONS.
- C. GRADED AREAS MUST BE MAINTAINED IN A TRUE AND EVEN GRADE AS SPECIFIED ON THE APPROVED PLAN. THEN SCARIFIED OR OTHERWISE LOOSENED TO A DEPTH OF 3 TO 5 INCHES.
- D. APPLY SOIL AMENDMENTS AS SPECIFIED ON THE APPROVED PLAN OR AS INDICATED BY THE RESULTS OF A SOIL TEST.
- E. MIX SOIL AMENDMENTS INTO THE TOP 3 TO 5 INCHES OF SOIL BY DISKING OR OTHER SUITABLE MEANS. RAKE LAWN AREAS TO SMOOTH THE SURFACE, REMOVE LARGE OBJECTS LIKE STONES AND BRANCHES, AND READY THE AREA FOR SEED APPLICATION, LOOSEN SURFACE SOIL BY DRAGGING WITH A HEAVY CHAIN OR OTHER EQUIPMENT TO ROUGHEN THE SURFACE WHERE SITE CONDITIONS WILL NOT PERMIT NORMAL SEEDBED PREPARATION. TRACK SLOPES 3:1 OR FLATTER WITH TRACKED EQUIPMENT LEAVING THE SOIL IN AN IRREGULAR CONDITION WITH RIDGES RUNNING PARALLEL TO THE CONTOUR OF THE SLOPE. LEAVE THE TOP 1 TO 3 INCHES OF SOIL LOOSE AND FRIABLE. SEEDBED LOOSENING MAY BE UNNECESSARY ON NEWLY DISTURBED AREAS.

. TOPSOILING

- TIPSOIL IS PLACED OVER PREPARED SURSOIL PRIOR TO ESTABLISHMENT OF PERMANENT VEGETATION. THE PURPOSE IS TO PROVIDE A SULTABLE SOIL MEDIUM FOR VEGETATIVE
- TOPSOIL IS PLACED OVER PREPARED SUBSOIL FIRTOR TO ESTABLISHMENT OF PERMANENT VEGETATIVE GROWTH. SOILS OF CONCERN HAVE LOW MOISTURE CONTENT, LOW MUTRIENT LEVELS, LOW PH, MATERIALS TOXIC TO PLANTS, AND/OR UNACCEPTABLE SOIL GRADATION.

 TOPSOIL SALVAGED FROM AN EXISTING SITE MAY BE USED PROVIDED IT MEETS THE STANDARDS AS SET FORTH IN THESE SPECIFICATIONS. TYPICALLY, THE DEPTH OF TOPSOIL

 TO BE SALVAGED FOR A GIVEN SOIL TYPE CAN BE FOUND IN THE REPRESENTATIVE SOIL PROFILE SECTION IN THE SOIL SURVEY PUBLISHED BY USDA-NRCS.

- TOPSOILING IS LIMITED TO AREAS HAVING 2:1 OR FLATTER SLOPES WHERE:

 A. THE TEXTURE OF THE EXPOSED SUBSOIL/PARENT MATERIAL IS NOT ADEQUATE TO PRODUCE VEGETATIVE GROWTH.

 B. THE SOIL MATERIAL IS SO SHALLOW THAT THE ROOTING ZONE IS NOT DEEP ENOUGH TO SUPPORT PLANTS OR FURNISH CONTINUING SUPPLIES OF MOISTURE AND PLANT NUTRIENTS.

- NUTRIENTS.
 C. THE ORIGINAL SOIL TO BE VEGETATED CONTAINS MATERIAL TOXIC TO PLANT GROWTH.
 D. THE SOIL IS SO ACIDIC THAT TREATMENT WITH LIMESTONE IS NOT FEASIBLE.
 AREAS HAVING SLOPES STEEPER THAN 2:1 REQUIRE SPECIAL CONSIDERATION AND DESIGN.
 TOPSOIL SPECIFICATIONS: SOIL TO BE USED AS TOPSOIL MUST MEET THE FOLLOWING CRITERIA:
 A. TOPSOIL MUST BE A LOAM. SANDY LOAM. CLAY LOAM. SLIT LOAM. SANDY CLAY LOAM. OR LOAMY SAND. OTHER SOILS MAY BE USED IF RECOMMENDED BY AN AGRONOMIST OR
 SOIL SCIENTIST AND APPROVED BY THE APPROPRIATE APPROVAL AUTHORITY. TOPSOIL MUST NOT BE A MIXTURE OF CONTRASTING TEXTURED SUBSOILS AND MUST CONTAIN
 LESS THAN 5 PERCENT BY VOLUME OF CINDERS. STONES. SLAG. COARSE FRAGMENTS. GRAVEL. STICKS. ROOTS. TRASH. OR OTHER MATERIALS LARGER THAN 1.5 INCHES IN
- TOPSOIL MUST BE FREE OF NOXIOUS PLANTS OR PLANT PARTS SUCH AS BERMUDA GRASS, QUACK GRASS, JOHNSON GRASS, NUT SEDGE, POISON IVY, THISTLE, OR OTHERS AS SPECIFIED.
- TOPSOIL SUBSTITUTES OR AMENDMENTS, AS RECOMMENDED BY A QUALIFIED AGRONOMIST OR SOIL SCIENTIST AND APPROVED BY THE APPROPRIATE APPROVAL AUTHORITY, MAY BE USED IN LIEU OF NATURAL TOPSOIL.
- 6. TOPSOIL APPLICATION
 A. EROSION AND SEDIMENT CONTROL PRACTICES MUST BE MAINTAINED WHEN APPLYING TOPSOIL.
 - A. ERUSION AND SEDIMENT CUNINCL PRACTICES MUST BE MAINTAINED WHEN APPLYING TOPSOIL.

 B. UNIFORMLY DISTRIBUTE TOPSOIL IN A 5 TO 8 INCH LAYER AND LIGHTLY COMPACT TO A MINIMUM THICKNESS OF 4 INCHES. SPREADING IS TO BE PERFORMED IN SUCH A MANNER THAT SODDING OR SEEDING CAN PROCEED WITH A MINIMUM OF ADDITIONAL SOIL PREPARATION AND TILLAGE. ANY IRREGULARITIES IN THE SURFACE RESULTING FROM TOPSOILING OR OTHER OPERATIONS MUST BE CORRECTED IN ORDER TO PREVENT THE FORMATION OF DEPRESSIONS OR WATER POCKETS.

 TOPSOIL MUST NOT BE PLACED IF THE TOPSOIL OR SUBSOIL IS IN A FROZEN OR MUDDY CONDITION, WHEN THE SUBSOIL IS EXCESSIVELY WET OR IN A CONDITION THAT MAY OTHERWISE BE DETRIMENTAL TO PROPER GRADING B.14 AND SEEDBED PREPARATION.
- SOIL AMENDMENTS (FERTILIZER AND LIME SPECIFICATIONS)

 1. SOIL TESTS MUST BE PERFORMED TO DETERMINE THE EXACT RATIOS AND APPLICATION RATES FOR BOTH LIME AND FERTILIZER ON SITES HAVING DISTURBED AREAS OF 5 ACRES OR MORE. SOIL ANALYSIS MAY BE PERFORMED BY A RECOGNIZED PRIVATE OR COMMERCIAL LABORATORY. SOIL SAMPLES TAKEN FOR ENGINEERING PURPOSES MAY ALSO BE USED FOR CHEMICAL ANALYSES.

 - FOR CHEMICAL ANALYSES.
 FERTILIZERS MUST BE UNIFORM IN COMPOSITION, FREE FLOWING AND SUITABLE FOR ACCURATE APPLICATION BY APPROPRIATE EQUIPMENT. MANURE MAY BE SUBSTITUTED FOR FERTILIZERS MUST BE UNIFORM IN COMPOSITION. FREE FLOWING AND SUITABLE FOR ACCURATE APPLICABLE LAWS AND MUST BEAR THE NAME. TRADE NAME OR TRADEMARK AND WARRANTY OF THE PRODUCER.
 LIME MATERIALS MUST BE GROUND LIMESTONE (HYDRATED OR BURNT LIME MAY BE SUBSTITUTED EXCEPT WHEN HYDROSEEDING) WHICH CONTAINS AT LEAST 50 PERCENT TOTAL OXIDES (CALCIUM OXIDE PLUS MAGNESIUM OXIDE). LIMESTONE MUST BE GROUND TO SUCH FINENESS THAT AT LEAST 50 PERCENT WILL PASS THROUGH A #700 MESH SIEVE AND 98 TO 100 PERCENT WILL PASS THROUGH A #20 MESH SIEVE.
 LIME AND FERTILIZER ARE TO BE EVENLY DISTRIBUTED AND INCORPORATED INTO THE TOP 3 TO 5 INCHES OF SOIL BY DISKING OR OTHER SUITABLE MEANS.
 WHERE THE SUBSOIL IS EITHER HIGHLY ACIDIC OR COMPOSED OF HEAVY CLAYS, SPREAD GROUND LIMESTONE AT THE RATE OF 4 TO 8 TONS/ACRE (200-400 POUNDS PER 1.000 SOUARE FEET) PRIOR TO THE PLACEMENT OF TOPSOIL.

TEMPORARY SEEDING SUMMARY

		SS ZONE (FROM FIGUE MIXTURE (FROM TAE	FERTILIZER RATE	LINE DATE		
NO.	SPECIES	APPLICATION RATE (LB/AC)	SEEDING DATES	SEEDING DEPTHS	(10-20-20)	LIME RATE
	ANNUAL RYEGRASS	40 LB/ACRE	3/01 - 5/15 8/01 - 10/15	1/2"	436 LB/AC	2 TONS/AC
	FOXTAIL MILLET	30 LB/ACRE	5/16 - 7/31	1/2"	(IO LB/I000 SF)	(90 LB/1000 SF)

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B-4-3 STANDARDS AND SPECIFICATIONS FOR SEEDING AND MUICHING

THE APPLICATION OF SEED AND MULCH TO ESTABLISH VEGETATIVE COVER.

PURPOSE
TO PROTECT DISTURBED SOILS FROM EROSION DURING AND AT THE END OF CONSTRUCTION.

CONDITIONS WHERE PRACTICE APPLIES

THE SURFACE OF ALL PERIMETER CONTROLS, SLOPES, AND ANY DISTURBED AREA NOT UNDER ACTIVE GRADING.

CRITERIA SEEDING

- 1. SPECIFICATIONS
 - A. ALL SEED MUST MEET THE REQUIREMENTS OF THE MARYLAND STATE SEED LAW. ALL SEED MUST BE SUBJECT TO RE-TESTING BY A RECOGNIZED SEED LABORATORY. ALL SEED MUST HAVE BEEN TESTED WITHIN THE 6 MONTHS IMMEDIATELY PRECEDING THE DATE OF SOWING SUCH MATERIAL ON ANY PROJECT. REFER TO TABLE B.4 REGARDING THE QUALITY OF SEED. SEED TAGS MUST BE AVAILABLE UPON REQUEST TO THE INSPECTOR TO VERIFY TYPE OF SEED AND SEEDING RATE.
 - B. MULCH ALONE MAY BE APPLIED BETWEEN THE FALL AND SPRING SEEDING DATES ONLY IF THE GROUND IS FROZEN. THE APPROPRIATE SEEDING MIXTURE MUST BE APPLIED WHEN THE GROUND
 - C. INOCULANTS: THE INOCULANT FOR TREATING LEGUME SEED IN THE SEED MIXTURES MUST BE A PURE CULTURE OF NITROGEN FIXING BACTERIA PREPARED SPECIFICALLY FOR THE SPECIES, INOCULANTS MUST NOT BE USED LATER THAN THE DATE INDICATED ON THE CONTAINER, ADD FRESH INOCULANTS AS DIRECTED ON THE PACKAGE. USE FOUR TIMES THE RECOMMENDED RATE WHEN HYDROSEEDING. NOTE: IT IS VERY IMPORTANT TO KEEP INOCULANT AS COOL AS POSSIBLE UNTIL USED. TEMPERATURES ABOVE 75 TO 80 DEGREES FAHRENHEIT CAN WEAKEN BACTERIA AND MAKE THE INOCULANT LESS EFFECTIVE.
 - SOD OR SEED MUST NOT BE PLACED ON SOIL WHICH HAS BEEN TREATED WITH SOIL STERILANTS OR CHEMICALS USED FOR WEED CONTROL UNTIL SUFFICIENT TIME HAS ELAPSED (14 DAYS MIN.) TO PERMIT DISSIPATION OF PHYTO-TOXIC MATERIALS.

2. APPLICATION

- A. DRY SEEDING: THIS INCLUDES USE OF CONVENTIONAL DROP OR BROADCAST SPREADERS. 1. INCORPORATE SEED INTO THE SURSOIL AT THE RATES PRESCRIBED ON TEMPORARY SEEDING TABLE B.1. PERMANENT SEEDING TABLE B.3. OR SITE-SPECIFIC SEEDING SUMMARIES.
- 11. APPLY SEED IN TWO DIRECTIONS, PERPENDICULAR TO EACH OTHER, APPLY HALF THE SEEDING RATE IN EACH DIRECTION. ROLL THE SEEDED AREA WITH A WEIGHTED ROLLER TO PROVIDE GOOD SEED TO SOLL CONTACT
- B. DRILL OR CULTIPACKER SEEDING: MECHANIZED SEEDERS THAT APPLY AND COVER SEED WITH SOIL.
- 1. CULTIPACKING SEEDERS ARE REQUIRED TO BURY THE SEED IN SUCH A FASHION AS TO PROVIDE AT LEAST 1/4 INCH OF SOIL COVERING, SEEDBED MUST BE FIRM AFTER PLANTING.
 11. APPLY SEED IN TWO DIRECTIONS, PERPENDICULAR TO EACH OTHER, APPLY HALF THE SEEDING RATE IN EACH DIRECTION.
- C. HYDROSEEDING: APPLY SEED UNIFORMLY WITH HYDROSEEDER (SLURRY INCLUDES SEED AND FERTILIZER) 1. IF FERTILIZER IS BEING APPLIED AT THE TIME OF SEEDING, THE APPLICATION RATES SHOULD NOT EXCEED THE FOLLOWING: NITROGEN, 100 POUNDS PER ACRE TOTAL OF SOLUBLE NITROGEN; P (PHOSPHOROUS), 200 POUNDS PER ACRE: ((POTASSIUM), 200 POUNDS PER ACRE.
 - 11. LIME: USE ONLY GROUND AGRICULTURAL LIMESTONE (UP TO 3 TONS PER ACRE MAY BE APPLIED BY HYDROSEEDING). NORMALLY, NOT MORE THAN 2 TONS ARE APPLIED BY HYDROSEEDING AT ANY ONE TIME. DO NOT USE BURNT OR HYDRATED LIME WHEN HYDROSEEDING.
 - III.MIX SEED AND FERTILIZER ON SITE AND SEED IMMEDIATELY AND WITHOUT INTERRUPTION

IV. WHEN HYDROSEEDING DO NOT INCORPORATE SEED INTO THE SOIL. B. MULCHING

1. MULCH MATERIALS (IN ORDER OF PREFERENCE)

- A. STRAW CONSISTING OF THOROUGHLY THRESHED WHEAT, RYE, DAT, OR BARLEY AND REASONABLY BRIGHT IN COLOR, STRAW IS TO BE FREE OF NOXIOUS WEED SEEDS AS SPECIFIED IN THE MARYLAND SEED LAW AND NOT MUSTY. MOLDY. CAKED. DECAYED. OR EXCESSIVELY DUSTY. NOTE: USE ONLY STERILE STRAW MULCH IN AREAS WHERE ONE SPECIES OF GRASS IS DESIRED.
- B. WOOD CELLULOSE FIBER MULCH (WCEM) CONSISTING OF SPECIALLY PREPARED WOOD CELLULOSE PROCESSED INTO A UNIFORM FIBROUS PHYSICAL STATE.
 - I. WCFM IS TO BE DYED GREEN OR CONTAIN A GREEN DYE IN THE PACKAGE THAT WILL PROVIDE AN APPROPRIATE COLOR TO FACILITATE VISUAL INSPECTION OF THE UNIFORMLY SPREAD SLURRY.

 - 11. WCFM. INCLUDING DYE, MUST CONTAIN NO GERMINATION OR GROWTH INHIBITING FACTORS.
 111. WCFM MATERIALS ARE TO BE MANUFACTURED AND PROCESSED IN SUCH A MANNER THAT THE WOOD CELLULOSE FIBER MULCH WILL REMAIN IN UNIFORM SUSPENSION IN WATER UNDER AGITATION AND WILL BLEND WITH SEED, FERTILIZER AND OTHER ADDITIVES TO FORM A HOMOGENEOUS SLURRY. THE MULCH MATERIAL MUST FORM A BLOTTER-LIKE GROUND COVER, ON APPLICATION, HAVING MOISTURE ABSORPTION AND PERCOLATION PROPERTIES AND MUST COVER AND HOLD GRASS SEED IN CONTACT WITH THE SOIL WITHOUT INHIBITING THE GROWTH OF THE
 - IV. WCFM MATERIAL MUST NOT CONTAIN ELEMENTS OR COMPOUNDS AT CONCENTRATION LEVELS THAT WILL BE PHYTO-TOXIC.
- V. WCFM MUST CONFORM TO THE FOLLOWING PHYSICAL REQUIREMENTS: FIBER LENGTH OF APPROXIMATELY 10 MILLIMETERS, DIAMETER APPROXIMATELY 1 MILLIMETER, PH RANGE OF 4.0 TO 8.5. ASH CONTENT OF 1.6 PERCENT MAXIMUM AND WATER HOLDING CAPACITY OF 90 PERCENT MINIMUM.CONTACT.

APPLICATION

PROFESSIONAL CERTIFICATION I HEREBY CERTIFY THAT THESE DOCUMENTS WERE PREPARED OR APPROVED BY ME. AND THAT I AM A DULY LICENSED PROFESSIONAL ENGINEER UNDER THE LAWS OF THE STATE OF MARYLAND.LICENSE ND. XXXXX, EXPIRATION DATE: XX/XX/XXXX.

- A. APPLY MULCH TO ALL SEEDED AREAS IMMEDIATELY AFTER SEEDING.
- B. WHEN STRAW MULCH IS USED. SPREAD IT OVER ALL SEEDED AREAS AT THE RATE OF 2 TONS PER ACRE TO A UNIFORM LOOSE DEPTH OF 1 TO 2 INCHES. APPLY MULCH TO ACHIEVE A UNIFORM DISTRIBUTION AND DEPTH SO THAT THE SOIL SURFACE IS NOT EXPOSED. WHEN USING A MULCH ANCHORING TOOL. INCREASE THE APPLICATION RATE TO 2.5 TONS PER ACRE.
- C. WOOD CELLULOSE FIBER USED AS MULCH MUST BE APPLIED AT A NET DRY WEIGHT OF 1500 POUNDS PER ACRE. MIX THE WOOD CELLULOSE FIBER WITH WATER TO ATTAIN A MIXTURE WITH A MAXIMUM OF 50 POUNDS OF WOOD CELLULOSE FIBER PER 100 GALLONS OF WATER.

3. ANCHORING

- A. PERFORM MULCH ANCHORING IMMEDIATELY FOLLOWING APPLICATION OF MULCH TO MINIMIZE LOSS BY WIND OR WATER. THIS MAY BE DONE BY ONE OF THE FOLLOWING METHODS (LISTED BY PREFERENCE), DEPENDING UPON THE SIZE OF THE AREA AND EROSION HAZARD:
 - 1. A MULCH ANCHORING TOOL IS A TRACTOR DRAWN IMPLEMENT DESIGNED TO PUNCH AND ANCHOR MULCH INTO THE SOIL SURFACE A MINIMUM OF 2 INCHES. THIS PRACTICE IS MOST EFFECTIVE ON LARGE AREAS. BUT IS LIMITED TO FLATTER SLOPES WHERE EQUIPMENT CAN OPERATE SAFELY. IF USED ON SLOPING LAND. THIS PRACTICE SHOULD FOLLOW THE CONTOUR.
 - 11. WOOD CELLULOSE FIBER MAY BE USED FOR ANCHORING STRAW. APPLY THE FIBER BINDER AT A NET DRY WEICHT OF 750 POUNDS PER ACRE. MIX THE WOOD CELLULOSE FIBER WITH WATER AT A MAXIMUM OF 50 POUNDS OF WOOD CELLULOSE FIBER PER 100 GALLONS OF WATER. III.SYNTHETIC BINDERS SUCH AS ACRYLIC DLR (AGRO-TACK), DCA-70, PETROSET, TERRA TAX II, TERRA TACK AR OR OTHER APPROVED EQUAL MAY BE USED, FOLLOW APPLICATION RATES AS SPECIFIED
 - BY THE MANUFACTURER. APPLICATION OF LIQUID BINDERS NEEDS TO BE HEAVIER AT THE EDGES WHERE WIND CATCHES MULCH, SUCH AS IN VALLEYS AND ON CRESTS OF BANKS, USE OF ASPHALT BINDERS IS STRICTLY PROHIBITED.
 - IV. LIGHTWEIGHT PLASTIC NETTING MAY BE STAPLED OVER THE MULCH ACCORDING TO MANUFACTURER RECOMMENDATIONS. NETTING IS USUALLY AVAILABLE IN ROLLS 4 TO 15 FEET WIDE AND 300 TO 3,000 FEET LONG.

DEDMANIENT SEEDING SLIMMADY

			L	1 OLLDIN	G SOMMAN			
HARDINESS ZONE (FROM FIGURE B.3): 61 SEED MIXTURE (FROM TABLE B.3)				FERTILIZER RATE (10-20-20)			LIME RATE	
NO.	SPECIES	APPLICATION RATE (LB/AC)	SEEDING DATES	SEEDING DEPTHS	N	P205	K20	LIME RATE
ı	SWITCH GRASS CREEPING RED FESCUE PATRIDGE PEA	10 15 4	2/15 - 5/31		45			0.7000.00
8	TALL FESCUE (85%),	100	2/I5 - 4/30 8/I5 - II/30	1/4" - 1/2"	45 LB/AC (I.O LB/IOOO SF)	90 LB/AC (2 LB/1000 SF)	90 LB/AC (2 LB/1000 SF)	2 TONS/AC (90 LB/1000 SF)
9	TALL FESCUE KENTUCKY BLUEGRASS PERENNIAL RYEGRASS	60 40 20	2/I5 - 4/30 8/I5 - II/30					

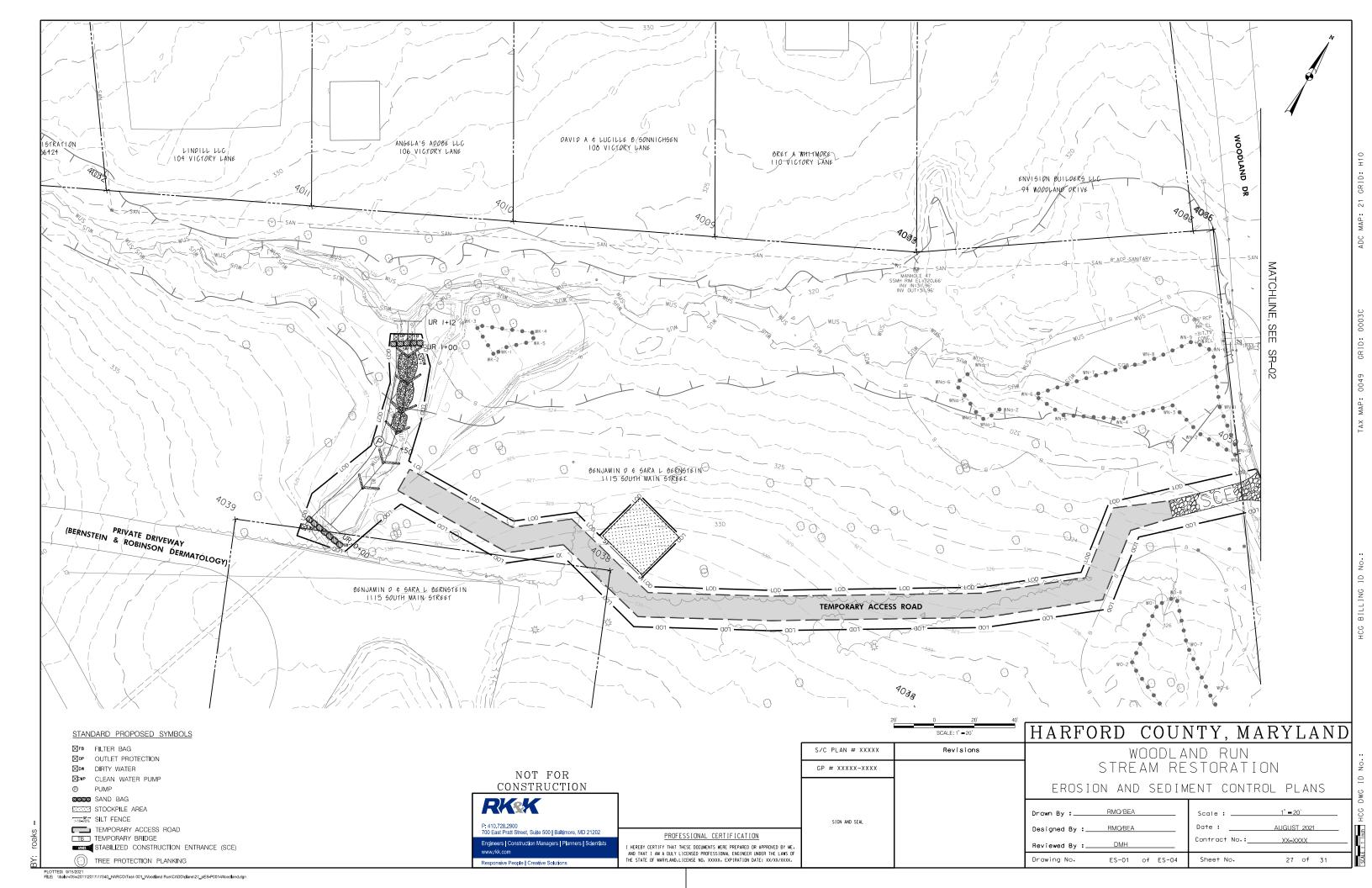
	S/C PLAN # XXXXX	Revisions	WOODLAND RUN			
	GP # XXXXX-XXXX		stream re	STORATION		
			EROSION AND SEDIMENT CONTROL NOTES			
	SIGN AND SEAL		Drawn By : RMO/BEA	Scale: NOT TO SCALE		
			Designed By: RMOBEA Reviewed By: DMH	Date :		
:			Drawing No. EN-02 of EN-02	Sheet No. 26 of 31		

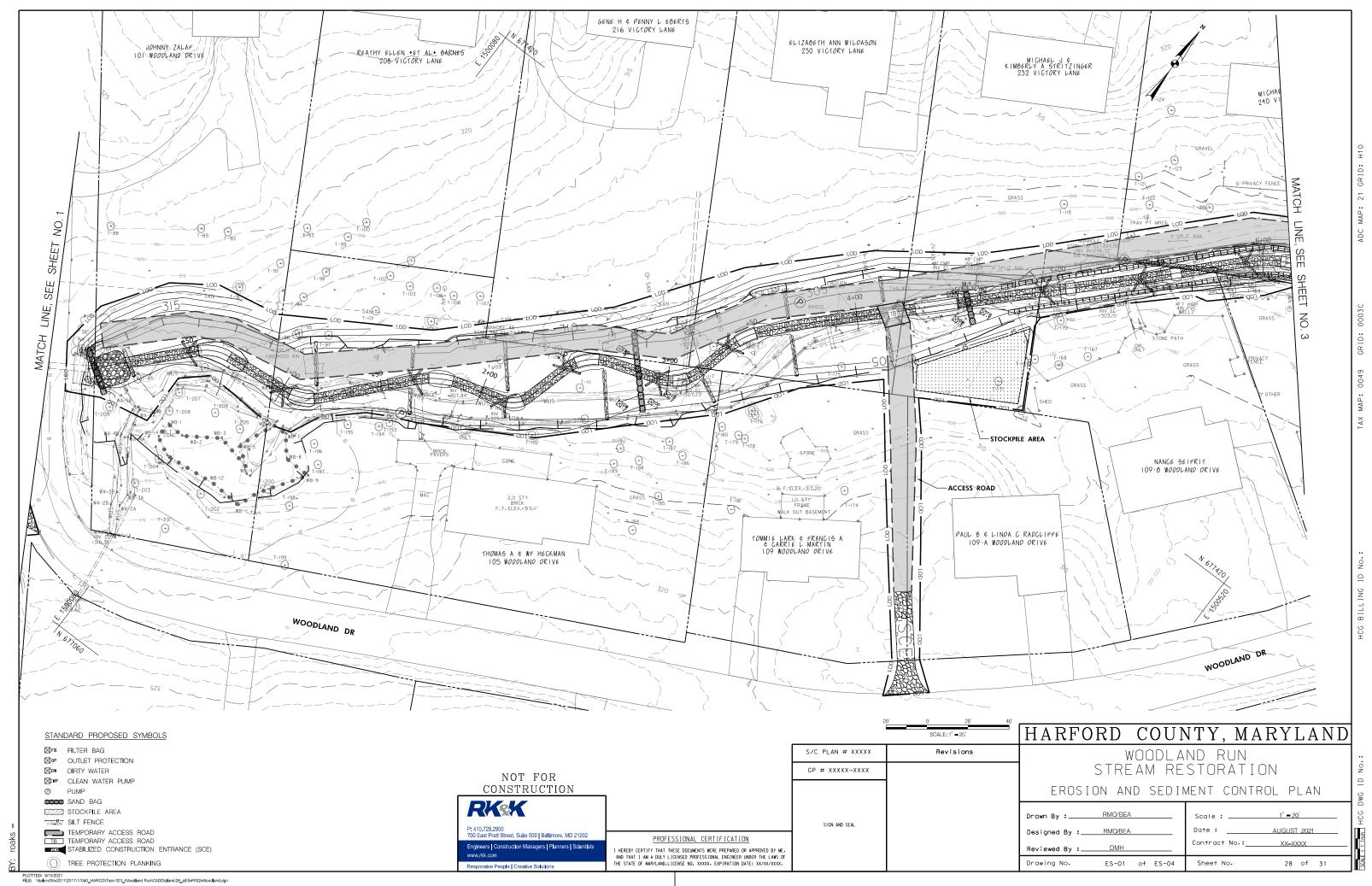
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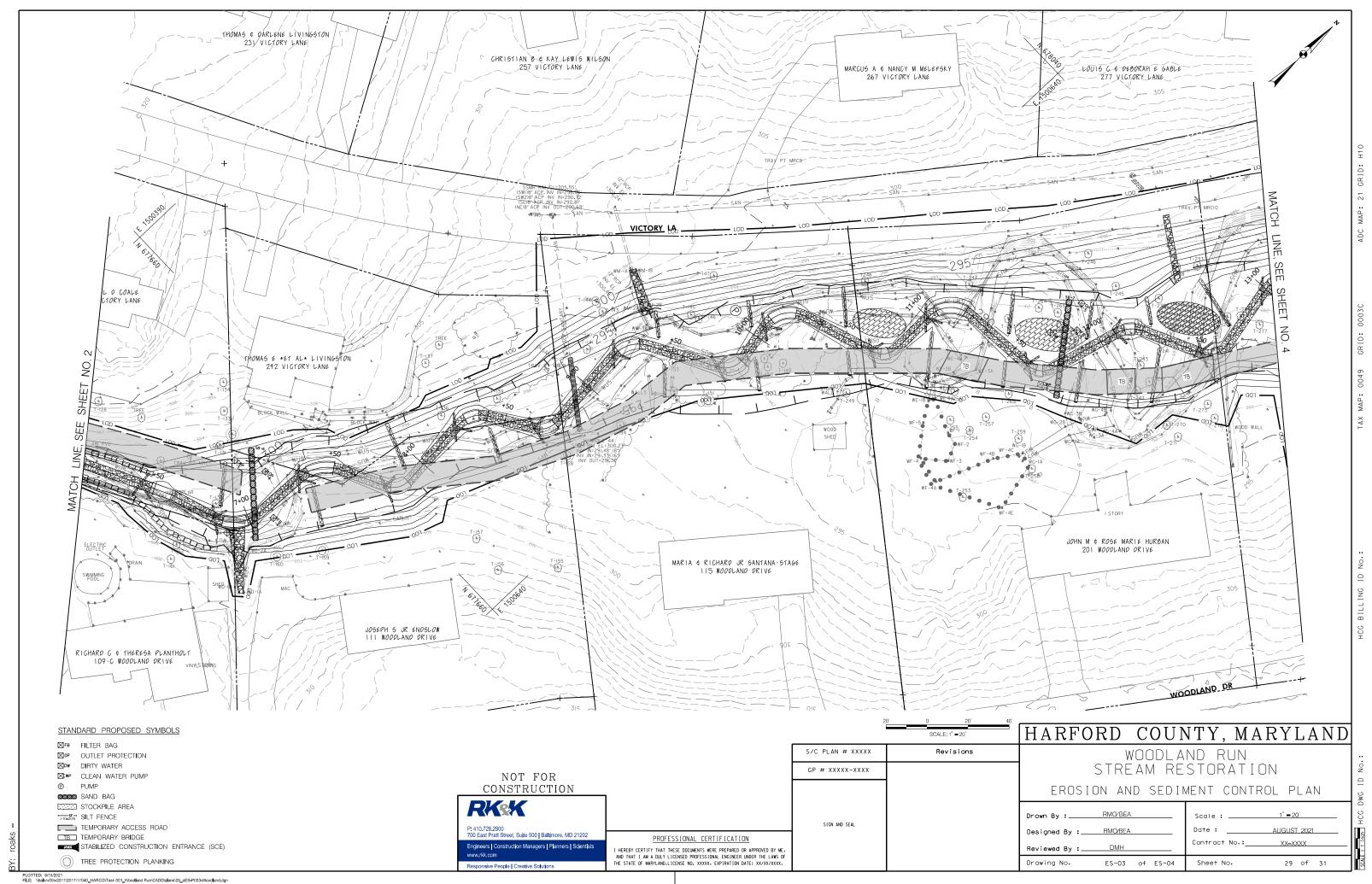
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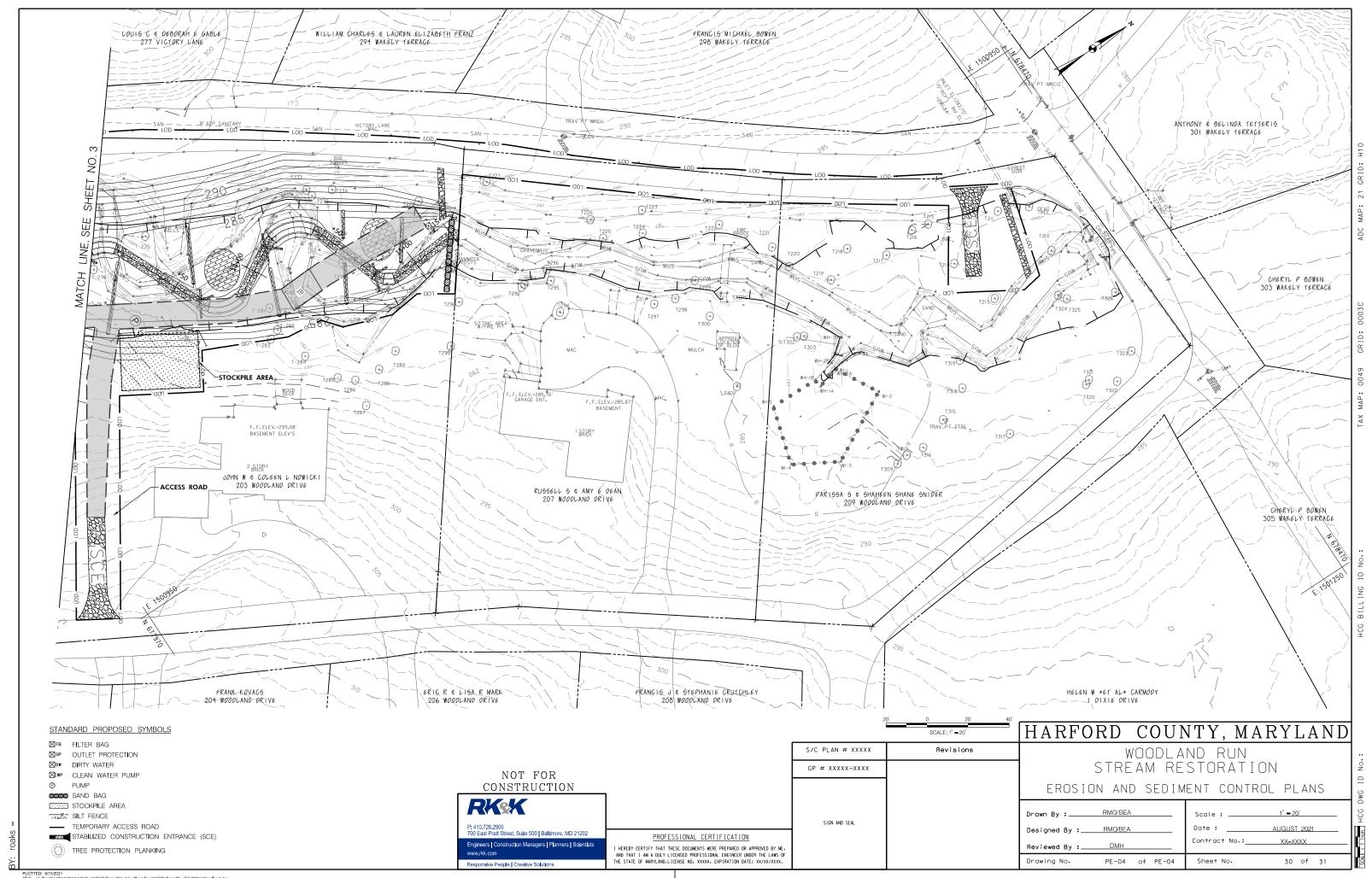
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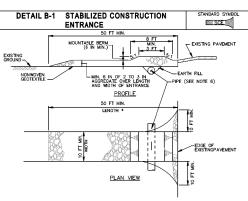








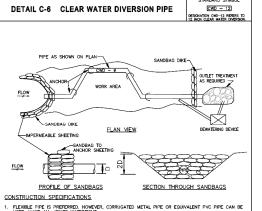
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CONSTRUCTION SPECIFICATIONS

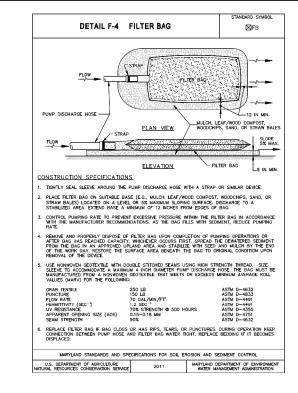
- PLACE STABILIZED CONSTRUCTION ENTRANCE IN ACCORDANCE WITH THE APPROVED PLAN. VEHICLES MUST TRAVEL OVER THE ENTIRE LENGTH OF THE SCE. USE MINIMUM LENGTH OF 50 FEET (*30 FEET FOR SINGLE RESIDENCE LOT). USE MINIMUM WIDTH OF 10 FEET. FLARE SCE 10 FEET MINIMUM AT TI EXISTING ROAD TO PROVIDE A TURNIOR RADUS.
- PREPARE SUBGRADE AND PLACE NONWOVEN GEOTEXTILE, AS SPECIFIED IN SECTION H-1 MATERIALS
- PLACE CRUSHED AGGREGATE (2 TO 3 INCHES IN SIZE) OR EQUIVALENT RECYCLED CONCRETE (WITHOU REBAR) AT LEAST 6 INCHES DEEP OVER THE LENGTH AND WIDTH OF THE SCE.
- MAINTAIN ENTRANCE IN A CONTINUE THAT MINIMEST PRACTICE OF SQUINDER, AND STUDIE OF MAIN OTHER PERMAS AS CONDITIONS SUBMANT TO MAINTAIN LEAN SUBFACE, MONTAINE ERRIC MAINTAIN ERRIC MAINTAINE MAINTAINE

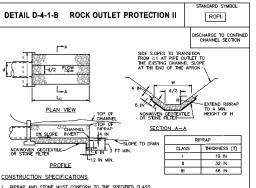
MARYLAND STANDARDS AND SPECIFICATIONS FOR SOIL EROSION AND SEDIMENT CONTROL U.S. DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE 2011 MARYLAND DEPARTMENT OF ENVIRONMENT NATURAL RESOURCES CONSERVATION SERVICE 2011 WATER MANAGEMENT ADMINISTRATION



- FLEXIBLE PIPE IS PREFERRED. HOWEVER, CORRUGATED METAL PIPE OR EQUIVALENT PVC PIPE CAN BE USED. MAKE ALL JOINTS WATERTIGHT.
- FOR SANDBAGS USE MATERIALS THAT ARE RESISTANT TO ULTRA-VIOLENT RADIATION, TEARING, AND PUNCTURE AND WOVEN TIGHTLY ENOUGH TO PREVENT LEAKAGE OF FILL MATERIAL.
- USE 10 MIL OR THICKER, UV RESISTANT, IMPERMEABLE SHEETING OR OTHER APPROVED MATERIAL THAT IS IMPERMEABLE AND RESISTANT TO PUNTURING AND TEARING.
- PLACE IMPERMEABLE SHEETING SUCH THAT UPGRADE PORTION OVERLAPS DOWNGRADE PORTION BY A MINIMUM OF 18 INCHES.
- SET HEIGHT OF SANDBAG DIKE AT TWICE THE PIPE DIAMETER. MAINTAIN HEIGHT ALONG LENGTH OF SANDBAG DIKE. PLACE DOUBLE ROW OF SANDBAGS.
- AT A MINIMUM, SECURELY ANCHOR DIVERSION PIPE AT EACH DOWNGRADE JOINT
- SET OUTLET END OF DIVERSION PIPE LOWER THAN INLET END.
- DEWATER WORK AREA USING AN APPROVED EROSION AND SEDIMENT CONTROL PRACTICE AS SPECIFIED ON APPROVED PLAN.
- , keep point of discharge free of Eroson, maintain water tight connections and positive drainage, replace sandbags and impermeable sheeting if torn.

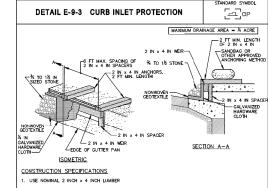
MARYLAND STANDARDS AND SPECIFICATIONS FOR SOIL EROSION AND SEDIMENT CONTROL U.S. DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE
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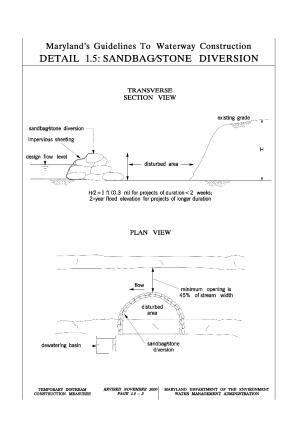
- EXTEND GEOTEXTILE AT LEAST 6 INCHES BEYOND EDGES OF RIPRAP AND EMBED AT LEAST 4 INCHES AT SIDES OF RIPRAP.
- CONSTRUCT RIPRAP OUTLET TO FULL COURSE THICKNESS IN DIE OPERATION AND IN SUCH A MANNE AS TO AVOID DISPLACEMENT OF UNDERLYING MATERIALS, PLACE STONE FOR RIPRAP OUTLET IN A MANNER THAT MLL ENSURE, THAT IT IS REASONALY HOMOCODOUS WITH THE SMALEUE STONES AND SPALLS RILLING THE VOIDS EITHEN THE LARGER STONES, PUEZ RIPRAP IN A MANNER TO PREVENT DAMAGE TO THE STONE FILTER BLANKET OR CODTRIBLE. HAND FLACE TO THE EXTENT HERESSARY.
- WHERE NO ENDWALL IS USED, CONSTRUCT THE UPSTREAM END OF THE APRON SO THAT THE WIDTH IS TWO THES THE CHAMETER OF THE OUTLET PIPE, AND EXTEND THE STONE UNDER THE OUTLET BY A MINIMUM OF 18 INCHES.
- CONSTRUCT APRON WITH 0% SLOPE ALONG ITS LENGTH AND WITHOUT OBSTRUCTIONS. PLACE STONE SO THAT IT BLENDS IN WITH EXISTING GROUND.
- MAINTAIN LINE, GRADE, AND CROSS SECTION. KEEP OUTLET FRIE OF EROSION. REMOVE ACCUMULATED SEDIMENT AND DEBRIS. AFTER HIGH FLOWS INSPECT FOR SCOUR AND DISLODGED RIPRAP, MAKE NECESSARY REPAIRS IMMEDIATELY.

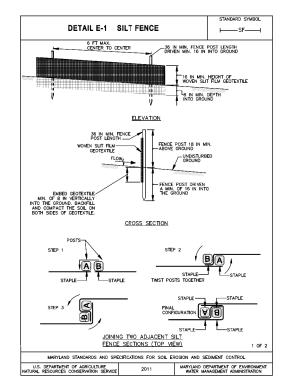


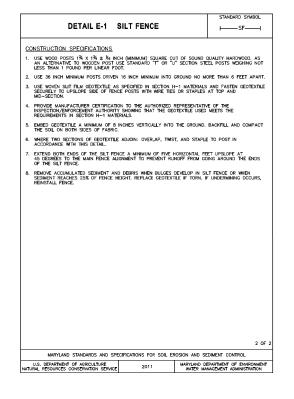


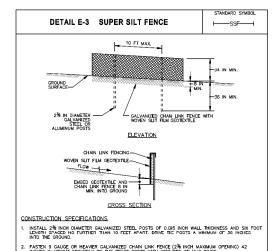
- USE NONWOVEN GEOTEXTILE AS SPECIFIED IN SECTION H=1 MATERIALS
- . NAIL THE 2x4 WEIR TO 9 INCH LONG VERTICAL SPACERS (MAXIMUM 6 FEET APART).
- ATTACH A CONTINUOUS PIECE OF X INCH GALVANIZED HARDWARE CLOTH, WITH A MINIMUM MIDTH OF 30 INCHES AND A MINIMUM LENGTH OF 4 FEET LONGER THAN THE THROAT OPENING, TO THE 2x4 WEIR. EXTENDING IT 2 FEET REYOND THROAT ON EACH SIDE.
- PLACE A CONTINUOUS PIECE OF NONWOVEN GEOTEXTILE OF THE SAME CIMENSIONS AS THE HARDWAR CLOTH OVER THE HARDWARE CLOTH AND SECURELY ATTACH TO THE 2x4 WEIR.
- PLACE THE ASSEMBLY AGAINST THE INLET THROAT AND NAIL TO 2x4 ANCHORS (MINIMUM 2 FEET LENGTH). EXTEND THE ANCHORS ACROSS THE INLET TOP AND HOLD IN PLACE BY SANDBAGS OR OTHER APPROVED ANCHORING METHOD.

MARYLAND STANDARDS AND SPECIFICATIONS FOR SOIL EROSION AND SEDIMENT CONTROL U.S. DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE
NATURAL RESOURCES CONSERVATION SERVICE 2011 MARYLAND DEPARTMENT OF ENVIRONMENT WATER MANAGEMENT ADMINISTRATION



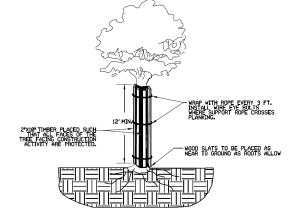






- . FASTEN 9 GAUGE OR HEAVIER CALVANIZED CHAIN LINK FENCE (2% INCH MAXIMUM OPENING) 42 INCHES IN HEIGHT SECURELY TO THE FENCE POSTS WITH WIRE TIES OR HUG RINGS.
- WHERE ENDS OF THE GEOTEXTILE COME TOGETHER, THE ENDS SHALL BE OVERLAPPED BY 6 INCHES, FOLDED, AND STAPLED TO PREVENT SEDIMENT BY PASS.
- EXTEND BOTH ENDS OF THE SUPER SILT FENCE A MINIMUM OF FIVE HORIZONTAL FEET UPSLOPE AT 45 DEGREES TO THE MAIN FENCE ALIGNMENT TO PREVENT RUNOFF FROM GOING AROUND THE ENDS OF THE SUPER SILT FENCE.
- PROVIDE MANUFACTURER CERTIFICATION TO THE INSPECTION/ENFORCEMENT AUTHORITY SHOWING THAT GEOTEXTILE USED MEETS THE REQUIREMENTS IN SECTION H-1 MATERIALS.
- REMOVE ACCUMULATED SEDIMENT AND DEBRIS WHEN BULGES REVELOP IN FENCE OR WHEN SEDIMENT REACHES 25% OF FENCE HEIGHT. REPLACE GEOTEXTILE IF TORN, IF UNDERMINING OCCURS, REINSTALL CHAIN LINK FENCING AND GEOTEXTILE.

U.S. DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE 2011 MARYLAND DEPARTMENT OF ENVIRONMEN NATURAL RESOURCES CONSERVATION SERVICE 2011





HARFORD COUNTY, MARYLAND



PROFESSIONAL CERTIFICATION

I HEREBY CERTIFY THAT THESE DOCUMENTS WERE PREPARED OR APPROVED BY ME. AND THAT I AM A DULY LICENSED PROFESSIONAL ENGINEER UNDER THE LAWS OF THE STATE OF MARYLAND.LICENSE NO. XXXXX, EXPIRATION DATE: XX/XX/XXXX.

S/C PLAN # XXXXX	Revisions	WOODLAND RUN				
GP # XXXXX-XXXX		STREAM RESTORATION				
		EROSION AND SEDIMENT CONTROL DETAILS				
		Drawn By:	RMO/BEA	Scale :	NOT TO SCALE	
SIGN AND SEAL		Designed By :	RMO⁄BEA		AUGUST 2021	
		Reviewed By :	DMH	Contract No.:	XX=XXXX	
		Drawing No.	DE-01 of DE-01	Sheet No.	31 of 31	

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